

Google Search Appliance Connectors

Deploying the Connector for File Systems

Google Search Appliance Connector for File Systems software version 4.0.3

Google Search Appliance software version 7.2

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About this Guide

This guide is intended for anyone who needs to deploy the Google Search Appliance Connector 4.0.3 for File Systems. The guide assumes that you are familiar with Windows operating systems, file systems, and configuring the Google Search Appliance by using the Admin Console.

See the [Google Search Appliance Connectors Administration Guide 4.0.3](#) for general information about the connectors, including:

- What's new in Connectors 4.0?
- General information about the connectors, including the configuration properties file, supported ACL features, and other topics
- Connector security
- Connector logs
- Connector Dashboard
- Connector troubleshooting

For information about using the Admin Console, see the [Google Search Appliance Help Center](#).

For information about previous versions of connectors, see the [Connector documentation page](#) in the [Google Search Appliance Help Center](#).

Overview of the GSA Connector for File Systems

The Connector for File Systems enables the Google Search Appliance to crawl and index content from Windows shares. A single connector instance can support a single Windows share. The share can be a UNC path or a mapped drive. DFS links are fully supported by the connector.

The Connector For File Systems submits URLs identifying files in the file system repository to the GSA. These URLs point back to the connector, which services HTTP GET requests from the GSA crawler.

The Connector For File Systems uses a graph traversal strategy, submitting a single URL representing the root of the file system to the GSA in a metadata-and-url feed, then returning URLs for all descendants of the root via crawl requests from the GSA.

The following process provides an overview of how the search appliance gets content from the repository through the Connector for File Systems.

1. The Connector For File Systems generates a DocId identifying the root of the file system to traverse.
2. The connector constructs a URL from the DocId and pushes it and the Access Control List (ACL) of the file share to the search appliance in a metadata-and-URL feed. Take note that this feed does not include the document contents.
3. The search appliance gets the URL to crawl from the feed.
4. The search appliance crawls the repository according to its own crawl schedule, as specified in the GSA Admin Console. It crawls the content by sending GET requests for content to the connector. If the content is in HTML format, the search appliance follows links within the page.
5. The connector receives a crawl request from the GSA. If the requested DocId is a regular file, the connector returns that file's contents to the GSA. It also includes the file's ACL and some basic metadata in the response. If the requested DocId is for a directory, the connector generates DocIds for each file and folder contained within that directory. The connector then constructs an HTML document consisting of links to URLs constructed from those DocIds. The connector returns the generated HTML as the content and the directory's ACL as metadata.

In addition to the directed graph traversal described above, the Connector For File Systems registers a file system change notification handler. This handler receives notifications when files or folders are added, removed, moved, modified, or have changes in metadata (including ACLs). The connector generates DocIds for the changed files and folders, constructs URLs from those DocIds, and sends them to the GSA in a metadata-and-URL feed.

Automatic updates every 15 minutes

The connector starts monitoring for changes immediately, according to the value set in the connector configuration option `adaptor.incrementalPollPeriodSecs`. The connector feeds modified files and folders at the same time it is doing the top-down traversal. The modifications can be renamed content, content that has its attributes changed or had its security permissions (ACLs) changed.

The default interval value for automatic updates is 15 minutes, but you can configure it to suit your needs. For more information, see “Common configuration options” in the [Administration Guide](#).

Supported operating systems for the connector

The Connector for File Systems must be installed on one of the following supported Windows operating systems:

- Windows Server 2012
- Windows Server 2008 R2
- Windows Server 2003

The Connector for File Systems does not run on Linux.

Supported file system protocols

The following table lists file system protocols used to communicate with file shares and indicates if the connector supports them.

File System Protocol	Communicating with Shares on Operating System	Supported ?
Server Message Block (SMB) 1	Windows Server 2012 Windows Server 2008 R2 Windows Server 2003	Yes
SMB 2	Windows Server 2012 Windows Server 2008 R2	Yes
Distributed File System (DFS)	Windows Server 2012 Windows Server 2008 R2 Windows Server 2003	Yes (see " Distributed File Systems limitations ")
Local Windows file system	Windows Server 2012 Windows Server 2008 R2 Windows Server 2003	No
Sun Network File System (NFS) 2.0		No
Sun Network File System (NFS) 3.0		No
Local Linux file system		No

Known limitations

File System limitation

This release of the file system connector does not support mapped drives and local drives.

Distributed File System limitations

- A mapped drive to a UNC DFS does not work correctly. Some ACLs will not be read correctly.
- Configuring the root of the adaptor to a DFS namespace is not supported. Configuring the root to a DFS link is supported.

Before you deploy the Connector for File Systems

Before you deploy the Connector for File Systems, ensure that your environment has all of the following required components:

- GSA software version 7.2.0.G.90 or higher
To download GSA software, visit the [Google for Work Support Portal](#) (password required).
- Java JRE 1.7 update 6 or higher installed on computer that runs the connector
- Connector for File Systems 4.0.3 JAR executable
For information about finding the JAR executable, see [Step 2 Install the Connector for File Systems](#).
- Ensure that the Windows account has sufficient permissions, as described in the following section.
- When sharing a folder from a Windows platform, permission must be given at the share ACL and the NTFS ACL of the folder. Both ACLs need to give the connector appropriate access. Both ACLs are also read by the connector.

Windows account permissions

The Windows account that the connector is running under must have sufficient permissions to perform the following actions:

- List the content of folders
- Read the content of documents
- Read attributes of files and folders
- Read permissions (ACLs) for both files and folders
- Write basic attributes permissions

The connector attempts to restore the last access date for documents after it reads the document content during a crawl. In order for the last access date to be restored back to the original value before the content was read, the user account that the connector is running under needs to have write permission. If the account has read-only permission and not write permission for documents, then the last access date for documents will change as the connector reads document content during a crawl.

Membership in one of the following groups grants a Windows account the sufficient permissions needed by the connector:

- Administrators
- Power Users
- Print Operators
- Server Operators

Note: It is not sufficient for the user to be a member of one of these groups at the domain level. The user must be a member of one of these groups on the local machine that exports the Windows share.

Deploy the Connector for File Systems

Because the Connector for File Systems is installed on a separate host, you must establish a relationship between the connector and the search appliance.

To deploy the Connector for File Systems, perform the following tasks:

1. [Specify the IP address of the host computer](#)
2. [Install the Connector for File Systems](#)
3. Optionally, [configure adaptor-config.properties variables](#)
4. [Run the Connector for File Systems](#)

Step 1 Specify the IP address of the host computer

For the search appliance to work with the Connector for File Systems, the search appliance needs to be able to accept feeds from the connector. To set up this capability, add the IP address of the computer that hosts the connector to the list of Trusted IP addresses:

1. In the search appliance Admin Console, click **Content Sources > Feeds**.
2. Under **List of Trusted IP Addresses**, select **Only trust feeds from these IP addresses**.
3. Add the IP address for the connector to the list.
4. Click **Save**.

Step 2 Install the Connector for File Systems

This section describes the installation process for the Google Search Appliance Connector for File Systems on the connector host computer. This connector version does not support installing the connector on the Google Search Appliance.

You can install the Connector for File Systems on a host running one of the [supported Windows operating systems](#).

To install the Connector for File Systems:

1. Log in to the computer that will host the connector by using an account with sufficient privileges to install the software.
2. Start a web browser.

3. Visit the connector 4.0.3 software downloads page at <http://googlegsa.github.io/adaptor/index.html>.
4. Download the `exe` file by clicking on Microsoft Windows Shares in the Windows Installer table.
You are prompted to save the single binary file, `fs-install-4.0.3.exe`.
5. Save the file to the host.
6. Start installing the file by double clicking `fs-install-4.0.3`.
7. On the **Introduction** page, click **Next**.
8. On the **GSA Hostname** page, enter the hostname or IP address of the GSA that will use the connector and click **Next**.
9. On the **Choose Install Folder** page, accept the default folder or navigate to the location where you want to install the connector files.
10. Click **Next**.
11. On the **Shortcut Folder**, accept the default folder or select the locations where you want to create product icons.
12. To create icons for all users of the Windows machine where you are installing the connector, check **Create Icons for All Users** and click **Next**.
13. On the **Pre-Installation Summary** page, review the information and click **Install**.
The connector Installation process runs.
14. On the **Install Complete** page, click **Done**.
15. In the folder where you installed the connector, edit `adaptor-config.properties` by providing the following configuration (replacing bolded items with your real configuration) within the file:

```
gsa.hostname=yourgsa.example.com Or IP address  
filesystemadaptor.src=\\\\host\\share
```

Notes: Backslashes are entered as double backslashes. To represent a single '`\`' you need to enter '`\\`'.

If you are indexing a folder on DFS, DFS links can be given as `filesystemadaptor.src: \\\host\\dfsnamespace\\link`

See [Step 3](#) for optional variables that you can also configure for the connector.

16. To enable the search appliance to crawl the repository's content, add the URL provided by the connector to the search appliance's crawl configuration follow patterns:
 - a. In the search appliance Admin Console, click **Content Sources > Web Crawl > Start and Block URLs**.
 - b. Under **Follow Patterns**, add the URL that contains the hostname of the machine that hosts the connector and the port where the connector runs. For example, you might enter `http://connector.example.com:5678/doc/` where `connector.example.com` is the hostname of the machine that hosts the connector.
By default the connector runs on port 5678.
 - c. Click **Save**.
17. In the folder where you installed the connector, review, and if needed, edit `logging.properties`.
For more information, See "Configure Connector Logs" in the [Administration Guide](#).
18. In the same folder, run the `run.bat` file.

Step 3 Configure `adaptor-config.properties` variables

Optionally, you can edit or add additional configuration variables to the `adaptor-config.properties` file. The following table lists the most important variables that pertain to the Connector for File Systems, as well as their default values. See also "Common configuration options" in the [Administration Guide](#).

Variable	Description	Default
<code>server.port</code>	Port from which documents are served. GSA crawls this port. Each instance of a Connector on same machine requires a unique port.	5678
<code>server.dashboardPort</code>	Port on which to view web page showing information and diagnostics.	5679

<code>adaptor.incrementalPollPeriodSecs</code>	Time between incremental crawls.	300 seconds
<code>adaptor.namespace</code>	Namespace used for ACLs sent to GSA	Default
<code>filesystemadaptor.supportedAccounts</code>	Accounts that are in the supportedAccounts will be included in ACLs regardless if they are builtin or not.	BUILTIN\\Administrators,\\Everyone,BUILTIN\\Users,BUILTIN\\Guest,NT AUTHORITY\\INTERACTIVE,NT AUTHORITY\\Authenticated Users
<code>filesystemadaptor.builtinGroupPrefix</code>	Builtin accounts are excluded from the ACLs that are pushed to the GSA. An account that starts with this prefix is considered a builtin account and will be excluded from the ACLs.	BUILTIN\\
<code>filesystemadaptor.crawlHiddenFiles</code>	This boolean configuration property allows or disallows indexing of hidden files and folders. The definition of hidden files and folders is platform dependent. On Windows file systems, a file or folder is considered hidden if the DOS hidden attribute is set. By default, hidden files are not indexed and the contents of hidden folders are not indexed. Setting <code>filesystemadaptor.crawlHiddenFiles</code> to true will allow	false

	hidden files and folders to be crawled by the search appliance.	
<code>filesystemadaptor. lastAccessedDate</code>	<p>Disables crawling of files whose time of last access is earlier than a specific date. The cut-off date is specified in ISO8601 date format, YYYY-MM-DD.</p> <p>Setting <code>filesystemadaptor.lastAccessedDate</code> to 2010-01-01 would only crawl content that has been accessed since the beginning of 2010. Only one of <code>filesystemadaptor.lastAccessedDate</code> or <code>filesystemadaptor.lastAccessedDays</code> may be specified.</p>	disabled
<code>filesystemadaptor. lastAccessedDays</code>	<p>Disables crawling of files that have not been accessed within the specified number of days. Unlike the absolute cut-off date used by <code>filesystemadaptor.lastAccessedDate</code>, this property can be used to expire previously indexed content if it has not been accessed in a while.</p> <p>The expiration window is specified as a positive integer for number of days.</p>	disabled

	<p>Setting <code>filesystemadaptor.lastAccessedDays</code> to 365 would only crawl content that has been accessed in the last year.</p> <p>Only one of <code>filesystemadaptor.lastAccessedDate</code> or <code>filesystemadaptor.lastAccessedDays</code> may be specified.</p>	
<code>filesystemadaptor.lastModifiedDate</code>	<p>Disables crawling of files whose time of last access is earlier than a specific date. The cut-off date is specified in ISO8601 date format, YYYY-MM-DD.</p> <p>Setting <code>filesystemadaptor.lastModifiedDate</code> to 2010-01-01 would only crawl content that has been modified since the beginning of 2010.</p> <p>Only one of <code>filesystemadaptor.lastModifiedDate</code> or <code>filesystemadaptor.lastModifiedDays</code> may be specified.</p>	disabled
<code>filesystemadaptor.lastModifiedDays</code>	<p>Disables crawling of files that have not been modified within the specified number of days. Unlike the absolute cut-off date used by <code>filesystemadaptor.lastModifiedDate</code>, this</p>	disabled

	<p>property can be used to expire previously indexed content if it has not been modified in a while.</p> <p>The expiration window is specified as a positive integer for number of days.</p> <p>Setting <code>filesystemadaptor.lastModifiedDays</code> to 365 would only crawl content that has been modified in the last year.</p> <p>Only one of <code>filesystemadaptor.lastModifiedDate</code> or <code>filesystemadaptor.lastModifiedDays</code> may be specified.</p>	
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Step 4 Run the Connector for File Systems

After you install the Connector for File Systems, you can run it on the host machine by using a command like the following example:

```
java -Djava.util.logging.config.file=logging.properties -jar adaptor-
fs-4.0.3-withlib.jar
```

Verify that the connector has started and is running by navigating to the Connector Dashboard at `http://<CONNECTOR_HOST>:<nnnn>/dashboard` or `https://<CONNECTOR_HOST>:<nnnn>/dashboard`

where `<nnnn>` is the number you specified as the value for the `server.dashboardPort` in the configuration file.

To run the connector as a service, use the Windows service management tool or run the `prunsvr` command, as described in “Run a connector as a service on Windows” in the [Administration Guide](#).

Note: By default the Connector for File Systems service runs using the Windows Local System account. This should be fine in most cases but this can cause issues if access to documents is restricted through ACLs. In cases where the Connector for File Systems service is not able to crawl documents due to ACL restrictions, you would need to specify a user for the Connector for File Systems service through the Windows Service Control Manager that has sufficient access to crawl the documents.

Uninstall the Google Search Appliance Connector for File Systems

To uninstall the Connector for File Systems:

1. Click the **Change GSA_FS_Adaptor Installation** icon on your desktop.
The **Uninstall GSA_FS_Adaptor** page appears.
2. Click **Next**.
Files are uninstalled.
3. Click **Done**.

Troubleshoot the Connector for File Systems

For information about troubleshooting the Connector for File Systems, see “Troubleshoot Connectors,” in the [Administration Guide](#).