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Victoria Daily Times.

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VOL. 39.

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1904.

NO. 80.

Solid Silver Thimbles
PRETTY DESIGNS, WELL MADE AND HEAVY WEIGHT
25c, 50c and 75c

The Celebrated **Dorcas Thimble**
STEEL LINED NO DANGER OF THE NEEDLE EVER GOING THROUGH.
\$1.00 Each.

Challoner & Mitchell



HUDSON'S BAY CO.
DISTRIBUTING AGENTS.

SATURDAY'S BARGAINS!

Heaton's English Pickles. . . 15c. pint box
Newball & Mason's English Sauce. 10c a bottle

Dixie H. Ross & Co.,

The Independent Cash Grocers.

"Melrose" Bath Tub Enamel.

TWO SIZES: 35c. AND 65c.

The Melrose Co., Ltd., 78 Fort Street.

NEW HAY

Just Received shipment Fine Hay. Timothy and Clover Mixed.
SYLVESTER FEED CO., 87-89 Yates St. Tel. 413.

CHOKED AT DINNER.

(Associated Press.)
New York, Aug. 6.—Sitting at dinner with scores of others in the City hospital on Blackwell's Island, Leopold Barman was strangled to death in his chair without making a sign, says the Press. He was killed by a piece of beef that lodged in his throat and choked him, but because he was paralyzed he could do nothing to call the attention of those about him to his plight. He could not speak because the beef choked utterance; he could not stir a muscle. The patients all about him were busy eating and none noticed that a comrade was dying until Barman's inert body fell from the chair to the floor. It was too

late for aid, then, for life was gone. The house surgeon discovered the cause of death when he examined the body.

CONDEMNED TO DEATH.

Sentenced Passed By Military Tribunal on Forty Persons Exiled From Hayti.

Port au Prince, Aug. 5.—The stores were reopened to-day under the protection of police, and without any unusual incidents. The military tribunal has condemned to death, by default, 40 exiled persons accused of complicity in an attempted revolution headed by Gen. Montplaisir, which failed in January last.

RUMORED CAPTURE OF PORT ARTHUR

The Report Comes From Nagasaki--Kouro-patkin Not Likely to Give Battle at Liao Yang.

(Associated Press.)
Nagasaki, Aug. 6.—(Noon.)—It is reported here that Port Arthur has been captured by the Japanese.

RUSSIAN ACCOUNT OF SIMOUCHENG FIGHT.

Simoucheng, Manchuria, Aug. 6.—There was heavy fighting here for two days. The Japanese commenced the attack at dawn on July 30th with a long range rifle fire on the Russian right. The Russians wasted no ammunition in replying to the fire and the Japanese brought a mountain battery to their support. They then moved forward into a better range, the infantry racing across the Russian zone of fire to secure a post nearer to the ridge on the Russian right. Many fell during the advance but the remainder gallantly moved on and got the cover of the ridge. The battery followed, galloping forward recklessly as well as the nature of the ground permitted. There was no fault to find with their shooting from the new position, from which they continued their shell and rifle fire, compelling the latter to fall back 150 yards to better cover.

A battery coming to the support of the Russians turned the tide of battle and silenced the Japanese guns, four of which were dismounted.

The Japanese then retired from their positions and with the remainder of the forces attacked other points of the Russian lines, creeping up through the Russian fields to within 400 yards of the Russian trenches.

The Japanese lost heavily. The Russians, however, did not suffer except from the extreme heat.

Towards evening the Russians tapped the Japanese heliograph communication and found that the Japanese were preparing for a flank movement. Lt. Gen. Zassaitch extended his flank companies and headed off the movements.

Gen. Mischenko had a hot fight on the Russian flank. His cavalry attacked the Japanese, inflicting heavy loss and retiring safely to its former position.

The battle was resumed hotly on the morning of July 31st. The Japanese tried to envelop the Russian left, but they were met by a division of a brigade posted especially in expectation of their movement, and were driven back with loss.

NOT LIKELY TO FIGHT AT LIAO YANG.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 6.—Military officers think it unlikely that Gen. Kouro-patkin is giving battle at Liao Yang, since this would involve the abandonment of the stores, totalling millions of pounds, accumulated there, and would be almost as bad as a general defeat.

KNIGHT COMMANDER A LAWFUL PRIZE.

Vladivostok, Aug. 6.—The prize court yesterday adjudged the sunken steamer Knight Commander and its cargo a lawful prize. The trial of the case and the investigation of the steamer's papers, etc., established the fact that the cargo, consisting principally of railway material, was consigned through a Japanese agent to Chemulpo, leading fairly to the inference that it was designed for use on the military railway under construction from Seoul to the Yalu.

SEVEN OFFICERS KILLED, EIGHT ARE MISSING.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 6.—112 p.m.—The army organ to-day published the names of the officers killed or wounded July 31st and August 1st, showing that seven were killed and forty wounded, including Gen. Dekelenin, commanding the thirty-first artillery brigade, in addition to eight officers missing and one officer died from sunstroke. The paper does not say this is a complete list. The officers are from thirteen infantry regiments, of which four are East Siberian regiments belonging to the late General Keller's companies, five European regiments belonging to the tenth corps, and four Siberian regiments, in all forty-eight battalions.

THE NIGHT ATTACK ON MOTIEN PASS.

Motien Pass, Manchuria, Aug. 5, via San Francisco, Aug. 6.—Night fighting in the test of soldiers, said a foreign attaché when he visited the scene of yesterday's bloody affair, "and the Japanese certainly have proved their quality this time."

Probably no incident of the war has placed the Japanese soldiers in a more trying situation than the night attack at Motien Pass, and nowhere have they gained a more complete victory against disadvantages. None of the correspondents with the army heretofore have been permitted to witness fighting at closer range than the view of the crossing of the Yalu from a safe and comfortable vantage point on the walls of Wiju. When correspondents or military attaches have attempted to get to the actual scene of

events their smattering courteous guardians always have rebuffed them with the explanation that it is very dangerous, that they are guests of the Japanese government and the government is responsible for their safety.

On this occasion, however, the correspondent of the Associated Press was able to see the conduct of the soldiers in the field and their treatment of wounded and captured enemies during the heat of fighting. Whatever reasons of military policy may render it desirable, there certainly is nothing in the actions of its soldiers that need make the Japanese government keep spectators to the rear.

CLOSING OF PORTS TO FOREIGN SHIPS.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 6.—The closing to foreign vessels, except under stringent regulations, of the ports of Kronstadt, Sveaborg, Libau, Sebastopol, Batoum and Otschakoff, is the subject of a long official announcement in the Official Messenger this morning. The regulations are apparently directed mainly towards the protection of foreign shipping. The regulations, however, are extremely rigid, and extend to the right of search, by port authorities of all vessels before permission to enter the port is granted. Vessels unwilling to comply with the regulations will be warned off the adjacent coasts.

LEFT THE HOUSE.

After Noisy Scene Many Members of Opposition Withdrew From Imperial Commons.

London, Aug. 5.—There was an extraordinary scene in the House of Commons this afternoon during the discussion in the committee stage of a bill designed to frustrate the devices of the Welsh county councils, who are endeavoring to refuse to carry out the Education Bill.

Mr. Balfour moved closure, but on division the opposition members raising a storm of uproarious protest, refused to record their votes, and the chairman of the committee met a number of members to the Speaker. After a heated discussion and renewed uproar and cries of "Shame" almost the entire opposition, led by Messrs. Asquith and Herbert Gladstone and Sir Charles Dilke, left the House as a protest against the closure. The bill was then passed in the presence of full ministerial benches, members of opposition and a few Irish members.

PREPARING FOR VISIT OF HON. R. PREFONTAINE

Minister Accepts Board of Trade Invitation to Trip Among Gdft Islands.

Yesterday a telegram was received by the board of trade from Hon. R. Prefontaine, minister of marine and fisheries, accepting an invitation to make a trip among the Gdft islands during his forthcoming visit to Victoria. This was submitted to the council this morning by Secretary Elworthy, and arrangements for the outing were discussed. It was decided that the steamer Princess Victoria, which has been chartered for the occasion, should leave the summer wharf at about 9 o'clock on Thursday morning next at 11 o'clock, returning shortly after lunch in the afternoon.

What points will be visited or what steps are being taken to expedite the minister and party during the trip will not be made known until after the vessel leaves the dock. It has been decided that the steamer will sail under "sealed orders," but, it is understood, that a number of places of exceptional interest along the coast and among the islands will be visited.

Owing to the shortness of notice, Secretary Elworthy is notifying every member of the board of trade of these arrangements by circular letter. In the communications those who wish to assist in the entertainment of the minister are requested to leave notice with the secretary on or before 9 o'clock Tuesday morning. The list will then be closed, the council having decided to limit the number attending.

This morning's meeting of the council was more than usually important. Besides discussing the trip arranged for the entertainment of Hon. Mr. Prefontaine, reports were received, and committees appointed to draft recommendations to be submitted for the consideration of that minister. These will embrace improvements to Victoria harbor, and aids to navigation in the vicinity of this port. The committee on fisheries will also suggest the appointment of a fishing inspector for Vancouver Island and a deep sea fishery survey. Other matters were dealt with, after which the meeting adjourned.

The largest window in Britain is the east window in York cathedral. It is 75 feet high and 32 wide.

BRIGHT OUTLOOK FOR THE FARMERS

THE CONDITION OF CROPS IN MANITOBA

Premier Roblin Says Seventy Million Bushels of Wheat is Conservative Estimate.

(Associated Press.)
Winnipeg, Aug. 6.—Premier Roblin on his return from the country yesterday expressed himself as delighted with the appearance of the crops. He said: "In any other year the crops look better than any other for perhaps the last ten years. The straw is good and the appearance of the heads is most promising. By the way," he continued, "I see that the estimate set by Mr. Clark, of the Chicago Grain Dealers' Journal, gives us seventy million bushels of wheat this year. I believe that is a conservative estimate. But even taking it at that, it means at the present prices, that the total value of the grain, oats, and other products raised by the farmers this year, will amount to some seventy million dollars. This is a tremendous addition to the wealth of the west. It does not mean merely that so much money will be put in circulation as it might be by doing business among ourselves here or exchanging with others the goods we already have. It is new wealth which did not exist before, created and brought forth, as it were, out of the soil."

Insane Farmer.
Winnipeg, Aug. 6.—A farmer named Lawson, who lives ten miles south of Broadview, N. W. T., has gone suddenly insane. He threatens to kill his wife and family, who are at a neighbor's place and are in danger of their lives. The son took a revolver from his father at the point of a loaded rifle, but was unable to secure the gun. Corporal Frye, of Whitehead, with a constable from Grenfell, and a posse of civilians, have gone to arrest Lawson.

Found Drowned.
Winnipeg, Aug. 6.—Mrs. Beames, of Kemptville, Ont., on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Edward Depond, at Manitoba, Man., was found yesterday by her grandson with her head and shoulders immersed in a water barrel. All efforts to resuscitate her were unavailing. Mrs. Beames complained of dizziness and is supposed to have fainted while bathing her forehead at the barrel, which was quite full, and fell forward with her head below the water.

Instantly Killed.
Winnipeg, Aug. 6.—Capt. Isaac Leece, one of the most prominent and respected pioneer residents of Killarney, was instantly killed by falling from a windmill tower in his farm house, "The Anchorage," to-day. The deceased, a native of England, was a retired mariner, and in his fifty-seventh year. He leaves a large family in comfortable circumstances. Mrs. Leece and her eldest daughter are absent in Vancouver, B. C., on a holiday trip. The deceased was a prominent member of the Masonic order.

Died From Injuries.
Salem, Ont., Aug. 6.—Jas. Wedlock is dead from injuries received by the falling of a partition while engaged with his brother in taking down an old building.

The Mine Accident.
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Aug. 6.—The coroner's jury, investigating the cause of the accident which resulted in the death of six miners at Shakespeare mine, Webwood, have brought in a verdict that the deaths were accidental, but censure the company for neglect of proper ventilation of the mine.

Crushed to Death.
Wingham, Ont., Aug. 6.—Michael Robinson, 56 years of age, was instantly killed in the upholstery factory of Walker & Clegg yesterday. He was installing a new engine, and had almost completed the work and was about to lower the fly wheel when the stays supporting it slipped. The shaft fell on Robinson, drawing him forward on to some bolts which were ready to bolt the structure securely, which penetrated his lungs, while the weight of the wheel crushed his life out.

CANADIAN NORTHERN.

Report That Effort is Being Made to Float Loan to Continue Extension.

(Associated Press.)
Toronto, Ont., Aug. 6.—An effort is being made to float a half million dollar loan in France and Belgium for the purpose of continuing the extension of the Canadian Northern railway.

THIBET EXPEDITION.

Advance of the British—No Signs of Armed Natives to Oppose Forward Movement.

Chakam Ferry, Thibet, via Gyantse, Aug. 4.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The greater portion of the British expedition has successfully crossed the Brahma Rotra. The villagers are inclined to be friendly, and there are no signs of an armed force to oppose the advance on Lhasa.

Col. Younghusband, the British political agent, has had two interviews with the peace delegates, among whom is the grand chamberlain. The latter pleaded with Col. Younghusband not to proceed, as the Dalai Lama might receive a shock



A STRATEGIST. RUSSIAN BEAR (Silly): "Running Away? Not a Bit of It! I'm Luring 'Em On!"

END OF A LONG AND STERN CHASE

ALLEGED EMBEZZLER CONVEYED TO DAWSON

Isaac Burpee Will at Last Face Charge of Stealing Money From His Friend.

On Thursday morning M. H. Welch, chief of the detective department of the Northwest Mounted Police and one of the cleverest men in the map-hunting business, left Seattle in company with Isaac W. Burpee, who will face the charge at Dawson of embezzling more than \$15,000 belonging to his partner, Ernest Shoff. Burpee was arrested at Linden, Mo., a town in which he is a total stranger, and his capture is claimed to be one of the most remarkable displays of intuitive detective work ever accomplished.

The pursuit of Burpee has been a long and stern one. He belongs to a prominent Eastern Canadian family and in 1867 went to the Klondike. There he bought a small steamer which he operated on the upper Yukon under the name of Burpee. Subsequently he was joined by a friend named Shoff, a wealthy St. John's man, who opened a big general supply store on Duncan river. He placed Burpee in charge but a few months later, according to Shoff, Burpee "falsely betrayed the trust reposed in him by robbing him of more than \$15,000."

Burpee, when he fled from Dawson, was traced to Victoria, where he went that he was going to St. John's. This, of course, was merely a blind, as the detective detailed on the case soon ascertained. From this city he crossed the line and Pinkerton men learned that he had taken a Great Northern train, but to what point could not be learned. A conference of detectives and a relative of Shoff was held and one man said "Burpee went to the St. Louis Exposition."

This was laughed at in the first place, but later was considered seriously. The relative of Shoff was taken with the idea and offered to allow \$8 a day and the expenses of the Pinkerton men if they would go to St. Louis. This they did and kept a close watch on the hotel registers, railroad stations and exposition buildings. Copies of Burpee's photograph and signature were supplied to the St. Louis police. Finally he was located at the exposition, and followed to Linden, Mo., where he was arrested. He fought extradition with all vigor, engaging the best counsel. On four different counts the Missouri courts decided he could not be extradited, but he lost on the fifth. This explains why Detective Welch was detained so long at St. Louis.

CAMPERS DROWNED.
Boulder, Col., Aug. 4.—Mrs. Lena Chambers, of York, Neb., and Mary Renkes, the 12-year-old daughter of Charles Renkes, of this city, were drowned in Boulder creek to-day.

They were part of a party camping in Bummer gulch, six miles from here. Without any warning a wall of water, caused by a cloudburst, came rushing down the gulch, carrying the tent and the inmates into the creek. Mrs. Chambers and Mary Renkes were carried into the stream by the torrent of water and drowned. Their bodies, badly bruised, were found some distance down the stream to-night.

At Vancouver and Victoria business conditions as reported to Bradstreet's are satisfactory. The demand for staple manufactures for the fall and winter trade is more active. The shingle industry is active, the provincial mills running day and night to fill orders. Deep-sea fishing is active and the catch of salmon in traps is heavy. The outlook for business is encouraging.

In Winnipeg trade has been very satisfactory the past ten days. Buying by the retail merchants who visited this market has been on a large scale. The outlook for a large turnover in trade the next six months being materially improved by the satisfactory crop outlook, values of staple goods are firmly held.

Orders being received at Hamilton from the West for the fall trade are numerous and call for large shipments to be made during the next few weeks. The confidence of traders in that part of the Dominion is apparently undiminished. The crops reports are favorable and the outlook for the fall trade at all points is encouraging. Values of staple manufactures are well maintained at previous prices.

In London the course of trade has been satisfactory. The demand for goods for the fall and winter is good and manufacturers are being kept busy on contracts for delivery in the near future. Retail trade has been fair.

There has been a very fair number of fall orders coming forward in wholesale trade circles at Ottawa this week, notwithstanding the usual interference of the holidays. The prospects are that when the retailers return their routes later on and country merchants begin to make buying trips to the large distributing centres of trade, that business will show renewed activity. The prospects are promising.

Don't Forget Us if You Need a Sponge. We have the largest and best stock in Victoria. The prices are surprisingly low, quality considered, from 5c to \$6.00. Can't be beaten anywhere. Come and see. Campbell's Prescription Store. COR. FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS.

THE BEST WAY To reach all points of interest in and around the city is to take The Street Cars. Don't go away without visiting the Naval Station, Beacon Hill Park and Oak Bay. Transfers to all points. B. C. Electric Railway Co. (LIMITED).

FIGHTING LASTED FOR TWO DAYS

THE RUSSIANS LOST TWO THOUSAND MEN

Kuroki's Attack Was Timed to Forestall Assumption of Offensive by Enemy.

Tokio, Aug. 5.—It is now estimated that the Russians lost 2,000 men in the fighting at Simonsing. The Japanese sanitary corps buried 300 bodies in the valleys through which the Russians fought and retreated. The Japanese captured six guns, five hundred and seventy shells, a quantity of stores and thirty-three prisoners. A detachment of the Russian medical corps, captured by the Japanese, telegraphed that the Russians were gradually reinforced until they had four divisions. The centre moved out on the Liao Yang road to Anping, which is thirteen miles from Liao Yang. Before the Simonsing fight, on July 29th and 31st, the Russians left at Yushuliku showed signs of activity; the advance guard occupied certain heights in front of the main position.

July 31st was at Piling, five miles south of Yushuliku, where our detachment turned the flank of the retreating Russians. Our detachment consisted of three infantry regiments with four guns. On the afternoon of the same day the Russians approached the scene of the battle with Red Cross flags for carrying away their wounded, which was just what we wanted, stopping our firing.

A second dispatch reads as follows: "General Oku sends the following additional report concerning the attack of last Sunday on the Omushing: 'Our casualties in this engagement reached 880, of which 194 were killed and 686 wounded.' We buried with due honor about 700 of the enemy's dead. We captured six field guns, many rifles, shells and large quantities of flour, barley, ammunition, etc."

"General Kuroki reports that our casualties in the engagement of Yushuliku and Yangtzing reached 100, including forty officers. The enemy's casualties are estimated at 2,000 at least. We captured 8 officers, 140 men, two field guns, many rifles, tents, shells and several other things."

REPORT THAT JAPS HAVE BEEN REPULSED.

Mukden, Aug. 5.—It is reported here that the Japanese attacked the Russian position at Anshung, midway between Haicheng and Liao Yang, on August 2nd, and were repulsed with heavy loss. The Russian casualties are not known.

JAPS SHELLS FAIL TO REACH CITY.

Chofoo, Aug. 5.—(Evening).—Exclusive interviews with refugees from Port Arthur, who arrived here to-day, elicited nothing materially changing previous stories of the general situation. While the guns of the fortress were employed during the three days of fighting, the fortress itself was not attacked directly. July 31st the steamer Newchwang entered Port Arthur from Newchwang, carrying artillery from Newchwang as well as sixty-five thousand shells of various sizes.

The refugees say that the 12-inch shell which hit the Japanese gun on the mountain was not fired from the battleship Retzow, but from a gun mounted on Poripokang hill. The shell struck a magazine and created havoc.

The refugees declare that the 12-inch guns on board the warships have no difficulty in reaching Wolf's mountain, while the Japanese return fire falls short of the city.

ANOTHER VOICE ON THE PRAIRIES

W. G. Bartleman Could Get No Relief Till He Tried the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy.

Wapella, Assn., N. W. T., Aug. 5.—(Special).—This thriving town furnishes one of the most remarkable cures of Kidney Disease that has ever been reported on the prairies. Mr. Wm. G. Bartleman, a well-known farmer, is the man cured, and he makes the following statement:

"I had Kidney Trouble and it developed into Diabetes. I went to the doctor but his treatment was of no use whatever to me. I began to take Dodd's Kidney Pills in December, 1902. I took them all winter and summer while I was unable to work my farm. I took twelve boxes in all and in August I was able to work."

"Now I am quite strong. I worked all winter without pain in my back or any part of my body. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me."

"If the Kidney Disease is of long standing it may take time to cure it. But Dodd's Kidney Pills will do it."

FINAL SERVICES IN OLD ST. PAUL'S HISTORIC EDIFICE IS TO BE REMOVED

Plan of Defence Renders This Necessary—A New Building Will Be Erected.

To-morrow will be the last Sunday on which services will be held in the present St. Paul's church, Esquimaux, the removal of the edifice being required in the plan of Imperial defence now being carried out in the vicinity. As Times readers are doubtless aware, this plan includes the fortification of Signal Hill, a work that is being executed with marked celerity and thoroughness, and the expropriation of a considerable strip of land along the shore facing the straits, at which are the church and a number of residences. It will be necessary, therefore, to erect a new edifice, and a site for it has been selected on the property known as the "Hermitage," formerly be-



ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

longing to George Gillespie, of the Bank of Commerce. Subscriptions to the building fund will be received by the rector, Rev. C. Ensor Sharp.

The old St. Paul's church, which is now about the end of the sacred service to which it was dedicated, has been used as a place of worship for 38 years. The corner stone was laid in 1866 by Mrs. Denman, wife of Admiral Denman, in the presence of Lieut. Governor Kennedy, the admiral officers and men of Her Majesty's fleet and some officers of the United States steamer Saginaw, Chief Justice Kennedy and others. Since its erection the church, largely aided by the navy, has raised between twenty and thirty thousand dollars.

Rev. Mr. Sharp is the twelfth rector. "The services to-morrow will be: Litany and Holy Eucharist at 10:30 a.m., evensong at 7 p.m."

There is a board of guardians in the south of London that allows inmates who have seen better days to do the sick hat when they go out for a holiday.

REV. C. ENSOR SHARP. EIGHT LIVES LOST.

Father, His Daughter and Six of Her Girl-Friends Drowned While Bathing.

Alton, Ill., Aug. 5.—While bathing in the Mississippi river to-night Michael Riley, his daughter and six of the latter's girl friends were drowned. One child was saved. Riley lived near the river in the southern part of the city, and was accustomed to bathe on the beach in front of his house after his return from work. To-night his little daughter begged to go with him, and Riley took her and several of her friends to the beach with him. When they entered the water Riley bade the children join hands, and they all waded into the river and walked along a sand bar which stretches out into the stream at that point. They had gone some distance from the shore when suddenly the whole party disappeared beneath the water, having, in the darkness, stepped from the sandbar into the deep channel.

The children struggled and screamed, fighting desperately to reach the sandbar where the water was only a foot or so in depth. Riley, who is said to have been a good swimmer, is thought to have been made helpless by the girls clinging to him, and hampering his efforts to save them.

The only one in the party to regain the sandbar was Mary Timiny, 8 years of age. The child is unable to tell how she saved herself. Riley was 32 years of age and the ages of the children drowned ranged from 8 to 14 years. Four of the bodies have been recovered.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—A boy to assist in store. Apply 30 Yates street.

MESSENGER BOYS WANTED—Responsible boys with good references required. Apply C. P. R. Co.'s Telegraph.

WANTED—Energetic man to manage office for large manufacturing company; salary \$1,800 per annum and extra profits; must furnish \$2,000 cash and good references. Superintendent, 12th and Johnson Sts., Chicago.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

ASSISTANT MATRON WANTED—Assistant matron wanted for the Presbyterian Indian boarding school at Ahouskum. Apply, sending testimonials, to Rev. Dr. Campbell, Victoria, B. C.

MILINERY SALESWOMEN, also improvers and apprentices in trimming department, wanted for next season. Apply at once to D. Spencer.

WANTED—Two ladies to represent mail order house; liberal salary and expenses paid weekly. Address Wm. M. Ketchen, Victoria, B. C.

LOST AND FOUND. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

LOST—Sunday evening, about 8:30, carriage rug, black one side gray on other, between North Park, Quadra and King's road. Reward for return to L. Goddard.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

MONEY TO LOAN. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LOAN—\$1,500. Immediately, at low rate of interest. Address P. O. Box 104, city.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS. MOSS'S TOBACCO STAND, in front of Pete Steele's saloon, Yates street, offers for every 25c. purchase a ticket for shot gun.

CONSULTING ENGINEER. JNO. S. FIELDING, Hamilton, Ontario, consulting engineer. Specialty—Improved design of dams.

CHILDHOOD DANGERS. How the Heavy Death Rate Among Children May Be Reduced.

The death rate among infant and young children during the hot weather is simply appalling. For example, in the city of Montreal alone in one week, the death of one hundred and six children was recorded. Most of these deaths were due to stomach and bowel troubles, which are always alarmingly prevalent during the hot weather, and most, if not all, of these persons little lives might have been saved, if the mother had at hand a safe and simple remedy to check the trouble at the outset. As a life saver among infants and young children, Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in every home. These Tablets prevent and cure diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera infantum and all forms of stomach trouble. If little ones are given the Tablets occasionally they will prevent these troubles and keep the children healthy. The Tablets cost only 25 cents a box, and a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the home may save a little life. They are guaranteed to contain no opiate or harmful drug, and may be given with safety and advantage to a new born babe or well grown child. If your dealer does not keep the Tablets, send the price to Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and a box will be sent you by mail post paid.

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CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS. Rates for insertion in THE TIMES: All Classifications, except Births, Marriages and Deaths, 1 cent per word per day; six insertions for the price of four; no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Time rates on application.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

PERMANENT board and residence wanted, in private family, by young business man, etc. Secrecy, Belgium or Quebec streets preferred. State terms to Vancouver, care of this office.

ROWBOAT WANTED—Will purchase or rent. Apply A. Z., Times Office.

WANTED—Carpenters' tools, trunks, cast-off clothing, boots, shoes, etc. Write or call on Jacob Arrison's New and Second-Hand Store, 64 Johnson street.

WANTED—Photo-Engraving work from all parts of the province; satisfaction guaranteed; send for samples. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 26 Broad street, Victoria.

WANTED—Chimney sweeping, no mess from 50c.; smoke chimneys cured. Tel. 488, or 4 Broughton street.

TO JOB PRINTERS—Our artists are now making cover designs, sketches, etc., for the best catalogue work produced in the West. Send your ideas, and outline sketches will be furnished without charge. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., Victoria.

BOARDS OF TRADE, Tourist Associations, etc., should consider us when preparing guide books, advertising literature, and all kinds of illustrated folders. We group photos artistically and guarantee best results. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 26 Broad street, Victoria.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

TO LET. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LET—House, 194 Quebec street, containing 7 rooms, bath, electric light and sewer connection. Apply 110 Super street.

FURNISHED ROOM, suitable for lady or gentleman. 20 Kingston street.

TO RENT—6 roomed house, newly painted, best location, near Douglas street car line. Apply 109 Chestnut street.

FURNISHED 5 roomed cottage on Oak Bay beach to let. Apply B. M., Times Office.

TO LET—First-class front bedroom. 63 Superior street.

TO LET—Summer cottage, three rooms, oak Oak Bay, furnished; \$10 per month. Apply George Marsden, news agent.

TO LET—At Oak Bay, 9 roomed house, newly painted and fitted with electric light. Apply 105 MeClure street.

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping suites; also one front housekeeping room, with everything complete. 120 Vancouver street.

TO LET—5 roomed cottage on Fort street, near Quadra street; modern conveniences. Apply 151 Fort street.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS TO LET—Single or en suite; cheapest in city; across from Dominion Hotel, 124 Yates street.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE—1 large hall heater, 1 small open grate stove, 20 yards good carpet, 10 yards oilcloth, 5 pairs of Nottingham, lace curtains, 1 pair tapestry curtains, 1 lawnmower, good as new, on view until August 15th. Address 22 Caledonia Ave. All to be sold at low prices.

FOR SALE—Small grey horse, \$20. London & Vancouver Bakery.

6 PIECES OF SHEET MUSIC, large print, full size equal to 50c. edition, sent any time, postpaid, for 10 cents, or 15 pieces for 25c. Your money refunded if not satisfied. Onno Music Co., 2146 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

FOR SALE—\$41 of stock York County Loan Company, Toronto; what offer! W. G. Eden, care of Times.

FOR SALE—60 doz. Krynolite half-price; better goods from Krynolite Factory, at X L Second-Hand Store, 83 Store street.

FOR SALE—The furniture and good-will of the Burns Home, Bedford Square; first-class location; 32 rooms; modern conveniences; in good style; modern conveniences; reasons for sale. Inquire of Hinkson Str. 144 Chancery Lane, agent for Mr. and Mrs. Stirling.

FOR SALE—Good second-hand buggy; cheap for cash. Apply W. Grimm, Herald street.

FOR SALE—Rowboat, or will trade for shotgun or good bicycle. Apply 63 Blanchard street, or phone 3518.

FOR SALE—Choice new seven roomed house on Haywood Ave.; very cheap. Moore & Whittington, contractors, 150 Yates street. Phone 4750.

BARGAIN—An automatic shooting gallery, electric motor and all machinery; also a good oak sideboard and all kinds of good-hand furniture. At the Old Curiosity Shop, cor. Fort and Blanchard streets. Pierce O'Connor.

WHAT IS HOME WITHOUT MUSIC? We have in stock over 100,000 pieces, full size, latest sheet music, which we sell in music stores at 25c. to 50c. per copy. It can easily be sold to you, and everybody for from 5c. to 10c. per copy. Agents wanted everywhere. Great chance to earn \$25 per week. Special incentives. Will send sample list of 100 copies to those first applying for \$1.00 or 12 pieces for 25c. Send in your order now. Your money refunded if not satisfied. Address: Onno Music Co., 2146 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

EDUCATIONAL. MANDOLIN LESSONS. Apply E. L., Times Office.

ART SCHOOL—63 Douglas street, cor. of Fort. All subjects, including wood carving and mechanical drawing. Martindale, master. Private lessons given.

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad street. Special attention given to bookkeeping. Thorough instruction in bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

MRS. BUDDEN, teacher of the piano; for the last twelve years, public rapidly advanced. 89 Henry street, close to Fountain, Victoria.

THE PRINCIPAL of the 20th Century shorthand will be pleased to interview suitable candidates willing to be trained for chief examiners and managers of studios to be opened throughout Canada and the United States; also ladies as first assistant-examiners. A good income guaranteed and a contract entered into for life on fair terms. Husband and wife or brother and sister would be highly desirable. Apply Studio, over Imperial Bank, cor. Government and Yates streets, Victoria.

LAND FOR SALE. Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE—67 acres in Sooke, 5 roomed house, barn and chicken house, several fruit trees and some small fruits, about 12 acres infenced and partly cultivated, half-mile river frontage; only \$800. Write to M. Emerson, Maywood P. O., B. C.

FOR SALE—Farm of 200 acres more or less at Maple Bay, one mile from landing. Apply M. Botterill, Maple Bay, Shoopland Road, Victoria.

FOR SALE—Choice two and half acre lot on Fourth street. Helstecamp & Co.

FOR SALE—At less than cost of improvement, 121 acres in Highland District; first-class frame dwelling, house, stable and other outbuildings, about 50 fruit trees bearing; to bear; make fine chicken ranch; good road; \$1,000; terms. Apply Times Office.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

The Stuart Robertson Co., Ltd. A. Stuart Robertson, J. E. Smart, Pres., Mang. Dir., 36 Broad Street.

To Let—Vancouver St., 6 rooms \$ 8 To Let—Labouchere St., 4 rooms 8 To Let—Richmond Ave., 9 rooms 20 To Let—Vancouver St., 5 rooms 17 To Let—Cadboro Bay road, 7 rooms 17 To Let—Sayward Ave., 5 rooms 17

P. R. BROWN CO., Ltd. 30 Broad Street, Victoria.

FOR SALE—Pandora street, 10 roomed dwelling, all modern conveniences; \$3,150.

FOR SALE—3 choice building lots, Dallas road, near the exhibition grounds, \$1,000; or will be sold separately.

FOR SALE—Dallas road, 2 lots and modern 10 roomed dwelling; \$7,000; easy terms.

FOR SALE—The Arm, 2 large water front lots and 10 roomed dwelling; only \$5,000.

FOR SALE—Niagara street, on car line, modern bungalow of 7 rooms; \$2,500.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, new cottage and two lots, on car line; only \$2,625.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay, 2 1/2 acres, 4 roomed house, good soil, city water laid on; price \$2,625.

FOR SALE—Lot, 60x120, and 7 roomed house, McClure street; \$1,900.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, near Rockwood, 2 vacant lots; only \$700.

FOR SALE—Shawigan Lake, 1/2 acre and cottage, with furniture; only \$500.

FOR SALE—Lot, 60x120, new cottage of 5 rooms, bath and pantry, Old Esquimaux road, \$1,500; particularly easy terms.

FOR SALE—Pembroke street, near Douglas street, lot 60x120, 5 roomed cottage; modern conveniences; only \$1,000.

FOR SALE—150 acres, South Cowichan, 20 acres cultivated, dwelling, 2 large barns, one mile from wharf, 2 1/2 miles from railway; only \$2,100.

FOR SALE—375 acres, six miles from town, small house and barn; \$3,900.

FOR SALE—7 1/2 acres and small dwelling, near the exhibition buildings; \$500 cash down, balance in small monthly payments, no interest.

FOR SALE—Water lot and dwelling, near the new C. P. R. wharf, James Bay; price and terms on application.

FOR SALE—Comlank District, 200 acres, 50 cultivated, stream runs through property; dwelling, barns, sheds, etc.; only \$5,150.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, 2 lots and 7 roomed cottage; \$2,000.

FOR SALE—Henry street—Victoria—West, 3 vacant lots; only \$525.

FOR SALE—Esquimaux road, 1/2 acre and 5 roomed cottage; \$1,500.

FOR SALE—Esquimaux road, with frontage on the Burns Home, Bedford Square; \$2,500; terms.

FOR SALE—Pandora street, lot 60x120, 6 roomed cottage; only \$1,000.

FOR SALE—Yates street, near Quadra, vacant lot; \$1,900.

FOR SALE—1/2 acre, four miles from city; \$550.

FOR SALE—First street, modern 8 roomed dwelling, lot 60x135; only \$1,900.

FOR SALE—First street, cottage of 4 rooms and 1/2 lot, all modern conveniences, \$1,150; easy terms.

FOR SALE—240 acres, Lake District, excellent front soil; plenty of water; only \$5,250.

FOR SALE—Cowichan District, 128 acres, large dwelling, barns, etc., well adapted for a dairy farm, only \$6,500; easy terms.

FOR SALE—Quantal District, 180 acres, 1 1/2 miles from railway station, good roads; price \$2,000.

MONEY TO LOAN. Financed in Advance. Write to Estates Manager, P. R. Brown, Ltd., 30 Broad street.

A Question of Speed. When you go hunting around for a "To Let" sign to place in the window of that house, it shows that you are not in a hurry to secure a tenant. When you get in a hurry you will advertise it.

ENGRAVERS. TO ADVERTISERS—We make cuts which enhance the effectiveness of your advertisements one hundred per cent. Nothing so effective as illustrations. From 25 upwards, according to size. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co.

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS. A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad Street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 128.

BEAUMONT BOGGS Real Estate and Insurance Agent, 42 Fort St.

TO LET—Cottage, newly papered and in good repair and sewer, No. 25 Parry street; rent, including water, \$14.

TO LET—Cottage, S. W. corner Harrison and Pandora streets, sewer and electric light; rent, including water, \$14.

TO LET—8 roomed house, 45 North Chatham street; rent, including water, \$12.

FOR SALE—Lots on Admiral's road and on Constance Cove, water front; prices from \$75 to \$150; terms, \$10 per month.

FOR SALE—Beautiful suburban lots south of Beaumont P. O. 60 acres divided; prices \$82.50 upwards; easy terms.

FOR SALE—Farms, large and small; send for monthly "Home List."

FOR SALE—5-acre blocks fruit land on North Dairy Farm (near farmer's orchard); price \$120 per acre.

FOR SALE—Cultivated land on Saanich peninsula; price \$40 and \$50 per acre.

FOR SALE—Cadboro Bay park, 300 acres in blocks to suit, from \$25 to \$50 per acre.

FOR SALE—Lots on Niagara, Battery, Clarence, Simcoe and Carr streets, James Bay.

FOR SALE—7 roomed house, modern, Carr street, large lot; price \$2,000.

FOR SALE—100-acre ranch, Oyster District; price \$1,250.

FOR SALE—Cottage, on Foul Bay road, second north from Oak Bay avenue; price \$650, on terms.

Easily Afforded. If you couldn't afford to use these "Want ad." columns, that would be a different thing; but anyone who can afford to ride on street cars can afford to be a want advertiser.

LEE & FRASER. Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Trenchou Avenue.

BURNSIDE ROAD, 25 or 30 acres of good land, suitable for farming, 8 acres cleared, fenced and under cultivation, balance partly shamed and light brood; price \$100 per acre.

\$1,000 WILL PURCHASE a 5 roomed cottage on Caledonia Ave., electric light and sewer, in first-class location; price \$100 per acre.

A LOVELY HOME on Quadra street, comprising 2 acres of cleared land, all fenced, 100 fruit trees, 1 acre in strawberries, 7 roomed two story house; price only \$5,200.

VICTORIA CRESCENT, 4 roomed cottage, bathroom, pantry, cellar, connected with sewer, in first-class location; only \$1,000; terms can be arranged.

Gillard's Pickle and Sauce Knox's Gelatine Retail by all Grocers. Wholesale by R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.

PRIZE WINNERS AT THE FLOWER SHOW

KEEN COMPETITION IN VARIOUS CLASSES

Beautiful Display Arouses the Admiration of the Spectators—Band Concert.

There was a large attendance at the flower show in the drill hall last evening, the Fifth Regiment band being an extra attraction.

In a class Major Dupont carried off the palm, the Jubilee greenhouse winning second. In class B Mrs. Henry Croft won four prizes, three firsts and one second.

Best collection of greenhouse plants, arranged for effect, to cover 150 square feet, exhibitors to have selling privilege after judging—plants not to be removed until end of show. First prize, silver medal and diploma; second prize, \$10. First prize, Major Dupont; 2nd prize, Jubilee Greenhouse.

Roses, best named collection, shown singly in vases, \$5—2nd, Fievin Gardens.

Class B—Pot Plants—Greenhouse. (Amateurs Employing Labor.) Begonias, tuberos, single, best 10—1st, Mrs. Croft.

Begonias, tuberos, double, best 10—1st, Mrs. Croft; 2nd, Miss H. L. Pemberton.

Begonias, tuberos, best collection, not less than 15 plants—1st, Major Dupont.

Begonias, shrubs, 6—plants—1st, Mrs. Croft.

Gloxinia, best 6—1st, Major Dupont; 2nd, Mrs. H. Croft.

Foliage Plants (Cereus excluded), best 12—1st, Mrs. H. Croft.

Colum, best 6—1st, F. B. Pemberton.

Ferns, best 12—1st, Mrs. H. Croft.

Geraniums, best 8—1st, F. B. Pemberton.

Specimen Plant, in flower—1st, Mrs. Croft; 2nd, Major Dupont.

Specimen Plant, foliage—1st, Miss H. L. Pemberton; 2nd, Mrs. H. Croft.

Plants in flower, best 12—1st, Mrs. H. Croft.

Class B—Cut Flowers. Gladioli, best collection—1st, Mrs. A. Henderson; 2nd, W. F. Burton.

Roses, Tea, 10 varieties—1st, J. Sherburn.

Roses, Perpetual, 10 varieties—1st, J. Sherburn.

Roses, Hybrid Tea, 10 varieties—1st, J. Sherburn.

Paloz, Perennial, best collection—1st, F. B. Pemberton; 2nd, Mrs. H. Croft.

Phlox Drummondii, 12 colors—1st, J. C. Newbury; 2nd, Mrs. A. Henderson.

Phlox Drummondii, best collection—1st, J. C. Newbury; 2nd, Mrs. B. Wolfenden.

Liliums, best collection—1st, F. B. Pemberton.

Salpiglossa, best collection—1st, Major Dupont; 2nd, Miss H. L. Pemberton.

Pansies, 24 colors, 1 specimen each—1st, J. Sherburn; 2nd, J. A. Bland.

Pansies, 12 colors, 1 specimen each—1st, J. A. Bland; 2nd, J. Sherburn.

Carnations, border, best collection—1st, W. F. Burton; 2nd, F. B. Pemberton.

Stocks, 10 colors—1st, J. P. Stewart; 2nd, J. A. Bland.

You can anticipate what a delicious tea "SALADA" Ceylon must be by its enormous sale; but realization will captivate your taste for all time.

"SALADA"

Ceylon Tea is pure, delicious and wholesome. Sold only in sealed lead packets. Black, Mixed or Natural Green. By all Grocers.

10c. Gen. Admission. 20c. Res. Seats. 2.30 to 4.30—DAILY—7.30 to 10.30. Matinee 10c. All Over. R. JAMIESON, Mgr.

GRAND

THE COX FAMILY. GILMORE AND LE MOYNE. THE MALCOLMS. LE WITT AND ASHMORE. MR. FREDERIC ROBERTS. NEW MOVING PICTURES. 50 JOHNSON ST. Go Where the Crowds Go.

LE PETIT CRYSTAL THEATRE

WEEK OF MONDAY, AUG. 1st. First Appearance. THE HEIM CHILDREN. America's Foremost Juvenile Sketch Artists.

First Appearance. DIVINE DODSON. "The Duchess of Central Park." First Appearance. HARRY HOWARD. The Southern Mimic and Impersonator.

First Appearance. ROBT. NOME. The Musical King. ILLUSTRATED SONG. "Little Place I Call Home." MOVING PICTURES. Admission, 10 cents.

Flower Show

DRILL HALL, Friday and Saturday, Aug. 5th and 6th.

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Lady Joly de Lotbiniere. Fifth Regiment band in attendance. Admission, 25c; children, 10c.

JAPANESE WRESTLING TOURNAMENT

AT CALEDONIA PARK, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 13th. At 7 o'clock, and Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, evening at 7 o'clock.

THE GRAND ENGLISH...

St. Leger Sweep

Run at Doncaster, Eng., September 7, 1904. TICKETS \$1.00 EACH

SALMON'S CIGAR STORE

Prices divided as follows: First Horse 40 per cent. Second Horse 20 per cent. Third Horse 10 per cent. Among Starters 10 per cent. Among Non-Starters 20 per cent. Less 10 per cent. to defray expenses.

Removal Notice

ON AND AFTER AUGUST 10th C. F. BANFIELD JOB PRINTER, WILL REMOVE FROM THE TIMES BUILDING TO GROUND FLOOR WILLIAMS BLOCK, No. 28 BROAD STREET.

Tents! Tents! Tents!

We rent tents cheaper than ever; new and second-hand. We have a large assortment of tents, bags and covers, all grades, sizes and prices. At the largest and best equipped sail loft and tent factory in the city. Established 22 years. 125 GOVERNMENT ST., UP-STAIRS.

F. Jeune & Bros. Props.

FACTORY, SAIL AND TENT MAKERS, VICTORIA, B. C.

NEW CORSETS Latest Styles. Lowest Prices CROMPTON'S NEW CENTURY CORSET, for 50c SUMMER CORSET, for 25c LACE GIRDLE, for 25c AZOTA, for 75c LONG HIP, for \$1.00 Many other styles at equally low prices. Robinson's CASH STORE. 80 DOUGLAS ST. 1010 PHONE.

The British Columbia Telephone Co'y, Ltd. Has now opened an Exchange at LADYSMITH

- With the following subscribers: 45—Abbottford Hotel—A. J. McMurtre—Esplanade. 17—Balagna S. B.—General Store—Roberts. 16—Baron Felix—Bottling Wks.—Roberts. 24—Blair & Adam—General Merchants—1st Ave. 2—Canadian Bank of Commerce—1st Ave. 58—Conway T. D.—Residence—1st Ave. 47—C. P. R. Telegraph—Station. 64—Dillon H. A.—Real Estate—1st Ave. 63—Europe Hotel—G. Giachero—1st Ave. 48—E. & N. Railway Station. 51—Holly Home Hotel—G. B. Dyer—1st Ave. 28—Hawes Fred.—Residence. 70—Hemans & Wainusley—Butchers—1st Ave. 31—Island Home Hotel—Bates & Knight—1st Ave. 66—Johnson David—Express—Kitchener. 55—Kiddie Thomas—Residence—Residence. 14—King's Hotel—W. Joseph—4th Ave. 53—Ladysmith Iron Wks. 46—Ladysmith Lumber Co., Ltd. 71—Leigh J. M.—Teamster—High. 49—Leiser Simon & Co., Ltd.—Merchants—Gatways. 67—Morrison W. E.—General Store—1st Ave. 22—Nicholson D.—Residence—Roberts. 44—Pannell & Plaskett—Butchers—Gatways. 56—Portland Hotel—Angelo—1st Ave. 57—Pretoria Hotel—John Thas—1st Ave. 4—Simpson W. R.—Barriater—1st Ave. 15—Smith J. N.—Residence—5th Ave. 80—Southam W. W.—Residence—Roberts. 28—Trey Smelter. 15—Union Brewery. 58—Wasson Dr. H. J.—Office and Residence—High. 61—Watson W. J.—Residence—1st Ave. Wellington Colliery Company. 65—General Office. 20—Colliery Wharf Office. A52—Wellington Ext. Mines Office. 63—Williams R.—Butcher.

Subscribers in Victoria can get direct and immediate connection with any of the above subscribers at Ladysmith. Ask for "Long Distance" Service—Prompt, Talking—Perfect

For Lumber, Sash, Doors, And All Kinds of Building Material. Go to THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY. MILL OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C. P. O. BOX 628. TEL. 504.

To Be Had at Stoddart's Jewelry Store Yates St., Victoria. The accompanying VANGUARD watch movement, No. 11000525, embodies the following features of excellence to which special attention is drawn: 20-Diamond, Fine Ruby and Sapphire Jewels; Both Balance Pivots Running on Diamonds; Raised Gold Settings; Jewel Pin set without Shellac; Double Roller Escapement; Street Escape Wheel; Exposed Pallets; Embossed Gold Patent Microscopic Regulator; Compensating Balance in Reserve; Adjusted to Temperature; Isochronism and Five Positions; Tempered Steel Safety Barrel; Jeweled Main Wheel Bearings; Exposed Winding Wheels; Patent Breguet Hairspring; Hardened and Tempered in Form; Elaborately Finished Nickel Plates with Gold Lettering; Steel Paris Chamfered; Double Shock Dial. The VANGUARD is the finest 18 size movement in the world. MANUFACTURED AND WARRANTED BY THE AMERICAN WALTHAM WATCH CO., WALTHAM, MASS. \$30.00

NEW

View Book of Victoria Containing 27 Pages of Views. This is the Best View Yet Issued of the City. Price 75c

T. N. Hibben & Co.

J. Piercy & Co., WHOLESALE DRY GOODS VICTORIA, B. C.

Manufacturers of the Celebrated Brand of "Ironclad" Overalls, Top Shirts, Etc.

Church Services To-Morrow

CHURCH OF OUR LORD.

Services at 11 and 7, with sermons by Rev. H. J. Wood. The holy communion will be administered at the close of the morning service. The music follows:

- Morning. Organ—Kyrie..... Mozart Venite and Psalms—As Set..... XXIV. Te Deum..... XXXIV. Jubilate..... XIV. Hymns..... 420, 567, A. and M. 41, and 566 Organ—Postlude..... Arthur Bay Evening. Organ—Reverie..... I. V. Flagler Psalms—As Set..... Magnificent..... Mercer Nunc Dimittis..... Mercer Hymns..... 301, 330 and 32 Doxology..... X. Organ—Chorus..... E. Lemaitre

ST. JOHN'S.

Services, morning, Rev. A. J. Ard; evening, Rev. Mr. Bascott. The music follows:

- Morning. Venite—7th Day..... Psalms—As Set..... Te Deum—Alt. 3rd Set..... Benedictus..... Tontbeck Hymn..... 163 Kyrie..... XXI. Gloria Tibi..... XI. Hymns..... 197 and 323 Evening. Psalms—As Set..... Cantate..... Monk Hymns..... 242, 290 and 280 Vesper—Lord, Keep Us Safe

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

Services: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning service and holy communion, 11 a. m.; evening service, 7 p. m. Preachers, morning, Rev. C. B. Basket; evening, the Archdeacon. The music set for the day follows:

- Morning. Voluntary—Allegretto..... R. Tours Venite..... Elvey Psalms for 7th Morning, Cathedral Psalter Te Deum..... Gabely Benedictus..... Barnby Kyrie..... Harpley Gloria..... Harpley Hymns..... 626, 207 and 242 Voluntary—Elevation..... St. Saens Evening. Voluntary—Postlude..... Merkel Processional Hymn..... 215 Psalms for 7th Evening, Cathedral Psalter Magnificat..... Mornington Nunc Dimittis..... Foster Hymns..... 527, 210 and 193 Vesper Hymn..... M. S. Recessional Hymn..... 217 Voluntary—Fantasia..... Tours

ST. SAVIOUR'S.

Holy communion, 11 a. m.; evening, 7 p. m.; preacher, Rev. W. D. Barber. Sunday being the patronal festival of St. Saviour's (Name of Jesus), special music will be rendered at the evening service, including the sacred cantata, "The Rolling Seasons," Simper.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev. Dr. Campbell will occupy the pulpit to-morrow morning. In the evening special services will be given at the close.

Echoes of Toronto Exhibition

One of the most attractive features of the last Toronto exhibition was the immense piano exhibit in the new Manufacturers' Building and a lesson as to Canada's growth and progress could be learned from the fact that there were finished products shown from sixteen different factories in Ontario alone.

THE SALMON PACK.

Big Shortage in Alaska This Year—Results of Industry Elsewhere. Advice received from Bristol bay station that all the vessels of the Alaska station fleet are safe, says a San Francisco dispatch. The season's pack has been closed with a total of 800,000 cases, against 1,200,000 cases last season.

The Alaska Packers' Association put up 525,000 cases, 275,000 cases being packed by various other canneries.

The British Columbia pack will not exceed 150,000 cases, against 475,000 for last year. The Puget Sound canneries' output to August 1st was 29,000 cases; for 1903 it was 465,000.

The Columbia river pack to August 1st is 125,000 cases, against 230,000 for the same date last year. On coast rivers many canneries are closed.

The Sacramento river pack is the smallest known. The total Pacific Coast pack will not exceed 2,250,000 cases, as against 3,600,000 cases in 1902 and 3,100,000 in 1901.

July broke all records for freight traffic through the Soo canals. During the month 5,069,079 tons passed through, an increase over August last year, which held all previous records, of 295,271 net tons. Of this amount, 719,876 passed through the Canadian Ties.

United States Minister Bowen has lodged a strong protest with President Castro against the action of the government in seizing the asphalt mines belonging to the New York & Bermudez Co. The receiver of the government is said to be supported by Venezuelan warships in his occupation of the company's property.

Alphonse Labelle is under arrest at Montreal charged with the murder of Emile Nadeau, a woman fifty years of age, with whom he had been living.

The Daily Times.

Published every day (except Sunday) by the TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED.

Office: 26 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone No. 45.

Daily, one month, by carrier, \$3.00; by mail, \$4.00. Single copies, 10c.

Copy for changes or advertisements must be handed in at the office not later than 8 o'clock a. m.; if received later than that hour will be changed the following day.

All communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor the Times," Victoria, B. C.

The DAILY TIMES is on sale at the following places in Victoria: Emery's Cigar Stand, 23 Government St.; Knight's Stationery Store, 75 Yates St.; Victoria News Co., Ltd., 80 Yates St.; Victoria Book & Stationery Co., 61 Gov't St.; E. N. Hudson & Co., 93 Government St.; A. Edwards, 51 Yates St.; Campbell & Quinn, Gov't and Troncau alleys; George Marsden, cor. Yates and Gov't; W. W. Walker, grocer, Esplanade road; W. Wilby, 41 Douglas St.; Mrs. Crook, Victoria West post office; Pope Stationery Co., 119 Government St.; H. Redding, Craigmont road, Victoria; W. Geo. J. Cook, cor. Esplanade Rd. & Bithet; J. T. McDonald, Oak Bay Junction.

BLUNDERING AND SINKING.

Before his departure from Canada Lord Dundonald plainly hinted that there were traitors in the country. He exhorted all loyalists to "keep their two hands upon the Union Jack." As he was at the time being travelled and exhibited as an attraction by the agents of the Conservative party, the conclusion is reasonable that the scoundrels who would betray their country were not to be found within the ranks of that ever loyal and true party.

Whether the noble lord was cognizant of the fact or not, the purpose of his allusion was to create the impression that the Liberal party is led by men who are not true to the British Empire. The misapplication of a word in the House of Commons by the Premier was used to supplement the campaign of the discharged officer of the Militia Department. It was said as plainly as if the statement had been made in spoken words that Sir Wilfrid Laurier harbored traitor's sentiments and was supported in his position as Premier by a whole province nourished on like political sentiments.

That was the plan of campaign of the Tory party. It was the purpose for which Lord Dundonald was primed on the discovery that he resented the action of the Minister of Militia in reminding him that there were responsible Ministers of the Crown and of the people administering the affairs of Canada. Possibly his Lordship did not comprehend the purposes to which he was being applied by the wily schemers of the party. He did not know, probably, that the last two federal elections in Canada had been fought by the Conservative party entirely upon racial and sectarian issues. At least the blind heads of the party thought they were issues. The waving of the flag of bigotry and the fighting of the torch of intolerance possibly gained for the Conservative party a few constituencies in the province of Ontario. But the party in the country as a whole suffered. There was a natural reflex action. Mr. Borden knows this well. His silence, his failure to endorse the action of Lord Dundonald and the clique which nursed him, indicates his conviction that the usual mistake in tactics was being made.

The infantile innocence of Lord Dundonald was revealed by his appeal to French-Canadians as he said farewell in Quebec. He reminded them that the people of France and Scotland had in the past been close allies and cordial friends. He felicitated them upon their faithfulness to the traditions of their forefathers and their unswerving loyalty to the British Crown.

Now the question arises, where are the traitors in Canada? Who are the people that are trying to tear down the Union Jack? Is it the Minister of Militia, whose only son laid down his life for the cause of the Empire in South Africa? Is it Sir William Mulock, under whose advice the Imperial penny postage system was adopted, and the first great movement towards the consolidation of the Empire was made? Is it Hon. W. S. Fielding, the author of the preferential trade arrangement, the man whose action was the source from which Mr. Chamberlain drew his inspiration and was moved to declare for a grand scheme of Imperial preferential trade? Is it Sir Wilfrid Laurier, whose whole public career stands as a record of devotion to the patriotic duty of evolving out of the scattered and divided provinces of Canada a united nation, whose aim it has been to prove the futility and foolishness of the nourishment of the blind passions of bigotry and intolerance, and whose services to Canada and the Empire were so signally recognized by Queen Victoria? What can the Conservative party hope to gain by setting up men to bring charges of disloyalty against a government composed of such men?

The desperation of the cause, the hopelessness of the party, the lust of power which defies the warnings of reason and common sense—all are revealed in the Tory plan of campaign.

A "TIP."

A "tip" it is that Mr. Hays is to receive from the McBride government on condition that he begins the work of construction of his line at this end and hurries it along as speedily as possible. The "tip," the origin intimates, will amount to a liberal donation of land and "concessions" of a substantial nature. It does not say whether it received its information from the agents of the government at Ottawa who intimated to Mr. Hays that the "tip" had but to be asked for and it would be conferred. We infer, however, that the pointer was derived from an authoritative source and that it is the purpose of the government to pay no heed to warnings, but to proceed with the plot.

We take the liberty of giving the Liberal-minded ministry a "tip" in the name of the people of British Columbia. There is not an individual of unbiassed mind in this community but knows that the claim put forward by the McBride government that unless the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company be handsomely endowed by the province business in the West can evolve no benefits whatever, but, on the contrary, will be injured, by the work of construction, is but an excuse for a scheme of plunder. The road will be commenced on this end and it will be prosecuted from this end. Anything that may be done by the McBride government cannot have the slightest effect upon the action of the company one way or the other. The plea that has been put forward that British Columbia should have received special treatment in this matter is merely another phase of the excuse for the policy of plunder. We cannot expect Mr. Hays to refuse a gift on behalf of the company. It may even be expected that he will do his best to rob the raid of its indefensible features. All we can do is hope that the legislature will interpose its authority, frustrate the deal and expose the swindlers.

We have been waiting patiently for some more definite information about the bacilli of old age; we have been hoping that the scientific men might discover or rear some minute creature that would prey upon, put the old age parasite out of business and usher in the era of perennial youth. But our hopes have not been realized. Death still stalks gloomily about and reminds us that in due time he will make our acquaintance.

In the meantime, however, his forbidding and dreaded, anxiety is being met and driven back, if he cannot be absolutely conquered. There is hope for consumptives, the scourge of cancer is being investigated and the ravages of that disease will ultimately be stayed, while the latest declaration is that the ulcerous hand of leprosy is about to be paralyzed by recent discoveries of investigators by the Far East. A letter from Rangoon to the London Times gives some details of the discovery of the bacillus of leprosy by Capt. E. R. Rost, of the Indian Medical Service, and of his manufacture of his curative serum called "leprolin." In order to make a nutrient medium he distils beef extract soaked in pumice stone in a current of superheated steam and obtains a medium in which the bacillus of leprosy and also that of tuberculosis grow with the greatest ease. "Leprolin" is made of somewhat similar lines to those first employed by Professor Koch in the manufacture of tuberculin. More than one hundred cases of leprosy are being treated in Burmah by injections of this substance, and the treatment is also being tried in thirty different places in India. Already four cases are reported to have been cured, and in the great majority of those now under treatment it is said the improvement has been very marked. At a meeting of the local branch of the British Medical Association the four cases cured were inspected. One of these a Burman, after a brief treatment of ten days, was apparently completely cured; he had had ulceration of the feet for five years and anaesthesia all over his legs. The action of leprolin is described as very similar to that of tuberculin in cases of lupus, except that there appears to be less danger in the use of it. Its most remarkable action is seen in the restoration of sensation in patches. The material appears to act beneficially in all varieties of the disease, the color of the patches changing to normal and the nodules and ulcers disappearing. The injections are given, as a rule, once a fortnight, and salt ointment is applied to the diseased areas, while salt is administered internally. With regard to the "fish theory," Captain Rost has made experiments with samples of badly cured fish, and thinks that the salt in the fish was sufficient to prevent the growth of the bacillus. He is therefore one more opponent of the theories of Jonathan Hutchinson.

A pitiful story was told yesterday of the treatment of a man in Victoria who is suffering from the ravages of consumption. An extension it may be pleaded that his case was not understood. The Vernon News reports another case which proves the necessity of some public body taking action to prevent further examples of man's inhumanity to his brother man. Our contemporary reports that a man named John Nethercut, afflicted with consumption, who was found lying out in the open on Monday night, was taken to the fire hall by the constable and given temporary asylum there. It appears that Nethercut had been refused admission to the hotels and to the hospital, and in his pitiable condition, near death's door with the terrible white plague, and too weak to

do more than barely crawl around, had been endeavoring to find shelter in out-buildings, etc. It is understood that he has received money from his brother in Manitoba to take him home, but is not in a condition to travel alone.

The Tory party has long been looking for a sign. At last it has been vouchsafed one. Like King Saul it has gone to the southsayers. It has been told that Sir Frederick Borden is the thirteenth Minister of Militia counting since Confederation, that the trouble with Lord Dundonald arose over the organization of the Thirtieth Scottish Light Horse, and that the cabinet at a meeting held on June thirteenth decided to dismiss the general. Clearly no government can go against such a combination and survive. Tell the people so and they are as likely to believe it as they are to accept the old Tory doctrine that the Liberal party is disloyal and that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is a traitor.

It was through the efforts of the Conservative party that the alien engineers engaged by the American head of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway were deported, we are told. We suppose the members of the Conservative party enacted the law under which the men were returned to the place from whence they came. Did they?

A PREHISTORIC INVITATION TO DINNER. (With Apologies to Horace). Dear friend, you know I've lately been and got another wife (A fecklyd megatharian cut short my last one's life). So, just by way of cave-warning, I wish you'd come and dine. Quite quietly—you need not dress; flint will be laid at nine. The first thing on the m'ng-stone (the dinner's only light) Will be triceratops-tail soup, to tempt your appetite. Next, just to show my missus's skill, there'll be, by way of fish, Ichthyosaurus filleted, a very dainty dish. For eatree there'll be fricassee of dinosaur to come. For piece de resistance rib of dinosaur; Lastly a luscious savory (although I mustn't boast) Of fresh-fald best selected pterodactyl's eggs on toast. A word of warning; don't forget your stoutest club to bring. Your sharpest-flinted arrowheads, your bow with toughest string; Then, if atlantosaurs should intrude his ugly head, With base intent to snp on us, we'll snp on him instead.

OPPORTUNITIES. If you want a cheap suit, one that will look cheap, get one at a sale. Then if you want good value in a good suit get one of our \$25.00 Tweed. Made in the latest style and warranted to wear longer than four ready-made suits. COOPER & LINKLATER, COR. FORT AND BROAD.

...Gold Brooches...

We are now showing a beautiful variety of these useful articles of jewelry, some in plain gold, and some with green settings. Our Pearl Brooches are remarkable for their beauty and for the artistic taste displayed in the designs, and the low prices will surprise you. Solid Gold Brooches from \$1.00 up. With Pearl and other settings from \$2.50 up.

C. E. REDFERN, 43 GOVT. STREET. Telephone 118. Established 1862.

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd. DEALERS IN General Hardware

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose and Poultry Netting Agents for Metallic Shingles, Ceiling and Lathing Telephone 3. P. O. Box 423. Wharf St., VICTORIA, B. C.

- 20-lb. Sack B. C. Sugar, - - - - \$1.05
Christie's Sodas, 3-lb. Tin - - - - 35c
Monarch Tea - - - - 30c
My Blend Tea, - - - - 25c
Salt Oolachans, - - - - 10c
Hardress Clarke, 86 Douglas St.

SWIMMING BATHS.

To the Editor:—I have always been strongly in favor of having swimming taught in the public schools, under a part in fact of every child's education, but in the absence of public swimming baths built, owned and operated by the city, which would be necessary before this could be done, I hailed with delight the proposition made by Mr. St. Clair to the school board a few years ago to establish a floating swimming bath above Point Ellice bridge, and in return for the sum of one hundred dollars towards the erection of the bath, he would give lessons in swimming to any of the school children free of charge. Being a member of the school board at that time, I took pleasure in forwarding the movement, and it was with great satisfaction to myself and many others that the school trustees voted the sum asked. Mr. St. Clair has nobly kept his part of the bargain, as hundreds of boys and girls can testify, who are now accomplished swimmers, and who, I make bold to say, are better physically in consequence.

I am not aware that any further contribution towards the maintenance of this splendid institution has been made, but this I do know, that the little money received for admission to the baths by adults cannot by any manner of means be reckoned as a recompense for all the time and labor Mr. St. Clair spends on the school children. There are quite a number of necessary repairs to be done each year, and I understand that some repairs, requiring the services of a diver, will soon have to be made; also more dressing rooms are required, and I would respectfully submit that this is a legitimate object for which the city could vote a sum of money. I do not think there would be one voice raised in opposition to such a course.

I have paid several visits to the baths this season and it is surprising the large number of boys and girls, from little tots of six years of age upwards, who have and are learning the art of swimming and who some day may, like Miss Williams, the principal of the Girls' Central school, five to bless Mr. St. Clair for having taught them to swim.

I trust this letter may have the effect of awakening the people of Victoria to a knowledge of the benefits that are being conferred on the children, and stir them up to take a more active interest in the baths. I understand that Trustee Jay had a motion before the school board some time ago with reference to voting a sum of money to Mr. St. Clair for purposes already referred to, and it was referred to the finance committee. Will the finance committee please act, and act quickly? I hope also that the mayor and council will find it in their hearts to vote some assistance for this worthy and beneficial institution. J. G. BROWN.

EXHIBITION NOTES.

Meeting of Fly Contest Committee on Monday—Communication From New Westminster. On Monday at the offices of Messrs. Swinerton & Odly, Government street, a meeting of the fly coasting contest committee will be held for the purpose of completing arrangements for the competition which is to take place during the forthcoming exhibition. The chair will be taken at 4 o'clock, and a full attendance is requested. Among other matters the question of arranging conditions to govern the contestants will be considered. It is understood that a great deal of interest is being evidenced in this feature of the fair by local fishermen, and a keen struggle for the highest honors is looked for. Another important question will be the appointment of judges. Secretary Swinerton received the following self-explanatory communication

Price Downfall on Summer Furniture

To-Day we place on sale nearly all our stock of Reed Chairs, Tables and Couches, at \$5.00 Each

These were specially priced before at \$6.75 to \$10.00 each. Enough for today's selling only, at this low price. See windows to-night.

Table with 3 columns: Cool Things for Men, Men's White Duck Outing Shirts, Women's Shirt Waists. Includes items like Linenette Underwear, Men's Cotton Pajamas, Men's Seamless Cotton Socks, 12 1-2c. Pair, 12 1-2c., and prices.

David Spencer, Government and Broad Sts., Western Canada's Big Store.

Shepard's Lightning Ice Cream Freezers

Freezes quicker, easier and makes more ice cream from a given quantity of cream than other freezers.

Advertisement for Shepard's Lightning Ice Cream Freezers, including an image of the freezer and a table of sizes and prices.

Genuine Old Hickory Furniture

You have often read about "Old Hickory" Furniture; often thought you would like a piece or two for your veranda or conservatory. We have read your thoughts and have now much pleasure in announcing the arrival of our first consignment of Old Hickory Chairs.

Advertisement for Weiler Bros. Old Hickory Furniture, featuring the company name in large letters and a circular logo.

from W. H. Keary, manager and secretary of the Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society of New Westminster, the other day: Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of your bundle of premium lists and will distribute them for you among our farmers and stock raisers.

I beg to send you 25 copies of our premium lists, which I would ask you to reciprocate. Quite a number of our stock raisers are going to exhibit with you from the information they give me, and I trust that your exhibition, as well as ours, will be a success.

Advertisement for Terry & Margett's hair food, including an image of a woman and a dog, and text describing the product's benefits for hair.

SUNBURN Use Viola Cream, 25c

A gentle, nourishing face cream for softening and preserving the skin, removing tan, sunburn, spots and affections of the skin.

CYRUS H. BOWES, CHEMIST, 98 Government St., Near Yates St., Victoria, B.C.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

- Duplicate keys of all kinds made. Waites Bros., 58 Fort street.
-Another shipment just arrived of those useful little folding Whitney Goggles at Waites Bros. They are without doubt the delight of mothers and children.

For Sale. Lake View Cottage

Shawigan Lake, with furniture, boat and permanent wharf, all in A1 condition. This is a good opportunity to get a first-class SUMMER RESORT CHEAP.

Grant & Conyers, Successors to P. C. MacGregor & Co., 2 VIEW STREET.

Under the direction of Mrs. Remé a spiritual lecture and tests will be given on Sunday evening at 8 p.m. in K. of P. hall, corner Pandora and Douglas streets.

Bishop Hamilton, of San Francisco, of the Methodist Episcopal church, who is here on a holiday trip, will occupy the pulpit of the Metropolitan Methodist church to-morrow forenoon.

In connection with the protest made by Victoria against including Corp. Miller and Lieut. Chamberlain in the British Columbia team to shoot at Ottawa, word has been received from Vancouver, where a meeting of the B. C. R. A. was held last night, that Miller has withdrawn but that Chamberlain is eligible for a place.

Ad. Gully has given notice that at the next meeting of the council he will move for leave to introduce a by-law to provide for the paving of Government street between Courtney street and the northern terminus of the James Bay causeway, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Improvement General by-law.

It is expected that owing to the numerous outings arranged for to-morrow a great exodus of Victorians will take place to points along the E. & N. line. The Victoria Gun Club's outing at Langford will attract a large number of picnickers who are interested in shooting, while many will also take advantage of cheap rates and extra train services to spend the day at Duncan, Shawigan Lake, and Goldstream.

Dr. R. L. Fraser and Dr. O. M. Jones, of this city, have returned from a meeting of the committee of medical men held in Vancouver for the purpose of making arrangements for the convention of the Dominion Medical Association this month. There will be over 300 present at the meeting, which opens on the 23rd. James Dunsmuir has kindly placed the City of Vancouver at the disposal of the visitors for the purpose of making a trip to Williams Head quarantine station and along the coast. This will take place on Saturday, August 27th.

Dr. Ernest Hall belongs the distinction of performing the first operation for appendicitis on the Canard trans-Atlantic fleet. He was a passenger on the liner Iberia, bound from Liverpool to Boston, and on the second day out received a summons from the vessel's doctor to examine one of the engineers, who had manifested symptoms of appendicitis. An immediate operation was found necessary, and this was performed by Dr. Hall in the ship's hospital, which had been hurriedly prepared for the reception of the patient. The operation was entirely successful, although the case was an unusually severe one, and the facilities were limited.

Mayor Bernard yesterday afternoon received a telegram from Superintendent Marpole, of the C. P. R., to the effect that the expert plans and report on the hotel foundations were now on the way from Winnipeg and would be available for tendering within ten days. It will be remembered that F. C. Shinkland, of Chicago, was commissioned by the railroad company to examine and report on the site, and until this is received the tenders cannot be submitted. The competition for the contract should be a warm one, as quite a number of firms in the hotel building, including Messrs. Morrison & Armstrong, of New Westminster, who are building the company's new wharf here.

Present indications give poor promise of an exciting finish to the baseball season this summer. Officials of the Victoria club express themselves as disappointed at the lack of public appreciation of their efforts to provide a first-class exhibition once a week for the benefit of local fans. Owing to the want of patronage it became necessary some time ago to reorganize the team on a purely amateur basis, thus cutting down expenses to the extent of three salaries. This left the club with some funds on hand. Since then the attendance has fallen off to an even greater extent than previously, and the treasurer of the club has found himself compelled to draw from the reserve fund in order to make up the expenses of the visiting team. There is now a little over \$100 in the treasury, according to information received from an official. "Why don't you turn out and give us some sport?" was asked one of the boys the other day. "When we can get the general public to talk like that we'll be ready to play," was the reply. "You know we can't go on playing without support."

Rev. E. H. Shanks delivered a stirring address at the Y. M. C. A. hall last evening to Christian workers on "Stumbling Blocks." Unbelief was mentioned as the chief hindrance to blessing from God, even Christ himself on earth having been unable to work through unbelief. Hypocrisy and love of pleasure were pictured as other "stumbling blocks." At the close the prospect of holding revival meetings was discussed, and a committee now have the matter in hand. The noon day prayer meetings will be continued, and a choir practiced held next Tuesday evening in the Y. M. C. A. hall. On Sunday evening Mr. Shanks will speak on the "Triumph of Faith," and Mrs. Shanks will sing. The Sunday evening meetings at the Y. M. C. A. are now becoming quite popular, and a large attendance is expected.

United States Minister Leishman has notified the state department from Constantinople that he has failed to receive the expected satisfactory reply from the Sultan touching the rights of American citizens in Turkey. The American battleship fleet may be detained at Gibraltar to strengthen the minister's hands in the conduct of these negotiations.

THE LATEST NEWS OF THE ISLANDER

BUOYS MARK SPOT WHERE STEAMER LIES

San Francisco Steamer Will Be Crowded When Sailing This Evening—Unique Excursion.

Officials of the Neptune Salvage Company in Seattle are in receipt of a telegram from Capt. Finch, which stated that the weather was gradually improving, and that before very long an attempt would be made to remove the safe from the purser's room on the steamer Islander. The telegram further informed the officials that but three hours of clear weather and calm seas would be required to bring the strong box out of the vessel and up to the barges.

During the past few days, as a precaution against storms which sweep with great violence down that passage, buoys have been set by means of an anchor being placed within the vessel itself. This, should the buoys be swept away, would enable Capt. Finch to pick the location of the wreck at any time.

The officials of the company say it would be impossible to make any very extended search for the treasure, which was left in the staterooms of the vessel, without tearing a way a goodly portion of the woodwork. This the company intends to avoid as much as possible, and will, according to present plans, wait until the vessel is raised before attempting to remove any of the gold, with the exception of that in the purser's room.

Capt. Finch says that the new globes, which have been placed over the electric lights, are working fine, and that all measurements have been taken necessary for removing the safe. An attempt was made two days ago to remove the safe, but it was found impossible to work without endangering the lives of those in the cage, and the move was abandoned until better weather prevails.

INCREASE IN WAR RATES.

The rate on wheat and flour via the North Pacific lines from Puget Sound ports, Portland and British Columbia is to be advanced 25 per cent, beginning September 1st, says a Seattle dispatch. This is the result of the action of the freight bureau of the North Pacific Asiatic lines. It was agreed upon Wednesday night, after a telegraphic convention between W. D. Benson, secretary of the association, and its members. At the present time the tariff on both flour and wheat is \$4 per ton, whereas on September 1st the rate is to be raised to \$6 per ton.

The increase to be made in insurances is occasioned by the menacing movements of the Russian Vladivostok squadron, which, however, have given Canadian steamships no great cause for alarm. A telegram from Montreal yesterday says in this connection: "Inquiry at the offices of the C. P. R. to-day elicited the information that the local tendering, including Messrs. Morrison & Armstrong, of New Westminster, who are building the company's new wharf here."

EXCURSION COMING.

The Alaska Steamship Company's steamer Dolphin is to bring an excursion to Victoria from Bellingham on the 11th inst. She will reach Victoria, it is expected, some time early in the afternoon, and all passengers who desire to spend the day in the city and the others who will take out to Three Rocks, to Beecher bay and other points of interest included in Victoria's charming resorts but reached only by means of water or by a long drive. The latter route of course is impossible for the excursionists, who only come to spend a day.

The trip of the Dolphin will be unique in so far as the arrangements for an outside excursion is concerned. The southern part of this island when the salmon fishing and canning industry of the province is here centered to a greater extent will present attractions of the greatest interest to strangers. William Head quarantine station is already an attractive point for such, and there are bays and inlets of special beauty along the route which the Dolphin proposes to take.

PASSENGERS FOR FRISCO.

No steamer has sailed for San Francisco this year on which there has been a greater demand for space than on the City of Puebla, which leaves this evening. Every state room has been secured for the trip and passengers than have been ticketed would be leaving could they obtain berth accommodation. Those who will be embarking at this port this evening will include the following: Katherine E. Maynard, M. T. Maynard, Elizabeth S. Maynard, B. E. Maynard, William Job, A. R. Agassiz, Fred McConnell, Mrs. N. Bertoni, J. F. Maroney, Miss Bennett, Stanley S. Langley, M. Langley, M. F. Settors and wife, Mrs. Mary Job, Kenneth McCandless, Mrs. A. G. McCandless, Miss I. Luaders, Courtney Bennett and wife, A. Vandyske, Mrs. Vandyske, Leon Levy, A. Ardling, Mrs. McIver, M. McIver and M. McIver. The steamer will carry 15 Japanese passengers.

The Unatilla of the same line arrived from San Francisco at 3 o'clock this morning, bringing a total number of 290 passengers for all points of call.

SCHOONER IN DISTRESS.

News has been received at San Francisco that, with deckload gone, in a waterlogged condition, and dismasted, the three-masted schooner Maria E. Smith, bound from Port Ludlow to Guayaquil, put into Mazatlan on August 3rd for repairs. The vessel left her last port on June 15th, and was heavily laden with 100,000 feet of lumber. Heavy seas caused her seams to open and a southwest wind snapped off her fore and mizzen masts. A jury-mast was rigged

CLOSING OUT SALE

The Entire Stock of Furniture, Grockery, Etc., Must Go

A few of the Bargains offered in the Furniture Department are as follows:

DINING ROOM SUITES
No. 234-Cobler Regular Seats, 7 pieces, similar to cut. Regular \$23.00. Reduced to \$15.00
No. 238-Polished finish, Quarter Cut Oak, 7 pieces, upholstered with leather seats. Regular \$45.00. Reduced to \$30.00
No. 11-8 pieces, Quarter Cut Oak, upholstered with leather seats. Regular \$90.00. Reduced to \$40.00

Chiffonieres
This is a fair sample of the Great Bargains offered in all our departments during the winding up sale.
No. 99-Curley Birch serpentine front, highly polished Mirror, 16x24. Regular \$45. Reduced to \$26.00
No. 42-Quarter Cut Oak, polished finish, Mirror, 16x24. Regular \$31.50. Reduced to \$20.00
No. 600-Chest of Drawers, 6 drawers, golden oak finish. Regular \$12.00. Now \$8.00

B.C. Furniture Co. 66-68 Government Street.

Saturday's Specialties!

- LEMONS (LARGE CALIFORNIA) 2 dozen for 35 cents
7-LB. TIN C. & B. MARMALADE 75 cents
LARGE EASTERN EGGS, per dozen 25 cents
FINEST MANTOBA CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb. 25 cents

THE SAUNDERS GROCERY COMPANY, LIMITED 80 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.
THE "WEST END" GROCERY COMPANY, LIMITED 42 GOVERNMENT STREET.

SALMON TROLLING OUTFITS, SEA BASS OUTFITS

Special rods for salmon fishing. All kinds of spoons, reels, etc. You can have good sport bass fishing if you use the right tackle, and it does not cost much. See our assortment at AT FOX'S 78 Government St.

Summer Colds
You should cure that cold at once. It is not only making you feel miserable, but it is doing you harm. Take Shiloh's Consumption Cure

Shiloh's Consumption Cure
The Lung Tonic
It is guaranteed to cure you. Your money refunded if it doesn't. At all druggists, 50c, 75c, and \$1.00 a bottle.

\$650 BUYS A SEVEN-ROOMED HOUSE, IN GOOD ORDER
Terms if Necessary
MONEY TO LOAN. FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN. P.R. Brown, Ltd., 30 BROAD ST.

New and Tempting Delicacies
FOR 5 O'CLOCK TEA. Chocolate Sandwich, Raspberry Sandwich, Meringues, Persian Cream Sandwich. Try these with one of our Ice Cream Brioche.

CLAY'S
Job printing rooms in Times building, power included. Possession after August 31st. Apply at the Times office.

1-2 Acre Blocks
Close to town and just off Gorge road; splendid situation. FOR SALE AT BARGAIN PRICES. Easy Monthly Payments. SWINERTON & ODDY, 102 GOVERNMENT ST.

Jas. A. Douglas AGENT
Canada Accident Assurance Co. SUB-AGENT
London Mutual Fire Insurance Co., of Canada.

THE VERY LATEST Southern Smiles
Positively the best Two-Step of the day. Will outlive Hawatha and Laughing Water in popularity before Christmas. Ask to have it played at the Up-to-date Music Store. FLETCHER BROS. 93 GOVERNMENT ST.

When are you going to get that "ANGELUS" PIANO PLAYER
That your wife wants? M. W. Waitt & Co., Ltd. General Agents for the "Angelus." A new stock of Music Rolls just received.

BEST QUALITY SHINGLES
Rough and Dressed LUMBER
For sale at lowest prices. ROBERT A. WHITFIELD, Contractor and Lumber Dealer. Mill at Osoyoos. Phone 101.

FAWCETT'S FAMILY DRUG STORE

Cor. Douglas Street and King's Road PHONE 533.

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes accurately compounded. Night attending.
Steamers for Puget Sound ports: Steamer Roselle sails daily except Tuesday, at 9 a. m.; steamer Whatcom sails daily, except Thursday, at 8 p. m., calling at Port Angeles daily, except Tuesday and Thursday. Cheap week-end excursions.

Sewing machine motors. See our window. Hinton Electric Co.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time.

Sewing machine motors, \$35 installed. Hinton Electric Co.

Fire, Life, Marine and Accident Agency, Travelers' Life and Accident Insurance Company. Tickets 25c a day. Lowest rates for marine insurance on hulls or cargo. Agency, Lloyd's underwriters. Office, Wellington Coal agency, Atlantic S.S. lines, Hall-Geopel Co., 100 Government St., Tel. call 83.

Sewing machine motors. Best yet, \$35. Hinton Electric Co.

Finest Cloverleaf butter in one pound blocks or fourteen pound boxes, at 25c pound at Erekin's grocery, corner Johnson and Quadra streets.

All Aboard for Cordova Bay.

A stage will leave the Victoria Transfer Co. office, Broughton street, every evening at 6 o'clock for this great watering place. Returning, will leave Cordova Bay at 7.30 a. m. for the city. Fare each way, 25c.

Finest preserving peaches at Erekin's grocery; lowest cash prices, 10c, 100.

A delightful outing Sunday, 7th inst., through the beautiful Gulf Islands and Pender Island Canal with a stop-over of two hours at Ganges harbor.

Sewing machine motors. You need one. Hinton Electric Co.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says: "The Associated Press can announce that there will be no repetition of the Knight Commander and Thea incidents. Russia has instructed naval commanders not to sink neutral merchantmen with contraband on board in the future, except in the case of direct necessity, but in cases of emergency to send prizes into neutral ports."

United States Minister Leishman has notified the state department from Constantinople that he has failed to receive the expected satisfactory reply from the Sultan touching the rights of American citizens in Turkey. The American battleship fleet may be detained at Gibraltar to strengthen the minister's hands in the conduct of these negotiations.

Special Bargains IN SUITS
A few odds and ends to be sold, and are being sold at BIG REDUCTIONS. These goods are up-to-date and finished in first-class style at PEDEN'S 30 FORT ST. Merchant Tailor.

Dr. Price's CREAM Baking Powder
FOR FIFTY YEARS A FAVORITE
Always makes the perfect biscuit, cake and bread. Price Baking Powder Co. CHICAGO, U. S. A.

TIDE TABLE. Victoria, B. C., August, 1904. (Issued by the tidal survey-branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)

For time of high water add 14 minutes to H. W. at Victoria.

MOWAT'S GROCERY
Apricots Are Just **Peaches**
 Will be next in order. Leave your order so that we may send you the choicest fruit.
ROBT. MOWAT
 GROCER, 77 YATES STREET.
 FREE SILVERWARE. Coupons given with every Sale.

ANOTHER MUSIC CYCLE PROPOSED

TWO DAYS' FESTIVAL HAS BEEN SUGGESTED

By C. A. E. Harriss, Who Outlines His Plan—Victoria is Invited to Take Part.

A proposal of more than ordinary interest to the music lovers of Victoria has been submitted by Charles A. E. Harriss, whose enthusiasm for and devotion to the cause of music were demonstrated by the organization and management of the great cycle of musical festivals throughout the Dominion of Canada in 1903. Mr. Harriss has in contemplation the holding of a second cycle in the spring of 1905, in which he invites the co-operation of all those interested in the advancement of musical knowledge and culture. To make the undertaking possible he requires that the cities of Canada provide choruses, which must be self-managed and controlled financially and otherwise, willing to bear all the local work and expense of practices, hire of concert hall, etc., and be willing to accept of another of England's leading conductors to wield the baton at the festivals, will engage soloists of the first rank in England, and will bring a professional orchestra from the East.

With regard to Victoria, he suggests the formation of a choral society, the holding of a two days' festival in the Victoria theatre, and the choral society to take 25 per cent. of the receipts accruing from the festival from which to reimburse itself for the local expenditure. It is stated that the receipts from the last festival were \$2,400 (approximately), so that the choral society could safely rely upon receiving \$600, which would be ample for its expenses.

These festivals are assured as far as Winnipeg, but to enable him to face the great financial risk of including British Columbia in the cycle Mr. Harriss requires the united support of Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster. Even under the most favorable conditions it is difficult to see how he can carry out his part of the proposal without financial loss. To visit these three cities means a journey of about 5,000 miles (to and from Winnipeg), which would involve a tremendous outlay in travelling expenses and subsistence of artists and orchestra, besides their fees, which have to be paid whether they are performing or not. All this expense, which would have to be met out of the 75 per cent. of the receipts in the three cities, is an undertaking of no little financial risk, but to quote Mr. Harriss' own words, "it is because it is so impossible that I feel the great desire to carry it out again, but I simply cannot carry the entire load, and the local town must do the local work against what I do and reimburse itself out of the 25 per cent. of the receipts. Festival making is not money making, but so far as I can see the local clubs would be on the safe side."

That the organization of these festivals involves great work and heavy financial risk is apparent from a little consideration of Mr. Harriss' proposal. This he is willing and glad to face if by so doing he can help on the cause of music. Mr. Harriss calls it a musical educational work, and to Victoria's amateurs the artistic side of the undertaking is perhaps of more importance than the financial side. Last year's festival marked a decided advance in the musical history of the city. The great wealth of vocal talent in the festival chorus was a matter of surprise to many. That talent, properly organized and assisted by an orchestra, as Mr. Harriss promises to bring, could attain to far greater heights in music than is at present possible. The magnificent works of the master minds in music would be within its capabilities and could be rendered as they were meant to be rendered. Efforts have been made occasionally in the past to weld together the vocalists of the city into a large and stable choral society, but so far without success; but it is hoped that, in view of Mr. Harriss' offer, something will now be done.

If the festivals can be made self-supporting they will be held annually, and each succeeding year will bring a great conductor and educate the musical amateurs to "greater music." The musical profession will also be thereby afforded

the needed opportunity of exchanging musical thoughts with the foremost musicians of the times, all of which will help us to advance musically as a nation. That such intercourse is beneficial none can doubt, and the warm and hearty reception given to Sir Alexander Mackenzie last year by the members of the musical profession and the amateurs from one end of Canada to the other, together with the unanimous praise of the festival scheme given by the press both in Canada and England, encourage Mr. Harriss to repeat the experiment.

As before mentioned Mr. Harriss cannot entertain the idea of visiting this province unless he is assured of the support and co-operation of Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster. Vancouver already has a choral society which is in full working order and in communication with Mr. Harriss on the subject. It remains for Victoria's amateurs to decide whether they wish to participate in the event. If they do it will be necessary for them to meet together, discuss the scheme fully in all its bearings, organize a chorus, elect a conductor, committee of management, etc., and place themselves in communication with Mr. Harriss. Financial help will be needed at the start, but in a music-loving community such as Victoria there should be no least difficulty as to ways and means.

Early action is necessary on account of the length of time it would take to make the necessary arrangements with the festival conductor and soloists in England.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

VANCOUVER.

At a meeting of the congregation of St. Paul's church on Thursday evening, W. H. Archer, the architect, exhibited various plans for a new church, and one chosen was a \$12,000 frame building, with a stone foundation and a lofty tower and spire. When completed this church will have a seating capacity of 576, and will have four entrances. About two-thirds of the cost has already been subscribed for.

When the hold-up conspiracy case came up before Magistrate Alexander Thursday W. E. Burns announced that the Crown had decided to withdraw the charges of conspiracy against Hogan and McDonald, proceeding with Meade alone. Meade was then formally charged with conspiring with Hogan and McDonald in the Hastings townsite, on July 2nd, to rob W. H. Quan of the sum of \$6,000. After hearing the evidence the magistrate said that while there were some suspicious circumstances, it did not seem to him that the evidence was strong enough to justify him in sending the prisoner up for trial. Mr. Bird then applied for a discharge, which was granted.

A wedding at fresco was conducted at Caulfield's Camp Thursday afternoon, when Annie Evelyn, eldest daughter of Rev. Dr. Roland D. Grant, was united in marriage to Mr. William Dixon Hopcroft, chief officer of the R.M.S. Empress of Japan. The ceremony was performed by the bride's father, and altogether was a very unique affair. The bride was attired in pale pink crepe de chine, while the groom and the best man were dressed in flannels. Miss Verona Grant was bridesmaid. Mr. E. W. Rollins, of Boston, gave away the bride, and the groom was attended by Captain Holmhead, of Hongkong.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. James Walsh, 804 Richards street, was the scene of an exceedingly pretty wedding Wednesday afternoon, when their eldest daughter, Miss Pearl May Walsh, was united in marriage to Mr. Edward William Caspell, of the Hudson's Bay Company's staff. The bridesmaids were Miss Rita Walsh, a younger sister of the bride, and Miss Irene Caspell, niece of the groom. The groom was attended by Mr. Hedley Jarman, Rev. Dr. Campbell, of the First Presbyterian church, Victoria, performed the ceremony, assisted by Rev. R. J. Wilson, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, in this city. A large number of beautiful presents were received, including the following: Dr. and Mrs. Campbell, hand-painted cup and saucer; Mr. and Mrs. McCandless, Victoria, sugar shell; Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Victoria, table linen; Dr. and Mrs. Lewis, Hill, Victoria, berry spoon; Mr. and Mrs. Losen, Victoria, spread; Mr. and Mrs. Chapman, Victoria, card set; Miss Butler, Victoria, chocolate pot; Mrs. Robertson, Victoria, silver spoons; Miss T. Robertson, Victoria, fancy dollies; Miss M. Robertson, Victoria, 5 o'clock tea cloth; Mr. and Mrs. John Maston, Victoria, fancy vase; Mrs. and Miss Cullin, Victoria, cold meat fork; Mrs. J. Plett, Victoria, napkin rings; Mr. and Mrs. Vanderburg, St. Mary's, Ont., butter dish; Miss Fields, Victoria, centre piece; Mr. A. Jewell, Victoria, carving set; Miss W. Cullin, Victoria, sugar shell.

"Maple Leaf Manse," 227 Dunlavy avenue, was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Wednesday evening, when Mr. James Campbell McLeod, druggist, of Vancouver, and Miss Sadie Whyte, of Nanaimo, were united in marriage. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. M. MacLeod.

NEW WESTMINSTER.
 James Cunningham was re-elected president, J. J. Cambridge, vice-president, and W. H. Keary, secretary, at the annual meeting of the board of management of the Royal Columbia Hospital. A statement of receipts and disbursements was presented to the board and was received. The statement showed that the board started the fiscal year with an overdraft of \$580 and during the twelve months \$1,500 was expended on repairs and improvements in the

building. The year was closed with a slight balance to the credit, though on account of the large expenditures the provincial overdraft was not reduced. In this connection the secretary reported that there is \$4,751.15 owing from discharged patients, of which \$1,500 might be collected. The reports of the house surgeon showed that 441 patients have been admitted during the year.

FORT STEELE.

"Log driving on the St. Mary's and Kootenay rivers came to an end last week," says the Prospector. Over 5,000,000 feet of logs are now held in the boom of the Crow's Nest Pass Lumber Co. at Wardner. As far as natural conditions are concerned, the lumber operations of the Crow's Nest Pass Co. have been most satisfactory. The Moyie Lumber Co. has landed nearly 8,000,000 feet of logs in Moyie lake, opposite the mill. A number of timber limits, have been taken up on Toby creek.

ROSSLAND.

"John H. Macdonald and Harry G. Sossman have returned from a trip to Sheep Lake. They were not eminently successful in capturing trout, and believe one reason is that the lake has been dynamited from end to end for trout. Quantities of fish were found, and it is believed that a large quantity of powder was used, for the reason that the boat itself was tied to the bank with a section of fuse, and quantities of powder wrapping were picked up. They saw no grouse or indications of birds, but got a sight of one deer."—Miner.

PHOENIX.

On Tuesday the first fatality that has taken place on the construction of the V. V. & E. branch of the Great Northern railway now being built from Grand Forks to Phoenix, occurred about two miles from the city, and one man was instantly killed. The accident happened near the No. 2 camp of Burns & Jordan, at a point where a large amount of rock had to be removed, and where Johnson, Turpin and companions have taken five or six sections of work. They had drilled and sprung a good sized hole, and had poured in six kegs of black powder, when it exploded. They then started a small hole further down the hill for the purpose of intersecting the large hole. When the black powder was reached by the drill an explosion occurred, blowing Turpin into little pieces, and slightly injuring another man.

KAMLOOBS.

A man named Joe Tobias was drowned Monday afternoon in the North Thompson, near Louis Creek. He was crossing the river in a boat, which capsized, throwing him into the river, and before assistance could be rendered he was drowned.

The installation of the new plant at the Iron Mask is now about completed and it is expected that within a few days, not later than next week, the concentrator will be in active operation and at least one hundred men will be employed on the property. Work underground has been resumed and the stopping of ore will soon be in full swing.

C. H. Dickie, of Victoria, came up from the coast on Sunday night to take charge of the Copper King property which he and associates recently purchased from A. N. Gray, who has for some time past been engaged in developing it. The result of the work done under his management has been to disclose a considerable body of shipping ore, and it is the intention of the new owners to steadily push development for the next twelve months. "Mr. Dickie to a Sontrol representative, "Mr. Gray has done good work on it. If we had such a showing on the Island we would think we had something great. The present workings at the lower tunnel give a depth of about 110 feet and the ore body has considerably increased in width at that depth over what it was at the surface."

FERNIE.

The contract for the new Episcopal church has been let to R. Kerr, who will commence work at once. Already some of the material is on the ground. The building will be 77 feet long, the main body of the church being 50 feet. The church will cost in the neighborhood of \$4,000. It is probable that a rectory will be built this year on the adjoining lot.

A Free Press representative on Thursday, July 28th, had a few minutes' chat with Mr. G. G. S. Lindsey, the managing director and third vice-president of Lindsey, "I returned Wednesday from Winnipeg where the final arrangements were made with the C. P. R. for the lease of the branch line to Coal creek. The line has been leased for a period of ten years with the option of renewing the lease for another ten years at the expiration of that time. The branch will be taken over on September 1st, under the name of the Morrissey, Fernie & Michel Railway Co. Will we buy the C. P. R. rolling stock? We will own our rolling stock, and at the present time we are negotiating with the C. P. R. for the purchase of theirs, but the matter is not settled yet. Yes, this will alter our plans with regard to the location of the junction of the branch with the Great Northern extension. The connection will be made nearer the town than was planned with the new line we contemplated building to the mines. Our engineers are now working on this. Mr. Lindsey gave some very encouraging news about the conditions of the coke market. He had visited Montana points in his trip and had secured large contracts for coke extending over a long period of time. He was sanguine as to the future in this regard. The lack of years at the present time was causing a short close down. The coal company would continue to develop Morrissey with unabated vigor. The coal there was exceptionally good for domestic

TOURNAMENT IS NEARING AN END

RESULTS OF TENNIS MATCHES YESTERDAY

Major Bethel Defeated W. A. Goss in Final of Gentlemen's Singles—To-Day's Fixtures.

More interest centered in the struggle between Major Bethel and W. A. Goss, both of Portland, which took place yesterday afternoon in connection with the annual open tournament of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club, than in any other final. The match resulted in favor of Major Bethel. While the two Americans took positions opposite each other on No. 1 court the seats on both sides of the Belcher street club house were crowded. Among those who watched the contest closely were R. B. Powell, R. G. Breese, A. T. Goward and other well known experts. The former had a special interest in the match, as he is scheduled to meet the victor this afternoon in a game on which depends the championship.

W. A. Goss took the first serve. He delivered an effective ball, and running up to the net received his opponent's return on the volley. These tactics were continued throughout the first set, Goss playing close to the net, volleying everything with remarkable accuracy. Although the splendid drives of his opponent sometimes defeated him he adhered to the same plan and won point after point. His grand wood drives were played it deserved, and when the scorer announced that he had succeeded in capturing the first set without allowing his formidable opponent one game, he was the recipient of quite an ovation.

There was a decided change in the second set. Bethel seemed to settle down and met his opponent's net with balls which speedily sent the latter to the back of the court. The set was stubbornly contested and both players put up an exceedingly pretty exhibition. While Goss played really brilliant tennis he had not the determination or staying power of his opponent. It seemed as if Bethel was always playing an uphill game, but he never slackened his pace and kept playing carefully and where the opportunity offered, sending his deadly drives. When the game reached five all and then six all there was enthusiastic applause. The two next and the set went to Bethel only through steady placing and judicious smashing.

From this on Bethel seemed to regain his confidence. He wore his opponent down by placing the ball now in one corner of the court and the next minute on the opposite side. He didn't, however, have things entirely his own way. Goss played pluck and, managing to reach the net several times in spite of Bethel's lobs, outlasted the latter. "Four all, third set; five-four, third set. Goss leads; five all, third set; six-five, third set; Bethel leads; six all," came from the official scorer and, as the last announcement was made, the excitement of the spectators was evidenced in enthusiastic applause. With the players on an even standing, six games each, Bethel's indomitable pluck won for him the next two games and the set. The last set was not as even, Bethel outplaying his opponent, who was apparently worn out, at every point.

The gentlemen's doubles that attracted the most attention yesterday was that between A. T. Goward and R. H. Pooley and Major Bethel and W. A. Goss. To the surprise of most local enthusiasts, the game went to the visitors with comparative ease. The score in the first set was 6-4 and in the final 6-3. Messrs. Bethel and Goss completely outclassed the locals.

The mixed-double between A. T. Goward and Miss Goss and R. H. Pooley and Mrs. Hull was more interesting. In the first set the former couple won easily by a score of 6-0. This was changed in the second set, however, when Capt. Wright and Mrs. Hull, by means of excellent combination play, won the set without difficulty. Mrs. Hull's playing was splendid. Her strokes, particularly the back hand drive, are a pleasure to watch. There is no unnecessary exertion, but the ball glides over the net with a speed that makes a good return far from easy. Capt. Wright and Mrs. Hull continued the pace in the third set and won from their opponents after one of the prettiest exhibitions of the tournament. The results of yesterday afternoon's play follows:

- Men's Singles—Open.
 R. P. Schwengers, J.B.A.A., beat Farquhar, Vancouver, 6-3, 6-3.
- Final—Major Bethel, Portland, beat W. A. Goss, Portland, 6-4, 7-5, 8-6, 6-3.
- Men's Doubles.
 International—R. P. Schwengers and J. A. Rithet, J.B.A.A., beat Breese and Remington, Tacoma, 6-4, 6-3.
- International—Major Bethel and W. A. Goss, Portland, beat A. T. Goward and R. H. Pooley, Victoria, 6-4, 6-3.
- Open—R. B. Powell and J. D. Hunter beat J. B. Bell and T. G. Wilson, 6-2, 6-3.
- Ladies' Singles.
 Final—Mrs. Hull beat Mrs. Burton, 6-3, 5-7, 6-3.
- Ladies' Doubles.
 Mrs. Burton and Miss A. Bell beat Mrs. Davidson and Miss Devons, 6-4, 1-6, 6-2.
- Mrs. Hull and Mrs. Wright beat Miss Hulbert and Miss Hobson, 6-4, 6-4.
- Mixed Doubles.
 Capt. Bunbury and Mrs. Burton beat Capt. Popham and Miss Devons, 6-2, 6-2.
- Capt. Wright and Mrs. Hull beat A. T. Goward and Miss Goward, 6-0, 6-1, 6-4.
- The fixtures for this afternoon are appended:
 2 p.m., Championship Round, Ladies' Singles—Miss Goward (holder), vs. Mrs. Hull.
 Championship Round, Gentlemen's

Singles—R. B. Powell, Victoria (holder), vs. Major Bethel, Portland.
 This match will also decide the semi-final round in the international series.
 The game between R. P. Schwengers, J.B.A.A., and A. T. Goward, Victoria, will be played during the course of the afternoon.
 4:15 p.m., Gentlemen's Doubles, B. C. Championship—R. B. Powell and J. D. Hunter, Victoria, vs. Major Bethel and W. A. Goss, Portland.
 4:15. Mixed Doubles, Final—Capt. Wright and Mrs. Hull vs. winners of Capt. Bunbury and Mrs. Burton vs. R. H. Pooley and Miss Goss.
 The finals in the international singles and doubles will be played on Monday afternoon.
 The men's championship will be between the winner of R. B. Powell, Victoria, and Major Bethel, Portland, and the winner of R. P. Schwengers, J. B. A. A., and A. T. Goward, Victoria.
 The championship doubles will be contested by R. P. Schwengers and J. A. Rithet, J.B.A.A., and R. B. Powell and A. T. Goward, Victoria.

FIRST INTERNATIONAL.

The present tournament has been pronounced by all in attendance to have been unexcelled by any which have been held here. The interest was very much enhanced owing to the international meeting taking place in connection with it. Arthur Remington, of Tacoma, who is an enthusiastic lover of tennis, pronounces the present tournament to have been unexcelled by any previous ones held in the Northwest. Mr. Remington is president of the recently organized international association in connection with which the first series of matches are being held this year.

The international association, he thinks, will instill a great deal of friendly rivalry among the clubs of the territory represented, and the present meeting has clearly established the wisdom of such an organization in connection with which R. B. Powell, of this city, was the guiding spirit.

The throwing open of all the British Columbia championships to all comers has lent much to the success of the enjoyable feature of the present tournament. In consequence of this the visiting players have not had to retire as soon as defeated in the international series or the British Columbia series, as the case might be. On the contrary, they have had opportunities in the remaining chess. This has given the visitors much more interest in the matches, as at no time have they been forced to sit back simply as spectators. On the contrary, they have ever had matches ahead of them on the schedule. The spectators in consequence of this arrangement have also been given the opportunity to witness the best players from outside points time and time again.

This has been, Mr. Remington thinks, one of the features which has made the present tournament so very attractive to players and spectators alike.

In connection with next year's international event, Portland, it is understood, will make a strong bid for it. The fact that the big fair is to be held in that city next year will afford an additional inducement for this. Tacoma would also like to have it come to that city, and should Portland or Tacoma will then put forth efforts for the 1906 tournament.

The Washington championship series is held regularly at Seattle. The Oregon championship tournament takes place at Portland, while Tacoma, the oldest club of any of them, has been honored by being chosen as the meeting place for the championship of the Pacific Northwest, which is held under the auspices of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association. This year's tournament will be the fourteenth annual event of its kind, and will open August 27th on the Tacoma tennis court.

LACROSSE.

GAME TO-DAY.
 An intermediate match will be played this afternoon between the James Bay and Victoria. West teams at the Cathedral grounds. Play will commence at 3 o'clock.

MATCH TO-MORROW.
 Victoria will play Seattle to-morrow. The game takes place on the latter team's grounds. It is expected that the local twelve will be accompanied to the Sound by a large number of supporters.

CRICKET.
VICTORIA VS. SEATTLE.
 At the Jubilee hospital grounds to-day a match is in progress between the Victoria and Seattle teams. The game started at 10 o'clock.

GARRISON WON.
 Yesterday a match was played between the Seattle and Garrison teams at the Work Point grounds. The game resulted in a win for the soldiers by a score of 155 to 132 runs. For the visiting team the Willing batted splendidly, running up a score of 51 runs before retiring. An excellent bowling record was established by Clark, of the Seattle team, who took four wickets for 45 runs. Baker and Burgess were the most successful bowlers for the Garrison team.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.
INTERNATIONAL TEAM COMING.
 "According to advices received in the city from Australia, the British International Rugby football team, now touring in Australia and New Zealand, will play the Vancouver fifteen in this city about the middle of September," says the Vancouver News-Advertiser.

"R. P. Woodward, a prominent member of the local club, received a letter from Roland Kean, of Brisbane, with whom he has been corresponding for some time. In the letter it is stated that Mr. Kean approached the British players during their visit to Brisbane, and received the assurance that eighteen of them would return by way of Canada, passing, of course, through Vancouver. They were willing to make a stay in this city and play two matches or more if thought best. The one condition is that they will not play more than two matches a week, and it is likely that the games will take place on a Wednesday and Saturday.
 "The football men to whom the letter was shown were all enthusiastic in support of the match, and the members of the Brockton Point Athletic Club also favor the idea.
 "Though there has not been time to formally accept the offer, it is safe to an-

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MILITARY NEWS AND GOSSIP

General Parsons, commander-in-chief of the Imperial forces in Canada, will arrive here early next month for the purpose of inspecting the forces stationed at Work Point Garrison. It is understood that the general's visit will extend over a fortnight. His time will be spent in a thorough inspection of the troops and a careful examination of Red Hill, Black Rock and Maccanby Point fortresses. While in the city it is not improbable that he will take advantage of the open season to organize a few shooting expeditions, as he is an enthusiastic sportsman, and takes great pleasure in both fishing and hunting.

Several local militia men attach special significance to the visit of the commander-in-chief to the coast this year. They contend that as he was here last fall a return trip would not be contemplated under ordinary circumstances. The conflict between Russia and Japan and the possibility of Great Britain becoming drawn into the fight are given as reasons why the Imperial authorities have become anxious to ensure the efficiency of the Western defenses of the Dominion. Whatever may be the cause of General Parsons' visit, however, it is true that the army officials will take every step to place the fortresses of Esquimaux in a position to withstand any assault by land or sea.

"To an outsider," remarked Colonel English to a Times man the other day, "the reasons of the Japanese commanders for discontinuing their aggressive tactics in the siege of Port Arthur, pursuing a forward movement against Gen. Kouropatkin, and then suddenly retreating on the onslaught on the aforementioned fortress seems inexplicable. But they no doubt had their reasons, and I must say that the advance against the Russian army has been conducted in an admirable manner. The forward movement has been accomplished in a way that has rendered it impossible for their opponents to do anything else but retreat."

Referring to the condition of Port Arthur and the probable outcome of the conflict between the besiegers and the beleaguered, Colonel English thought it would not be surprising, if the Japanese were willing to continue losing thousands of fighting men, to hear of the fall of the fortress within a few weeks. "But, I hardly think," he added, "that the Japanese generals expect the men are willing to throw away their lives, will pursue an impetuous advance when the cost in casualties is considered." If the besiegers adopt as moderate a plan of action the colonel is of the opinion that Port Arthur, protected by a triple line of fortifications all around the land boundary and her harbor bristling with the guns of a number of first-class battle-ships should hold out at least a year from the time communication was cut off several months ago. Should the time mentioned, it will be a disgrace to Russia, and that nation's prestige will receive a deeper wound than has been inflicted by any Japanese victory up to the present.

Although the main Japanese army might advance slowly against Gen. Kouropatkin's forces, Colonel English thinks they will display more activity at Port Arthur. When that place is captured there will be nothing to interfere with a combined advance against the Russians. Admiral Togo's fleet will be released, and the situation will be greatly relieved. Once it becomes unnecessary to block the harbor of Port Arthur the Japanese fleet can attend to administering a quietus to the Vladivostok squadron. Such a condition of affairs will deal a death-blow to the proposed trip of the Baltic fleet to the Pacific coast and, Colonel English says, it will probably have the effect of preventing any further Red Sea trouble. When these things are considered some idea can be gathered of the tremendous importance of the capture of Port Arthur to the Japanese. If it capitulated within a month or thereabouts it will be a great victory for the besieging troops, and should the beleaguered troops manage to hold out for a year or more it will keep back the Japanese advance and interfere with their whole campaign.

Providing events happen at Port Arthur as the Japanese desire, and as their admirers ardently hope, undivided attention will be given the advance against the main Russian army. All the

forces of Japan will be combined to drive the enemy back past Mukden, their present headquarters. What course will then be pursued, Colonel English explains, can only be conjectured. As far as he can see there is no reason why the Japanese should follow out an aggressive policy after having driven the Russians beyond their base of supply. In his opinion they will then adopt a "waiting" plan, advancing no farther, but vigorously checking any effort on the part of the opposing forces to move forward.

"Do you think under such circumstances Russia will sue for peace?" was asked. "No," replied Colonel English, "I am of the opinion that a country with the immense population and other resources of the Russian Empire will hardly come to terms with the Japanese nation."

"The passing of the new militia bill will come as a great satisfaction to the many officers and men in the force who have known the faults of the archaic legislation and regulations framed thereon which should follow out an aggressive policy after having driven the Russians beyond their base of supply. In his opinion they will then adopt a 'waiting' plan, advancing no farther, but vigorously checking any effort on the part of the opposing forces to move forward."

"To ourselves it comes with particular satisfaction because we have pressed constantly for a new law, and further because very many of the grievances of which we complained have been removed by its passage. Of course many details have been left to be settled by regulations, and until these are before the public it is impossible to give a complete criticism of the gains made by the passage of the bill. These things are accomplished facts; pay is increased in a substantial manner for both permanent and non-permanent militia; the permanent force will be the first used for strike duty, where available; death and injuries sustained through rifle practice, other than that performed in camps of instruction which was already provided for will be compensated by the crown. Officers who have commanded militia battalions out in aid of the civil power will no longer be obliged to sue the municipality by which they were summoned for the cost of the troops—this unpleasant and time-consuming duty will in future rest on the crown. Cadet corps receive a larger measure of recognition; emphasis is laid upon the instructional duties of the permanent force; free shillery will be issued to all mounted officers; rifle clubs take a still stronger place in the militia system of the country; power is given to form a militia council to aid the minister in the performance of his duties. In this following the example set us by the army council in Great Britain; provision is made for the appointment of an inspector-general of the Canadian forces; the Canadian land militia will hereafter very properly be entirely dissociated from the Canadian naval militia, which latter is soon to be put on a fairly substantial basis."

Several sections of the garrison stationed at Work Point barracks are enjoying their regular summer outing. Some are at Clover Point and others in the neighborhood of Red Hill. Route marches and other profitable exercises are held at regular intervals, and as far as can be gathered, the men are spending an exceptionally pleasant time. The other day a squad of artillery marched from Red Hill to Beecher bay. The intention is to recall those now in camp in the course of a fortnight and send out some of those at present in barracks.

Every evening for the past week there has been shooting in progress at the Clover Point range, members of the Fifth Regiment all being anxious to qualify for the efficiency pay allowed them who make the required percentage at the 200, 300 and 500 yard ranges. In order to secure the \$5 offered at least 50 per cent, must be made in shooting forty rounds. So far some excellent scores have been made, several of those who have seldom fired at the targets surprising themselves by their accuracy.

It is probable that Co-Sergt. Major Caven will be the only Victoria representative on the British Columbia team to shoot at Ottawa. His name is not among the first eight, but one or two of those who have qualified will be unable to go East, and it is likely that the protest of the local branch of the B. C. R. A. against Corp. Miller and Lieut. Chamberlain will be upheld.

A SIBERIAN INFERNO.

Exiles Driven Insane By the Privations They Have to Endure.

I can safely state that with three exceptions there was not a perfectly sane man or woman among all the exiles at Sredni-Kolymsk, in Siberia. "A couple of years usually makes them shabby," said an official, "and the strongest-minded generally become childish when they have been here five or six."

"But why is it?" I asked. My friend walked to the window and pointed to the mournful street, the dismal hovels, and frozen river, darkening in the dusk. "That," he said, "and the awful silence. Day after day, year after year, not a sound. I have stood in that street at midday and heard a watch tick in my pocket. Think of it, Mr. de Windt. I myself arrived here only a few months ago, but even I shall soon have to get away for a change, or—" and he tapped his forehead significantly.

The insanity which I found so prevalent among exiles here is no doubt largely due to physical privation. When a man is banished for political reasons to Siberia his property is confiscated to the uttermost farthing by the Russian government, which provides a fixed monthly allowance for maintenance in exile. At Sredni-Kolymsk it is £1 10s. a month, an absurdly inadequate allowance, in a place where the necessities of life are always at famine prices.

The exiles were living throughout the winter upon fish caught the preceding summer, unsalted, and, therefore, quite unfit for human consumption. This at midday was their sole nourishment, breakfast consisting of one glass of weak tea and a small piece of gritty black bread. Sugar was such a luxury that a lump was held in the teeth while the liquid was swallowed, one piece thus serving for several days in succession.

Were a house and clothing provided, even the miserable pittance provided by the government might suffice to keep body and soul together; but this is not the case. Some of the exiles were accordingly occupying almost roofless sheds that had been vacated by the Yakutes, while many were so poorly clad that in winter time they were unable to leave their miserable huts.

Fuel also is so dear that in order to raise the temperature of their huts even to minus 47 deg. Fahrenheit, they kindle a few sticks in the fireplace, and then hurry out to block up the chimney for the incense of living in the smoke.

Perhaps it is as well that they do not commit suicide should forget their misery in madness. "From Paris to New York by Land," by Harry de Windt.

DEEP BROODING—MELANCHOLIA

Brooding, restlessness, sleeplessness, these dreadful manifestations of disease that go hand in hand—not in the brain as many imagine, No, happily the cause is only in the blood—grown weak and watery, a result of poor digestion.

Often very difficult indeed to manage are these cases when fully established, yet very easy at the beginning to cure if Ferreroze is employed. This remarkable remedy exerts a powerful influence upon all the digestive functions, excites all the organs to natural action ensuring the expulsion of poisons from the system. Ferreroze creates an abundant supply of rich red blood, which supplies the brain with an abundance of strength and imparts to the whole body vigor and elasticity. Soon the brooding disappears, restlessness gives way to calm and sleeplessness merges into that rest which so speedily uplifts the body. The living machine is made to move in the direction of getting well. Health and vigor take the place of languor and depression. Energy and hope take the place of lassitude and despair. If you take Ferreroze you will soon be well.

DRAUGHT DOGS IN HOLLAND.

Animal Does the Work of the Donkey in the Low Countries.

In Holland and Belgium the dog occupies the place which the donkey does in several other countries. In the former the sight of a couple of dogs dragging along a pussant loaded with vegetables, flowers or shining milk cans is a familiar one. They trot along beneath the dog in the sabot of the woman, who sits behind it to guide it by the handles attached to that point.

In Belgium the dog is hitched in front, as the Russians attach their horses to their droskies, three abreast, and are guided by a pair of rope reins fastened to a muzzle about the nose of the dog in the middle.

Recently the National Cart Dog Association, organized to regenerate the original race of Belgian mastiffs, held its first exhibition of cart dogs. The Flemish breeders have found that in crossing the Belgian mastiffs with the Great Danes, with the idea of increasing the size of the cart dogs, and so securing additional strength, they made a mistake. The result proved to be an animal with weak hindquarters and disproportionally limbs. Now they are endeavoring to revive the original stock.

The women and dogs of these two little countries are another evidence that human and canine nature are the same the world over. When one sees the white-capped Belgian milk woman with her dogs standing near a well, the woman having a battered can slung on her forehead; one instinctively becomes suspicious. The suspicion is confirmed when one discovers a policeman detained with slender-necked milk cans, while he jostles their names in his little book against a charge of watering milk, milkmaids, with their dog team and when the cart comes to a standstill the dogs are no longer draught animals, but dogs. They sit or lie complacently down and lol their tongues from their open mouths. Apparently they have forgotten that they are animals intended for hard labor for life.—Chicago Chronicle.

The Geneva correspondent for the London Daily Mail confirms the report cable from the United States some days ago to the effect that Gladstone's daughter, the son of Elijah of Zion city, will shortly marry Miss Ruth Hofer, the wealthiest heiress in Switzerland. It is stated in Geneva that Miss Hofer's land holdings, valued at \$5,000,000, will be sold after the marriage and the proceeds will be handed over to swell the already enormous Zion city funds.



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"Fruit-a-tives" are fruit juices in tablet form. They are the laxative, tonic and curative principles of fruit—combined into pleasant tasting pellets. They contain all the virtues of fruit—but by the secret process of making them, their action on the human system is many times intensified.

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Try "Fruit-a-tives" and see how quickly they cure you of Constipation, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Bilious Headache, Loss of Appetite and Kidney troubles.

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NEWS OF DECK AND DOCKYARD.

H. M. S. Geaform is to make a sea voyage before recommissioning. She is to return to Esquimaux from Comox, where she now is, on the 10th of this month, will coal and take on stores and sail for Honolulu the following day. She will only make the one port so far as known, and will return then to this port to prepare for recommissioning. The Flora, when she gets back to Esquimaux, will provision for a cruise south, as previously announced, while the Bonaventure, which came in on Tuesday morning to secure supplies, will cruise up the coast until the end of the month. The Flora is expected on September 4th, and she will sail three days later.

The coal sent from Esquimaux to England a few weeks ago to be tested with other samples from elsewhere has been compared under salt water for experimental purposes. It has been shown that this deteriorates considerably if kept stored above ground for any length of time. A certain amount of the heating power is lost, and its smokelessness, one of the most valuable properties of anthracite, also largely disappears. Under water storage was suggested as a remedy for this deterioration just over a year ago, and the admiralty determined to try the experiment. Several cases of Welsh coal were submerged in salt water to a considerable depth. Some weeks ago part of the coal that had been placed under water was raised, and it is now being tested against that which had lain for a like period above ground. One advantage of under water storage is that it removes all danger of spontaneous combustion, which frequently gives much trouble with coal stocked in the ordinary way.

The admiralty are now letting contracts for the installation of electricity at all dockyards, victualling yards, and marine barracks," says the Pall Mall Gazette. This means a large outlay, but one that should be fully justified by the results. It has long been a reproach against the dockyards that their equipment is antiquated, and to a great extent this is true. In some of the yards a certain number of pneumatic machine tools are in use, but these are more an experiment than otherwise. At last,

"The Naval and Military Record says: 'A feature of the eight battleships of the German Imperial navy which visited Plymouth in July is that they are of small displacement, well under 12,000 tons, and are well armored, the Kaiser class having 2,800 tons of Harvey nickel steel, and the Wettin and net sisters 4,000 tons of Krupp steel, but neither of the ships carry anything bigger than the 9.4-in. gun, of which each has four in 10-inch barbettes or turrets. These breechloading weapons throw a projectile of 474 lb, so as to perforate 29.7-in. of iron.

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The Institute will reopen TUESDAY, 13th SEPTEMBER, NOON. Entrance examinations will be held at the School on Saturday, 10th September, at 10 o'clock a.m. For Prospectus, etc., apply to the Principal, or to A. P. RIDDELL, Secretary, North British and Mercantile Building, 80 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal.

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BASTION SQUARE IS NOW OPEN Under Entirely New Management. Nothing but the best brands kept. J. J. BOTHWELL, Prop.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, carrying on business at Number 15 Broad Street, Victoria, as Commission Merchants, Importers and Dealers in Oriental Goods, etc., and Brokers, under the name and style of "Carter & McCandless," has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by Mr. Carter, who has assumed all liabilities and to whom all outstanding accounts are payable. Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 19th day of July, A. D., 1904. GEORGE CARTER, A. G. McCANDLESS. Witness: F. R. GREGORY.

Notice to Contractors

Tenders for the construction of the foundation of the hotel to be built by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company in the City of Victoria will be received up to noon on Monday, July 12th, 1904, and to be addressed to Mr. G. H. Webster, division engineer, Vancouver, at whose office plans and specifications can be inspected on and after July 8th. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed tenders, endorsed "Tender for Heating," will be received by the undersigned up to noon on Friday, the 12th August, 1904, for the erection and completion of a heating plant at the Industrial School, South Vancouver. Plans, specifications, forms of tender and contract may be seen on and after the 29th July, 1904, at the office of T. E. Julian, Esq., architect, Vancouver, and at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C. Tenders will not be considered unless made upon the printed forms supplied for the purpose, and the agreement to execute a bond, appended to the form of tender, is a condition of the contract. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

NOTICE.

W. S. GORE, Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works, Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 27th July, 1904.

TENDERS FOR TIMBER LIMITS

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon on Wednesday, 10th August, 1904, from any person who may desire to obtain a lease, under the provisions of section 42 of the "Land Act," for the purpose of cutting timber therefrom, of a timber limit situated in the vicinity of Decoy Bay, Hecetau Island, known as Lots 2,068 and 2,069, Group 1, New Westminster District, containing in the aggregate 2,068 acres. The competitor offering the highest cash bonus will be entitled to a lease of the limit for a term of twenty-one years. Each tender must be accompanied by a certified cheque, made payable to the undersigned, to cover the amount of the first year's rental (\$722.00), and the amount of bonus tendered, and also a certified cheque for \$1,750.00, being the cost of cruising and surveying the limits. The cheques will be at once returned to unsuccessful competitors.

W. S. GORE, Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works, Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 28th July, 1904.

SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF MINERALS ON DOMINION LANDS IN MANITOBA, THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES AND THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at \$10 per acre for soft coal and \$20 for anthracite. Not more than 520 acres can be acquired by one individual. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miners' certificates may obtain entry for a mining location. A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$2.50 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim—1,500,000 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing local or bench ones, one at each end on the line of the lode or vein. The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located in less than ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction thereof. The fee for recording a claim is \$5.

At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also copper, in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 160 acres. The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 2 1/2 per cent. of the sales of the products of the location.

Placer Mining.—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square, entry fee, \$5, renewable each year. In the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bank, but not exceeding 1,000 feet. Where steam power is used, claims 300 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—A free miner may obtain only two claims of five miles each for a term of twenty years; renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive, entries for bar diggings or bench veins, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the lessee may dredge to high water mark—each alternate leasehold.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles, but where a person or company has obtained more than one lease, one dredge for each five miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental, \$10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory.—Six miles of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable. The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars in the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental, \$100 per mile for each year for the first year and \$10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory.—Creek, gulch, river, bar, bench, or other claims, not exceeding 250 feet in length, may be located on the base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1,000 to 2,000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one on each end, bearing local or bench ones. Entry must be obtained within ten days, if the claim is within ten miles of mining recorder's office. One entry for each claim for each additional ten miles or fraction. The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer of a claim, if entitled to a claim of 1,000 feet in length, and if the party consists of two, 1,500 feet altogether, on the output of which a royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only. Entry fee, \$10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent. on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller.

No free mine shall be granted a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of \$2. A claim may be abandoned, and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

A certificate that work has been done on the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner. The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notice in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum.—All unappropriated Dominion lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery on the land to be prospected, an area of 40 acres. Should the prospector discover oil in paying quantities, and satisfactorily establish such discovery, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well and such other land as may be determined, will be sold to the discoverer at the rate of \$1.00 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by order-in-council.

Department of the Interior, Ottawa, February, 1904. JAMES A. SMART, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

NOTICE. IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JAMES HILTON NICHOLSON, LATE OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA, DECEASED. All persons who are indebted to the above estate are required to pay the amount of such indebtedness to the executors forthwith, and all persons who have any claims against the said estate are required to send in their accounts, duly authenticated, to Mr. Lionel Dickson, No. 113 Douglas street, Victoria, B. C., on or before the 14th day of August, 1904, after which the executors will proceed to distribute the estate to the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to such claims as may have been received. Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 13th day of July, 1904. HIGGINS & ELLIOTT, Solicitors for Lionel Dickson and John Joseph Cowley, Executors of the Said Estate.

GUARANTEED TOOTH BRUSHES. We have a line of English Tooth Brushes, having the bristles fastened in with silver wire. They are the product of one of the best makers and are eminently satisfactory. Assorted shapes. Price 35 cents. JOHN COCHRANE CHEMIST, N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

Windsor Grocery Company. OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, GOVERNMENT STREET. Fresh Island Eggs... 30c per dozen Fresh Creamery Butter... 25c per lb SATURDAY ONLY.



BUY NASCO BECAUSE: It will do the work of the numerous varieties of cleansing and washing compounds, including Naphtha, Benzine, Turpentine and Washing Soda. It is a Furniture, Plate and Metal Polish. Campers will find it indispensable. See your Milkman Uses Nasco. It cleanses and disinfects Milk Cans. Use it for the Milk receptacle in your homes, you will find your Milk will Keep Sweet longer. For quantity, see directions. The gallon tins hold five times as much as the 25c tin. ORDER IT FROM YOUR GROCER.

Money to Loan At Lowest current rates, on approved security. Large and small amounts. B. C. LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, LD., 40 GOVERNMENT STREET

SOOKE 160 acres of first-class land fronting on Sooke Harbor, a considerable portion clear, good house and water supply. Should be valuable property when canneries are started. Price reasonable. Pemberton & Son, 45 FORT STREET, VICTORIA

Money to Loan On Mortgage. Apply to A. W. JONES, 28 FORT STREET.

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E. B. Marvin & Co. 74 Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C. ARE THE BRITISH COLUMBIA AGENTS FOR R. HOOD, HAGGIE & SON'S well-known Wire Ropes, for Mining, Logging and Ships purposes; also for HOLZAPFEL'S celebrated Copper Paint, and F. WEBSTER & SON'S Hemp Duck. Send for quotations.

Third Annual Excursion Native Sons of British Columbia POST NO. 1, VICTORIA, AND POST NO. 3, NANAIMO. At Shawigan Lake, Thursday, 11th August, 1904. Special trains leave Victoria 9.00 a. m., 2.00 and 7.00 p. m. Returning, leave Shawigan Lake at 8.30 and 11.00 p. m. Field and Aquatic Sports, Baseball Match and Tug-of-War. Fifth Regiment and Nanaimo Bands in Attendance. Fare for the Round Trip Only Fifty Cents. Children under twelve years, 25c.

KWONG, WAH & CO., Paul Beygrau 28 Broad Street NEXT TO TIMES OFFICE. 52 Fort Street House Painting And Paperhanging WALL PAPER NO OLD STOCK. THE VICTORIA NO. 2 BUILDING SOCIETY Do You Want a Home by MONTHLY PAYMENTS WITH-OUT INTEREST. Just a little over what you pay in rent? The above Society offers you that inducement. Take the number of shares you can afford. Apply to A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary, 15 Trounce Ave.

LIST OF THOSE WHO HAVE GOT LICENSES

There Are Already Two Hundred and Ninety Issued for Southeast Kootenay. There have already been 290 coal and oil prospecting licenses issued from the government offices for block 4203. There are a number more which have been applied for, and will be prepared in a few days, which will bring the number up to over 500. The following have had their licenses prepared:

A group for which Angus Cameron is agent composed of: Wm. McGregor, M. A. Newby, E. Anderson, M. Hodson, J. G. Putnam, S. A. McCallum, J. Anderson, A. Wright, A. M. Hay, F. D. Moore, A. W. Anderson, D. W. Munro, E. M. Hay, E. McCallum, A. J. Dunlop, L. Wright, J. A. McCallum, E. E. McCallum, V. McCallum, M. Kennedy. The John Watt group comprising: J. G. McCoy, Geo. Watt, Alex. Watt, J. E. Smart, J. A. Ford, Alfred F. Marcus, Maggie Watt, D. W. Rhodes, Sarah M. Watt, Robert Watt, Wm. Watt, Thos. B. Watt, Manley Hensman, John Watt and Albert Wiegand. John Hutchinson, V. H. Baker, A. W. McVittie, E. L. McVittie, James Baker, H. N. McVittie, I. Baker, C. Hutchinson, W. F. Gird, A. E. Watt, H. L. Stephens, A. Hackett, agent, J. K. Miller (James Cameron, agent), E. B. Tower (James Cameron, agent), E. B. Webster (James Cameron, agent), W. A. Pratt (Wm. Forrest, agent), James Cameron, Angus Cameron (James Cameron, agent), Wm. Forest, Albert I. Good-well (Wm. Forrest, agent), S. B. Joullie, Jas. E. Spinkie, E. R. Redpath, Hugh McCutcheon, D. H. Watson, M. E. An-able, J. A. Crylerman, Wm. Wilson, Chisholm, Jas. Cameron, agent, Henry Foster, J. T. Bluff, agent, Emile Cole (J. T. Bluff, agent), Chas. Hay, W. J. Bassett, Geo. W. Floyd, H. H. Spinks, Wm. Cook, W. B. Granville, Frank Miller, Elizabeth Cook, John McIntosh, Jas. Newby, Stanley Will, H. S. Cary, T. C. Tollefsen, Hector Kelly, Mathew Taylor, Jas. Hodson, Thomas Newby, Ann Kelly, Neily McCallum, W. W. Shaw, Peter Wright, G. A. Egan, Margaret J. McGregor, Wm. McNee, Louise McEwen, A. C. Sinclair, A. H. Black, Geo. A. Will, Samuel Horner, Arch. Buchanan, John Temple, Fred. Lawrie, J. V. Brown, Peter T. McCallum, Jas. McArdle, Peter Wright, H. W. Gregory, Percy Secord, A. E. Black-wood, Chas. Cusson, W. C. Putnam, D. McMillan, W. J. Morrison, P. J. Loftus, Clara McDonald, W. H. Bischoff, Jos. W. Bone, Thos. Tomlinson, John P. Loftus, J. McLaughlin, W. H. Hoffman, M. W. Sullivan and Fred Waldron. A group with A. L. Anderson as agent comprising John Tuttle, Sam Flynn, A. I. Loomis, Geo. A. Tuttle, Edward Bun-blester, W. F. Duffenbaker, Luella Miller, R. D. Miller, Wm. Barlow, Geo. Leach, Nancy G. Barlow, E. A. Roubt, Robert Morrill, Chas. McGuire, Robt. Richards, Robt. L. Beard, J. B. Mossely, W. E. S. Corne, John Fine, T. J. Kingsbury, Geo. Russell. John Glyn and E. G. Farnsworth, with Mr. Forrest as agent, W. D. Shea, J. J. Davis, A. J. Bogle, D. P. Kane, W. R. Allen, S. H. M. White, H. Gierich, L. A. Giegerich, M. V. Bradshaw, G. Hartin, A. T. Garland, A. S. Munnion, John Millington, P. H. Walsh, R. J. Kirkwood. A group for which W. J. Buff is agent composed of: James Bluff, Geo. Urquhart, R. A. Grant, W. J. Bluff, Frank C. Bluff, Thos. H. Armstrong, Simon Cye, A. E. Denison and Thos. G. Newman, A. W. Vowell (W. J. Langley, agent), Jas. Clark (W. J. Langley, agent), C. Loughran.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department. Victoria, Aug. 6-5 a. m.—The pressure is increasing on the American coast, but has decreased in the northern portion of the province as the high barometer area of yesterday moves slowly to the southeastward. Light showers have fallen at Tatoosh, Windpeg and Port Arthur, but fine weather prevails in all districts, both east and west of the Rockies. Occasional fogs are reported, and smoke from bush fires is very prevalent throughout the North Pacific slope.

Forecasts. For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Sunday. Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate southerly winds, fair and warm to-day and Sunday. Lower Mainland—Light winds, fair and warm to-day and Sunday.

Reports. Victoria—Barometer, 30.97; temperature, 57; minimum, 57; wind, 8 miles S.; weather, clear, smoke. New Westminster—Barometer, 30.96; temperature, 56; minimum, 56; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, clear, smoke. Kamloops—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, 62; minimum, 62; wind, calm; weather, clear, smoke. Barkerville—Barometer, 30.24; temperature, 42; minimum, 42; wind, calm; weather, clear. San Francisco—Barometer, 30.06; temperature, 52; minimum, 50; wind, 8 miles S. W.; weather, cloudy. Port Simpson—Average gross decrease of 3.08 per cent. Bradstreet's report says business and industrial conditions are making good progress, but so irregular as to make forecasts difficult. Dan's Review says labor troubles are the most serious drawback to the recovery of the market. There is no likelihood of an increase in the dividend rate on American Sugar at present. Trade reports claim additional strikes are not improbable. Canadian Pacific officials say the war is greatly stimulating business both on the Pacific and on the railroad. There is fair demand for U. S. Steel pfd., Pennsylvania and St. Paul in the loan crowd. Banks gained on weekly money movements from the sub-treasury \$5,000,742. Americans in London are steady with a fair demand. London bankers take a hopeful view of the monetary outlook for the future.

YOU CAN'T FORGET YOUR CORNS.

This weather they ache tremendously. Apply Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor—in 24 hours separation occurs and the corn is entirely removed. Thirty years stands behind Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. That's testimony enough.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Princess Victoria from Seattle—C. P. Cornish, Capt. De Bathe, A. R. Cleveland, M. Fagan, Miss Dunn, Mr. Baker, J. B. Fagan, Mrs. Williams, G. Williams, L. Harris, Mrs. Kermond, Mrs. Davies, Mrs. Kilroy, B. Kilroy, Mrs. Robinson, C. A. J. Hips, Mrs. Harris, J. A. Fradet, J. Smith, H. B. Murphy, Miss Hercherberger, J. H. Titus, J. Morris, W. H. Biles, Mrs. Elzalde, Mrs. McEwen, W. G. McEwen, J. A. McEwen, E. Willis, H. J. Bennett, Mrs. Bennett, Miss Young, W. H. Young, Mrs. Wootton, Master Wootton, J. Goulet, Miss McLeod, G. A. Clarke, L. E. Patalby, Miss McLeod, J. Clement, Mrs. Cormet, B. E. Smith, Mrs. Smith, J. Richmond, A. M. Dodge, J. A. McKay, Mrs. McKay, Mrs. Meade, E. Meade, Miss Payne, H. Lamb, B. F. Boyce, R. T. Watkins, Miss Ross, Child Kilroy, J. A. Murphy, Child Robinson, Miss Fradet, Mrs. Fradet, Miss Fradet, Miss Frank, J. Law, G. Williamson, Miss Downs, Mrs. Downs, Miss Derby, Miss Campbell, J. Cameron, Wm. Downs, P. Mayford, F. Smith, R. Lindsay, Mr. Cameron, R. Nelson, P. McKennie, W. Windsterg, W. Cotter, P. Baby, Miss Sherlock, B. Burns, D. Woodbury, Mrs. Sherlock, Mrs. Cornish, Miss Sherlock, J. Julien, J. A. Keen. Per steamer Umattila from San Francisco—G. Saville, H. Moore, Mrs. T. Burns, H. Stannegy, J. Gould, W. Moscovice, B. Smith, Miss Archibald, T. Brennan and wife, Mrs. M. Heal, G. Thacher, C. Boston, Miss Hagler, S. Sarffer, J. Hies, A. Grannuchi, Miss A. Randall, Mrs. Randall.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Princess Victoria from Seattle—Johns Bros, Watson & Hall, Bruckman-Ker M Co, Jno Culbert, D. H. Ross, C. S. Leiser & Co. Per steamer Umattila from San Francisco—A. Bancroft, B. C. Marine, H. Chong Lang, G. E. Munro & Co, Gan Poo Yuen, H. T. Cole, H. Cooley, H. B. Co, J. H. Todd & Son, J. Barnaby & Co, Jno Coughlan & Co, J. H. Warner & Co, Kwong Sang Wai, Leeming & Co, M. Bantley, M. W. Watt, C. P. McQuade & Son, B. P. Billet & Co, R. Angus, R. Baker & Son, H. S. Byrn, Bochum & Co, S. Shipper's Order, N. S. Leiser, S. Loder, S. J. Pitts, Vic P. Bry Co, Wilson, Wm. F. Bullen, Wah Lung, Yuen Long.

HAVE YOU TRIED CATARRH-ZONE?

Its wonderful healing action on catarrhal inflammation is known to tens of thousands. It ought to be known to you. Healing drops are deposited by the air on inflamed surfaces. They heal quickly. Not a vestige of disease is allowed to remain, neither coughing or hawking—soothe, heals and makes you well. Two sizes, 25c. and \$1.00.

Lieut. Gen. Trotha, commander-in-chief of the forces in German Southwest Africa, writes that the second company of the second field regiment were attacked August 3rd at Okateite by 150 Hereros. The Hereros were repulsed, leaving 50 dead. The Germans lost three wounded besides two natives killed and one wounded.

"I've got a complaint to make," said an office boy to his employer. "What is it?" "The bookkeeper kicked me, sir. I don't want no bookkeeper to kick me." "Of course he kicked you. You don't expect me to attend to everything, do you? I can't look after all the little details of the business myself!"

USE 74° GASOLINE For Launches, Automobiles and Motor Cycles. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. PETER McQUADE & SON 78 WHARF STREET.

MARKET REPORT.

(Furnished by F. W. Stevenson.) New York, Aug. 6.—Pacific Coast earnings show a 8 per cent. earned on second preferred and common stocks. Forty-four railroads for the month of June show average net increase of 1.08 per cent., and twenty-one active railroads for the fourth week of July show average gross decrease of 3.08 per cent. Bradstreet's report says business and industrial conditions are making good progress, but so irregular as to make forecasts difficult. Dan's Review says labor troubles are the most serious drawback to the recovery of the market. There is no likelihood of an increase in the dividend rate on American Sugar at present. Trade reports claim additional strikes are not improbable. Canadian Pacific officials say the war is greatly stimulating business both on the Pacific and on the railroad. There is fair demand for U. S. Steel pfd., Pennsylvania and St. Paul in the loan crowd. Banks gained on weekly money movements from the sub-treasury \$5,000,742. Americans in London are steady with a fair demand. London bankers take a hopeful view of the monetary outlook for the future.

New York Bank Statement.

Table with columns: Reserves on all deposits in, Loans decreased, Special increase, Legal tenders decrease, Deposits decrease, Circulation decrease. Values in dollars and cents.

Chicago Markets.

Table with columns: Opening, Highest, Lowest, Close. Rows for Wheat, Corn, Pork, Sept., Liverpool Wheat, Sept., New York Stocks.

Open High Low Close.

Table with columns: Atchison, B. & O., B. R. T., Erie, L. & N., Manhattan, Mo. Pacific, Norfolk & Western, Pennsylvania, Reading, Rock Island, St. Paul, Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, Anaconda Copper, C. P. & I., People's Gas, Sugar, U. S. Steel, U. S. Steel pfd., Western Union.

"How do you like the cheese, sir?" asked the waiter. "It's not half bad," replied the diner. "Very sorry, sir, but we were assured it was quite ripe."

"Queen's Head" Galvanized Iron Was best 40 years ago. Best every year since. Best to-day and better than ever.

Granite and Marble Works Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first-class stock and workmanship. A. STEWART COR. YATES AND BEAUCHAMP STS.

W. JONES, DOM. GOVT. AUCTIONEER, Will sell 2 p. m. Tuesday, 17 Vancouver street, cor. Labouchere street. Desirable and Well-Kept FURNITURE 7-Place B. W. Parlor Suite, B. W. Centre Table, 2 Splendid and Costly Oil Paintings, 1 Pr. Engravings, Fancy Work Table, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains and Blinds, Squabs, Jardiniere, Plants, Vases, Whatnot, Ottoman, Chenille Footstool, Cretonee Do, Splendid Oak Sideboard, Oak Ex. Dining Table, 6 Best Wood Dinners, Oak Table, Rockers, Cherry Secretary, Fine Couch, Mantel Dresser, Hanging Lamps, Glassware, Pacific Jewel Range with H. W. C. Mirror, Oilcloth, Step Ladder, 2 Oak Bedroom Suites, Wire Springs, Mattresses, Pillows, Bedding, Toilet Sets, Rockers, Chairs, Crochery and Kitchen Necessaries, etc. W. JONES, Auctioneer. Phone B703.

..Auction.. Friday, Aug. 12th 2 P. M. At Salerooms, 77-79 Douglas Street, of VALUABLE Furniture

—ALSO— Great Variety of Rare Plants and Jardinieres W. T. Hardaker, Auctioneer

PERSONAL. H. T. Moore, of Chicago; Daniel Ruff, H. D. Stussy and R. T. Forbes, of San Francisco; S. Bass, of Santa Monica; O. Granichon, of Los Angeles; Dr. Charles Browne, of Philadelphia; and John Gault, of Deadwood, arrived from the south this morning by the steamer Umattila. They are among the guests at the Dominion hotel.

Dr. Darling, Mrs. Darling, Miss Odell, Miss Tempin, A. M. Chalmers and R. G. Tammell composed a party from Bellingham which arrived by the yacht Balmier. They were guests at the Driford during their stay here.

Dr. Chas. Boxter, Mrs. Boxter and daughter, and John Forther and wife, of San Francisco, are spending a few weeks' holiday in Victoria. While here they are making their headquarters at the Dominion.

Courtesy Bennett, British consul at San Francisco, who, with his wife and family, has been spending a vacation in Victoria, leaves en route home on the steamer City of Poughkeepsie this evening.

W. G. McCoy, collector, of New Westminster; A. M. Duffield, of Seattle; R. Wilson, of New Westminster; and D. R. How and Mrs. How, of Seattle, are guests at the Gordon.

C. A. Clark, of Montreal; L. G. Pattullo, of Tacoma; A. D. Cleveland, of St. Louis; C. A. Bell and wife, of Portland; and W. H. McEwan, of Seattle, are at the Driford.

S. W. Bodley, of Duncan, is at the Balmoral. Mr. Bodley has almost completely recovered from the accident which laid him up for some weeks.

Richard R. Kilroy, managing editor of the Bute Examiner-News, is in the city, a guest at the Driford. He is accompanied by Mrs. Kilroy and child.

A. S. White, of Boston; E. J. Muir and wife, of Portland; J. McD. Mine, of Seattle; and J. Goulay, of Galt, are guests at the Vernon.

Oliver Phillips-Wolley, Jr., who is a midshipman on H. M. S. Gratton, is in the city for a few days. He is staying at the Balmoral.

Miss Sarah Conyers, of Bermuda, sister of L. U. Conyers, of Grant & Conyers, is spending the summer with her brother in this city.

Mrs. W. H. P. Stevens, of London; W. H. Gordon, of Winnipeg; and R. P. Freeman, of Vancouver, are guests at the Driford.

John A. Wolfe and wife, Douglas A. MacKenzie and E. W. Molander, of Seattle, are at the Victoria hotel.

Mrs. A. G. McCandless and son leave this evening for California on a visit to friends in the south. Harry T. Moore, of the J. W. Butler Paper Company, Chicago, Ill., is at the Dominion. Mrs. T. M. Ward and child and Miss Titch, of Nelson, are guests at the Balmoral. Harry Malone, Frank S. McKee and A. Moore, of Vancouver, are at the Vernon. Thos. Kiddie, manager of the Tye smelter, at Ladysmith, is at the Vernon. Capt. J. S. Gibson, of Chemainus, is at the Driford. Miss F. Allen, of Tacoma, is at the Driford.

OVERALLS FREE by saving the snowflake tags on Pay Roll plug chewing tobacco. Made by experts, this tobacco just hits the popular taste, and the tags are exchangeable for premiums, among which are included overalls and over 500 other articles. All stores sell "Pay Roll."

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY AUGUST 6, 1904.

Birth of the Province of British Columbia

WRITTEN FOR THE TIMES BY C. McK. S.

An Historical Event, Recalled by a Pioneer.

For many years the whole of the Mainland now known as British Columbia was named New Caledonia, and under that name it continued until the 19th day of November, 1858, when the new colony of British Columbia was ushered into existence by proclamation at Fort Langley, issued by His Excellency James Douglas, who had been appointed governor of the new colony.

In order to carry out his instructions received from the colonial office, His Excellency Governor Douglas accompanied by Admiral Baynes, commander of the naval forces on the Pacific coast; Judge Cameron, of Vancouver Island; Mr. Begbie, the newly appointed judge for the new colony of British Columbia; Mr. Liza, Captain Brew and several other gentlemen, proceeded on board Her Majesty's ship *Sarcelote*, Captain Provost, and were conveyed to Point Roberts, where they remained during the night. On the following morning His Excellency the Governor and suite boarded the *Hudson's Bay Company's steamer Otter*, which conveyed them to the mouth of the Fraser river, where the steamer *Beaver* was moored.

Both vessels then proceeded up the

river in company to Fort Langley, where the *Otter* disembarked a party of marines on board the revenue cutter *Recovery*, joining the command of Captain Grant, R. E., who had previously reached that place with a company of sappers and miners.

His Excellency, accompanied by his suite and guard of honor, commanded by Captain Grant, R. E., landed on the river bank, and proceeded on to the palisades which surrounded the fort. On arriving at that point a salute of eighteen guns was fired from the Hudson's Bay Company's steamer *Beaver*, and at the same moment the British flag was hoisted on the staff, and floated on the breeze over the new colony of British Columbia.

The second portion of the ceremony in connection with the birth of the colony then commenced by His Excellency addressing Mr. Begbie, and at the same time delivering to him Her Majesty's commission as judge of the colony of British Columbia.

Mr. Begbie then took the oath of allegiance, and the usual oath on taking office, and then addressing His Excellency took up Her Majesty's commission appointing him governor of the new col-

ony, and then administered to him the usual oaths of office, viz: allegiance, abjuration, etc. His Excellency being thus duly appointed and sworn in, proceeded to issue the proclamations of the same date, 19th inst., viz: One proclaiming the act, a second indemnifying all irregularities which may have been committed in the interval before the proclamation of the act, and a third proclaiming English law to be the law of the colony.

The reading of these documents was then followed by His Excellency's proclamation of the 3rd inst., setting forth the revocation by Her Majesty of all the exclusive privileges of the Hudson's Bay Company in that colony.

The proceedings took place in the presence of about one hundred persons, and on His Excellency leaving to go on board the steamer *Beaver* a salute was fired from the fort, and as the steamer cast off her lines, which were fastened to trees on the bank of the river (as there were no wharfs), cheer after cheer was given for the Governor, and the new born colony of British Columbia, which to-day is a young giant among the provinces of the Dominion.



OAK BAY.

A Near-by Resort, Almost Within City Limits.

Rivalry of Two Towns.

The Strife Between Fort William and Port Arthur.

Canada's twin towns, though with daggers drawn, are steadily advancing. In two or three years Fort Williams and Port Arthur will be cities, and some day they will be one.

Just when the union will come no citizen of either town can say, for the feud of 1888 still lingers—the row that severed these twins just when they were cutting their industrial teeth. But for that you will be told they would have been one long ago, a Canadian Duluth at the head of Thunder Bay. Another will say it is best as it is, better to have this rivalry, that competition is the life of towns as of trade.

Of a certainty there is competition, a war of it within these seven miles of shore. Each town is about two miles long, and they are three miles apart. Each has a larger population than the other, although neither knows what it is. A Fort William man will tell you they have a thousand more than Port Arthur, and the Port Arthur man will reverse this and add five hundred. The truth seems to be that Fort William has

about 6,500 and Port Arthur about 5,000. The Port is the best home city, having a slope to the bay.

For the Lake Superior terminus of the G. T. P. each is striving mightily. They agree only on one thing, that the Canadian Northern will never sell out to the new transcontinental line.

"We will run to the coast or die," Dan Mann is credited with saying to a Port William citizen. "The rumored sale is not heard here, and Port Arthur will not discuss the 'absurd' proposition."

So each, already a terminal—Port Arthur with its Canadian Northern and Fort William with the Lake Superior end of the C. P. R., and with plant, hotel and docks unrivalled between Ottawa and Winnipeg—will strive to get this other terminal.

Fort William's Claims.

That Fort William has the natural advantages a few unbiased Port Arthur men admit. "It was partly because the Port was flat and because of its better harbor that the C. P. R. in 1885 built its

first elevator in this district, and later began to arrange for other works. Port Arthur, however, has it that Lord Strathcona, owning a large part of the Port, moved the company there.

But it is given as a fact, however, that Van Horne had two civil engineers in '86 report upon the advantages of both places, and decided in favor of the Port upon its merits.

However, this may be, three years later came the great row. It was first over taxes upon certain property "due and owing," as Port Arthur said. The story is long and involved. The point of it is the town saved the company's yard, engine, not when it was on the side, but on the main line. Result—traffic blocked till taxes paid, and this from Van Horne: "Gentlemen, you may think you have done a clever thing, but I will make the grass grow on your streets for this." It did, and does today on many places where the sidewalks ought to be.

The C. P. R. moved its own bag and baggage of station and rails to Fort William forthwith, and Port Arthur fell into a Rip Van Winkle sleep. It lasted 13 years, till the Canadian Northern woke it up.

But the Canadian Northern has not saved it from the vengeance of Van Horne for that high-handed seizure. Today Port Arthur has a mere baggage room for a station, and perhaps half-a-dozen employees, while Fort William has upwards of 2,000 of the company's

employees, a great terminal plant, fine hotel, roundhouse, dock, vessels and elevators, and the best coal handling plant in Canada. Of course the C. P. R.'s fine lake vessels call at Port Arthur, and always have.

Great Elevators.

The W. D. Matthews, of Toronto, that queen of the Canadian fleet of freight carriers, was at the dock unloading

was three years in construction, and cost \$1,400,000. The two work houses have a total of 270 great bins, and the cylindrical tile annexes 80 each. These are 80 feet deep, and each has a capacity of 24,000 bushels.

Foreman Redden showed how the entire plant operated like the wheels of a clock, how grain is taken from the cars up to the scales and to the tanks and



CORDOVA BAY.

A Favorite Beach a Few Miles from Victoria.

5,700 tons of soft coal brought from Cleveland for the C. P. R.

"How long will it take to unload her?" I asked Chief Engineer O'Hall, as the great claw bucket dropped a hundred feet or more, picked up its load, a ton every time, and again shot up and over to the carriers above.

"Can do it in 12 hours." The carrier shot down the overhead way, and added its ton to the mountain of coal on the great dock, a pile of black diamonds fully 50 feet high and 2,000 feet long, all for the C. P. R.'s own use.

On one side of the Matthews lay the Algoquin, of Port Arthur, and on this side the S. S. Newmont, of the Collingwood Farrer Company, both coal laden. John W. Aston, formerly of Toronto, now of Collingwood, is the chief of the latter, a fine steel vessel, built at Newcastle-on-Tyne, and bought by the Collingwood company on her maiden trip to Montreal last September.

The C. P. R. grain elevators here will also stagger you with their great bulk. There are four, and the newest, the cylinder tank elevator "E," opened last fall, has a capacity of two and a half million bushels. It is built of iron and concrete, and has 80 tanks 80 feet high. Elevator "D," also cylindrical, has a four-million-bushel capacity, and the other two have a million and a quarter each. Elevator "B," set on fire last May, is burning yet.

"Constant rain would not put it out," said a Fort William man. "It would burn a year if they would leave it alone, but they are now digging it out to build another."

Port Arthur has two elevators, and, strangely enough, each is a world wonder. The Canadian Northern, with a capacity said to be 6,700,000 bushels, is easily the largest in the world, and perhaps the most complete. There are two work houses, and between these the two annexes of tanks, built of tile. The whole

bins, and how it is taken from under these up to the scales and out to the vessels.

"Last week we loaded 85,000 bushels on the Midland King in 65 minutes, and that was with no desire to make a record, for we have gone over a hundred thousand bushels in an hour."

"Few equal and none surpass this Mackenzie & Mann elevator."

Treating the Wheat.

The other elevator is a grain hospital, and the only one in the world. It is owned by the C. P. R., and leased to the man who is trying to save the western wheat from dirt, dampness, smut, and all the ills that grain is heir to.

This man is the former Port Hope

councillor, Joseph G. King, and while he is not the originator of the idea of treating afflicted grain, he is the first to carry the process into effect, for others, farmers always having had to do the work for themselves, if they did it at all.

In one year, 1898, Mr. King treated 2,700,000 bushels of wet grain, saving 50 cents a bushel for the farmer, or a total of \$1,350,000 to the west on wet grain alone, besides the freight charges to the companies hauling and shipping the grain. He is beating this record every year.

Six years before this, in 1892, in the spring following the wet harvest, before there were any facilities for treating wet grain, trail loads were sold for merely the freight charges.

Even if the wheat is excessively wet when received it is no barrier to successful treatment.

"Why," said Mr. King, with an air of pride, "we have received wheat when it was frozen solid, and had to be taken from the cars with crowbars, and we have made it, not perfect, of course, but marketable."

The hot air devices for drying the wheat are unique, also costly, so costly that the average farmer could never afford to buy them. Mr. King's plant cost more than \$75,000, but it is on a very large scale. The plant for the cure of smutty wheat is also decidedly novel.

"Here we have it," he said, handling me what looked and felt like moist soot. "That is what we take off the smutty wheat."

"Well," said another looking on, "we shall soon have a rotten egg made palatable."

Mr. King also has machinery for separating mixed grains. The drying plant handles 50,000 bushels in 24 hours, and they can clean smutty wheat at the rate of 15,000 bushels in the same time.

The cost to the owners for the treatment of wheat is from 1½ cents to 3½ cents per bushel, for drying according to the quantity of moisture to be removed, and from 1 to 3 cents for scouring, according to the condition of the smutty grain.

This new cylindrical elevator is solely of concrete, the first ever erected, the others having steel and tile as well as concrete.

Need of a Dock.

With all their natural harbor advantages, neither Fort William nor Port

Arthur, strange to say, has an independent dock. The C. P. R. has one at each place for its fine fleet of lake boats, and the Canadian Northern controls the only other dock at Port Arthur. So last May when a consignment of hay arrived for Major Clevel's farm at Port Arthur there was no place to land it, and a scow had to be sent out to receive the anchored vessel of its burden.

And yet both town are past masters in municipal ownership. The Port has it every electric light and water works and telephone plant, while Port Arthur owns its incandescent and telephone plants, as well as the street car line, and is now getting in the water works system.

Rents are very high. You would have to pay \$25 in either town for what would only bring \$15 in Toronto. A sheet metal decorated store on one of the main streets of Port Arthur, formerly a stable, rents for \$25. Vacant land on the main street in Port William is selling at \$150 a foot. It is about the same at Port Arthur.

Coppers are never seen here. As a newspaper vendor said to-day: "We are out of the cent belt."

And it is said that when you once get west of here you will not see a "copper cent" though you go to the coast and back.

There is an agitation at Port Arthur for a union station. The C. P. R. station, while small, is at least larger than that of its rival just across the road. For the Canadian Northern depot here is nothing more than a long platform, and one track, with rails turned up at the end for a terminus. Over on the corner is their waiting-room, and it still has the appearance of the store it once was.

The C. P. R. hotel here in Fort William, bearing the name of the river, "The Kaministikwia," the Indian, according to one authority, for "good hunting place," is easily the best between Ottawa and Winnipeg.—Toronto Telegram.

BELGIAN PROGRESS.

The industrial story of Belgium, as outlined by Sir Brooke Boothby, secretary to the British legation at Brussels, is, according to Traction and Transmission, of remarkable interest to Englishmen; for, as he points out, there are certain resemblances between the two countries, both, for instance, being uncommonly densely populated and largely dependent on foreign food supplies. The Belgian works for longer hours and for lower wages than the Briton, but he is paid by the hour, so that the cost of labor on the finished article in each country is difficult to compare, evidently depending somewhat on pace. The average daily wages for men is given as from 28.5d. to 2s. 9½d.; the highest rates in the metal, glass and other industries being from 3s. 5d. to 4s. 2d., which would scarcely satisfy the average artisan over here. Belgium does not maintain a navy quite so large as the British Empire, and taxation per head is very much less. The standard of living is also somewhat lower, but on the whole the Belgian workman gets as much material benefit from his wages and conditions of labor as the Englishman.

PILES—ITCHING, BLIND AND BLEEDING—CURED in three to six nights. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is peerless in curing. One application gives instant relief. It cures all itching and irritating skin diseases, Chafing, Eczema, etc. 35 cents. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—143.

UNINTERESTING.

Redrick—"Did you enjoy Mrs. Tatter's reception?"

Van Albert—"No, indeed. The men were talking shop and the women shopping."



THE END OF THE LEAN YEARS.

It is estimated that about \$30,000 has been received for coal oil licenses in Southeast Kootenay lands.



IN THE WOODS AT SOOKE.



CORDOVA BAY.

All the Comforts of Home.

ALTON B. PARKER A MAN OF ACTION

The Democratic Candidate for President—A Farmer Boy.

Alton Brooks Parker, the Democratic candidate for the presidency, was born in Cortland, Cortland county, state of New York, on May 14th, 1852, consequently is in the very prime of manhood, being in his 52nd year, and in his case it is the prime of a vigorous and healthy manhood. The stock from which he sprang, on both sides, is all English. His great-grandfather, John Parker, was born in Worcester, Mass., in 1751. He was a farmer, and left his plow in 1770 to serve in the patriot army under Washington as a private, and so continued until the American republic was established, when he returned to his farm, where he lived out his life, respected by his neighbors as a man of independence, intelligence and industry.

Alton Parker worked on his father's farm, midway between Binghamton and Syracuse, until he was 12 years old, during the last three of which, in the winters, he attended the district school of the vicinage. In his 13th year he entered the Cortland Academy. The tuition fees required at this academy were earned by him by work wherever he could obtain it, without recourse to his father for aid.

Earned His Way to Law.

When he was 13 years old he informed his father that he intended to be a lawyer, and from that time on made that his ambition. When academy days were done there was money to be earned to meet the expenses of attendance upon them. So for four years he was found teaching school, beginning at Virgil, Cortland county, at the age of 16. The episode established his undoubted authority thereafter. From Virgil he went to Binghamton, in Broome county, where he taught in the public school, and between the two places earned money sufficient to carry him through the desired term at the Normal school. Then he migrated to Ulster county, and taught school in Rochester, of that county, where he earned the money at \$3 per day to give him the desired two years' course at the Albany Law school. Here at Rochester, too, he won a bride in the person of Mary Lee Schomaker. With the completion of his term at Albany and his graduation in 1872, he was admitted to practice at the bar. His days of teaching were over.

His Political Record.

He soon entered into politics and five years after his graduation, when he was 25 years old, he was chosen surrogate of the county after a hard political battle in which he was the only one of his ticket who was elected. Six years later, he was re-elected with increased majority. In 1884 he took a more active part in support of Grover Cleveland, having the opposition of Tammany Hall, and in 1886 acted as campaign manager for David B. Hill for the governorship of New York state. As a reward he was appointed to a vacancy on the Supreme court bench of the state by Governor Hill. A year later he was nominated for a full term of fourteen years. For twelve years Judge Parker sat on the bench of the Supreme court—in 1888 a second division of the Court of Appeals was brought into existence for the purpose of clearing up the clogged and encumbered calendar of the court. It was provided that this second division should be appointed from the members of the Supreme court bench and the selection was to be made by the governor. Among those selected was Judge Parker, and at the time he was but 32 years old. Four years later the Second Division having finished the work it was appointed to, was dissolved, and its members returned to their courts. By Governor Flower he was almost immediately appointed to the general term of the First District, that is to say, of New York city, and was appointed by Governor Morton later, and so continued to serve until the general term was abolished. In 1897 the Division came into existence, and he was nominated to be chief justice of the Court of Appeals, and was elected by a majority exceeding 60,000. The previous year the state had given the Republican presidential candidate a plurality of 212,000. The election of Judge Parker the following year, involved a

reversal in pluralities of 272,000. The state of New York, which in 1896 went Republican for McKinley by 212,000 went Democratic for Parker by 60,000 in 1897.

In 1891 and in 1902 Judge Parker declined the nomination for governor.

He Is a Man of Action.

Judge Parker, a man of 52 years last May, does not look his age by ten of them. He is a handsome specimen of manhood, standing six feet in his shoes. His hair is a reddish color, his eyes a hazel brown with a reddish tinge, his face wears the tanned blue of the sun with the same reddish tinge. His nose is aquiline and aggressive, and his chin is aggressive in its breadth and thrust forward. That he is a man of action and a deer as well as a student and man of meditation, was well evidenced in a matter which is a part of the history of the city of Kingston. One September day, in 1891, the Ulster County Savings bank, of which he was a trustee, closed its doors suddenly because of embezzlements on the part of the treasurer and assistant treasurer, which could no longer be concealed. It was a bank which had deposits of \$2,500,000, and the embezzlement amounted to \$400,000, wiping out the supposed surplus and making a deficiency. The bank had invested about \$1,500,000 in real estate mortgages, one-half of which were on the farms in Ulster county. To wind up the business of the bank, by appointing a temporary receiver, and distributing the assets pro rata—the ordinary way—would be to foreclose these mortgages, throw many on the market, reduce their values, and ruin the farmers and inflict further loss on the depositors. At the time Judge Parker was at his farm at Accord, but hearing of the disaster, he hurried to an investigation. There were other trustees, among them General George H. Sharpe, but Judge Parker, in his masterfulness, became the only one. His first act was to lodge the assistant treasurer in jail that night. His next prompt effort to induce a strong fiduciary institution to take an assignment of the mortgages with a local bank as discount agent. But that failed. No institution was willing. Then he showed his resources and his inventive powers. He asked the Equity court, in the place of appointing a temporary receiver, to name twenty-five prominent citizens as trustees. It was a new idea, and it commended itself to Charles M. Preston, who was at the time state superintendent of banks and a resident of Kingston. The judge pleaded with the leading men of Kingston, merchants, bank presidents, etc., and secured 25, who had the confidence of the community, to take the burden on their shoulders. The Supreme court, Fursman, judge, made a decree that put the plan in operation, and enjoined the depositors from drawing out more than 25 per cent. of their deposits.

Then somebody thought he saw an opportunity to play politics, and a newspaper of the town advised the depositors to draw out their 25 per cent. at once, assuring them it would be all they would get. This next morning, early, there was a frantic crowd at the doors. A "rum" was on, and it meant ruin. But Judge Parker had anticipated the malicious efforts of the mischief makers. He was there with a bag of money he obtained in New York for the purpose. Leaping on the treasurer's desk, he called out: "Come on! We are ready to pay! Do you think we would waste our time on a broken bank?" And the rum was at an end. Only 11 per cent. of the depositors demanded their money. The savings bank was saved. The Court of Appeals sustained the plan, and the treasurer and assistant treasurer were sent to the state's prison.

Then everybody wanted Judge Parker as president of the bank. He accepted the position on the consideration that no salary should be given for his services, and he remained its president until it was again on a sound basis and its deposits several hundred thousand greater than they had ever been. When the people of Ulster county recall that episode they have at the idea that Judge Parker is not a great man of action and a doer.



FOUL BAY.

A Cove Which is Growing in Popularity.

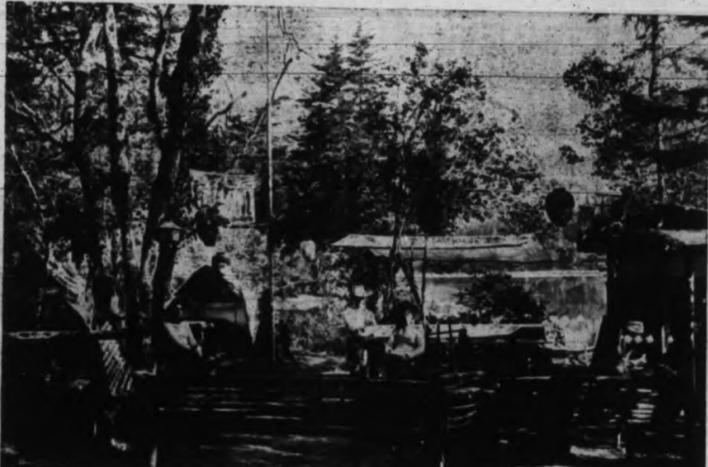
have good reason for hailing, with delight every victory Japan scores, were Russia to emerge from this struggle triumphant, she would, of course, be stronger than ever, and a more formidable foe to her neighbors. The Kaiser would, therefore, as he would join her whether she wished it or not; and that nothing, his ministers, the Reichstag, or even the Allied Sovereigns could say or do would prevent him, although they had all Germany behind them. Little wonder, therefore, Germans are anxious and troubled; for although their press, thanks to Count von Bulow's manipulations, is for the most part pro-Russian, they themselves as a nation are strongly pro-Jap; for one among them indeed who is anti-Jap, there are certainly a hundred at least who are anti-Russian. "Russia's sorrow is Germany's sorrow," the Kaiser telegraphed to the Czar after the Petropavlovsk disaster; yet at that very moment, as the Imperial Chancellor admitted in the Reichstag the other day, the great mass of Germans were rejoicing, and in no less a genuine fashion, at Russia's misfortune.

It is for a special sort of Japan that the German people, as opposed to their sovereign and his government, are pro-Jap at the present moment, but because they hate Russia—hate her blindly, instinctively, without either rhyme or reason as it seems sometimes; and also because, much as they hate her, their hatred of her is as nothing compared with their

hatred of the East. It is for a special sort of Japan that the German people, as opposed to their sovereign and his government, are pro-Jap at the present moment, but because they hate Russia—hate her blindly, instinctively, without either rhyme or reason as it seems sometimes; and also because, much as they hate her, their hatred of her is as nothing compared with their

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THE WIGWAM.

On Victoria Arm, Just Above the Gorge.

RICHARD WHITEING--A PEN AND INK SKETCH

A strong, sturdy figure of a man is Richard Whiteing at a hale sixty years; and his breezy belief in the innate dignity and eventual triumph of democracy is as hale as he.

To the word at large, Richard Whiteing came to life in 1866 with a novel, "No. 5, John Street"; but though he began to exist on the eye of his sixtieth year for most of us, he was already a personage in upper journalism, and Paris knew him—as he knew Paris—wondrous well.

Richard Whiteing hopes to see the world as a vast garden for the average man. His shrewd eyes see through the pettiness of the claims, and the aims, and the habits, and the pretence of a mere privileged class to hold dominion over the state. He shows with genial statement but with dogged insistence, yet nevertheless insistently, that the living life is not for a class—that the life of life and enjoyment of life, and the right to live that life in a healthy, human way, are the absolute birthright of every human soul.

The Struggle For Existence.

And with biting satire—for he is a master of satire rather than of humor—he shows the decadence that sets in, and the wholesale misery that results, from any one class shirking its responsibilities toward another class. For, he you sure of this, whether aristocrat or democrat, red-hot nihilist or cloistered nun, what one class repudiates in labor, and fleeces in pleasure, by so much shall another class pay the debt of labor, and be fleeced of its pleasure.

There is world's work to be done; and every man's hand must do it if it shall

be done sanely, and healthily in the doing. If an enriched class shirk its duties to the state, and live a life of pleasure, the class below must do its own work and the repudiated work of the class above; and the heel of the repudiated class will grind the heaviest on the lowest class of all, the industrious being transmitted in ever-increasing violence. And the more populous the state, the more cruel the harshness, until the laborer shall be worn out with excess of gray toil that knows no joy, and the mighty populace rots like a fœtid thing.

So a large people, robbed of vitality and a healthy day, becomes of less worth than a small people of vigorous life; for that people is the mightiest that breeds the strongest average man. And the law becomes bored by its very excess of pleasure, by its tedious having nothing to do—the very thing for which it has striven turns to the ashes of Dead Sea fruit in its mouth. It does not even produce a fine virile upper class, which might be some source of comfort out of the cruel muck.

A Plea For a Big, Burly Race.

These things Whiteing set down in terms of art, and gave us "No. 5, John Street"—the millionaire's son wasting his years trying on suits of clothes, dawdling through a scented elaborate day, a day scented and elaborated to keep the pit of boredom from yawning at his feet, paying large sums for polo ponies to knock about a little ball on the grass at Hurlingham, aims that would keep a dozen families in health and in freedom from the ghastly over-toll that ruins the race—whilst, hard by, in filthy garret and noisome den, the sweated toiler grows blind and starved and puny and demor-

fall. It will fall the sooner if he do not a democracy. It is wiser to trust the people to save themselves as a whole, than to trust a class to save them whose interest and instinct it must always be to live parasitically on the people.

And of a surety this man of large observation of men and peoples is right. He has watched the wondrous development of this England of ours during the last thirty years—he has been in close and intimate touch with the enormous but silent revolution in France. He has seen England increase by her Imperial instinct, logically blind, but vitally right; he has seen France healing herself and strengthening her shattered nerves by the reverse process, by her clean-cut, logical tact. And no man shall have seen these things and dread the people—Leeds Mercury.

FOOT ELM

The remedy for twenty feet; 18 poulders 25 cents, at Drug Stores.

GOOD PRACTICE.

Mr. Gunner—"I tell you this automobile is hard to control. I should have tried to manage something nastier before I called myself a chauffeur."

Mrs. Gunner (sweetly)—"Why didn't you try the cook?"

Catarrh is Not a Luxury

OR A NECESSITY.

Catarrh makes a man ridiculous—it makes him an offensive nuisance and it makes him dangerously sick. It is pretty sure to bring on consumption, pneumonia or at least a throat affection. You cannot afford either, but you can afford the cure for it. It is Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It relieves a cold or catarrh, or cures a headache in 10 minutes. Don't hawk and spit and disgust your friends, but cure yourself by the use of this remedy.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves eczema in a day, etc.

ANTI-JAP KAISER AND PRO-BOER SUBJECTS.

Kaiser William is evidently doomed to be always in opposition to his own subjects—the overwhelming majority of them, at any rate; what he wishes, they never do wish; and what he thinks and feels, they never by any chance either think or feel. "We never quite know what the Kaiser means by what he says," even the loyalist section of his people complain; "and we have never any idea what he is going to do until he has already done it." It was different in the old Kaiser's time; they often did regretfully; "him we could understand, and Bismarck, too; but then they were echt deutsch."

Although the majority of Germans have always found difficulty in understanding why their present sovereign should think and act as he does, never have they found such great difficulty as since the war in the Far East began. Rightly or wrongly, the Kaiser's own subjects are firmly convinced that he is heart and soul on the side of Russia in this war. The very air is alive in Germany with rumors of the sending of war stores of all kinds, great cannon and rifles, powder and shot, across the eastern frontier; and there, at any rate, no one doubts that the torpedoes, torpedo-boats, and the materials wherewith to construct mines which have found their way of late into Russian storehouses, were made in German factories, and sent out with the connivance of the German government—that means with the full knowledge and approval of Kaiser William. In South German military circles indeed, the conviction prevails that the

Kaiser would gladly go further and join Russia openly in the fight, if he could favor, and waxed apprehensive if he put them, to him slight. The whole nation, in fact, excepting the Social Democrats, who are irresponsible, have for years past seemed always to lose their heads when she was in question; there was no sacrifice they would not make to avoid offending her, nothing they would not do to avert a contest with her. Even the Pan-Tentons, who on the smallest provocation clamor for war against England, America and France, never clamor for war against Russia, no matter what she may say or do. "We must be on good terms with Russia," Germans have always frankly admitted, and have quoted Bismarck in support of their contention. If they were asked why, the chances are they would answer, "Because we have on the east an open frontier five hundred miles long." All that this has hitherto meant to Germans, only those who know something of the ways of Cossack raiders can quite understand. When they saw Japan go forth as the bravest David against this Goliath whom nothing would have induced them to attack, they were seized with admiring wonder, although they rallied against her audacity as smacking of madness. And now that she has put her foe to rout, they are delighted, for they feel that in fighting her own battles she is fighting theirs, too, and in a singularly gallant fashion.

Even apart from their hatred and fear of Russia, peace-loving, home-loving Germans—and that means the bulk of the German nation—maintain that they

The Politician
Though his duties in Parliament cause a great strain,
He is able to keep both his body and brain
In the best of condition, the whole session
through:
He takes Abbey's Salt and commends it to you.

Brain workers know the penalty of ill-health. Let the bowels become clogged—the liver sluggish—the stomach upset—the blood impure—and that "tired, overworked" feeling steals over the brain.

ABBEY'S SALT clears the brain by cleansing the system. It sets stomach, liver and bowels to do natural work in nature's own way. It is the ideal blood purifier—the perfect stomachic—the unfailing liver regulator.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt
The Premier Tonic Laxative

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Contrasts in Parliament.

SOME WELL DRESSED MEN IN THE CANADIAN COMMONS.

Taking up the question of the differences between the Provincial and Federal houses of parliament there are some other excellent things in addition to that of beginning on that which the smaller houses might learn from the big house above the Ottawa. At Toronto when a member introduces a bill to amend the Municipal Act the reporters and the members are left in ignorance whether it is a plan to construct a drain in Etobicoke, or to allow Toronto to buy out the Gas Company, and it is only possible to find out by diligent inquiry of the member in charge of the bill, which owing to the loop-the-loop route between the press gallery and the floor of the House at Toronto is not always practicable. In Ottawa it is the rule for the introducer to explain all bills which involve anything more than a technical or verbal change in the law. Sometimes in the press a bill slips through unexplained, but the rule is as stated, while in the Ontario House the rule is apparently the other way.

Passing the Estimates. There is another rule which is so simple and so valuable that the statement of it seems sufficient to insure its adoption, and yet most, if not all, the provincial legislatures ignore it, to such an extent that in some minds the impression has been created that the practice is unconstituted. However they cannot see why such a time-saving arrangement would not be at once put into force. The rule is this, that the estimates which are ready before the House meets are submitted for consideration the first vacant half hour after the conclusion of the debate on the address, and thenceforward whenever the business for the day is not sufficient to take up the whole time of the sitting. Thus before the budget speech is delivered half or more of the estimates have been considered. Those whose experience extends only to provincial houses would at first blush probably say that it was unconstitutional to bring on the estimates before the delivery of the budget speech, but it has been done at Ottawa for many years, and the constitution seems to be none the worse, but rather better. The saving in time that the adoption of this plan would make in the provincial legislatures would be immense, because for the first three weeks or so ten or fifteen minutes sessions are the rule, whereas the estimates would provide material for a full day's work every day from the first, until the legislation got under way.

Better Dressed Than Toronto. Taking the House as a whole the Dominion parliament is a better dressed

house than that at Toronto. A number of the members rarely appear, during ordinary weather at all events, in anything less formal than a frock coat, while constant rounds of functions of one kind and another causes some to be in the House every night in evening dress. In colder weather with many who wear the frock coat the prevailing black is broken by the edging of the inner white waistcoat, which extends the regulation quarter of an inch beyond the black one, and marks it off from the broad—black. When the summer comes on the black waistcoat is discarded and the member appears in all the glory of the white and figured materials still allowed for this one part of man's apparel, when all the rest has been conceded to modern utilitarian monotony. Some of the members come early on the scene with buttonhole bouquets of roses and carnations and the like. Sir Wilfrid rarely indulges in a flower, but he is among the first to appear in a white waistcoat, and in fact in giving just the due amount of attention of one in his position to matters of dress, offending neither on the one side nor the other.

The Leaders Dress Well. Sir Wilfrid is one of the best dressed men in Canada, and a model to all young Canadians. To see him walk up the broad tulle-lined paths of parliament hill of a bright spring morning with walking-stick and shining silk hat is both a lesson in deportment and a proof of the adage that while the coat does not make the man he is all the better for a perfectly fitting coat after he is made.

Several on both sides follow close after the Premier, but there are so many well-dressed men in the House that it would be impossible to give them all. R. L. Borden also knows the value of care in the matter of dress and wears his clothes well, but as the visitor to the House looks at his wavy brown hair and the broad shoulders and indescribable manliness of the athlete there is not spilled out of him yet, and that on sultry afternoons or in enticing summer weather he would just as soon leave off the frock coat and stiff collar and spend a couple of hours in white flannels batting a red-leather ball around a cricket cricket.

In fact, an acquaintance with the House would be a good corrective for a young man, who, in despising the duds he has fallen into the other extreme of carelessness, and would teach him the virtue of the rule of Washington and Franklin to dress himself in keeping with that state of life to which he has been called.—Toronto News.

overcome him, he remained to take the sacrament. During the sitting he said: "There are two subjects which ought to be painted, and I should like to see it done well. I think that one a great moral lesson. We are informed that all the animals of the creation had been created for our use, but we don't know how to reduce some of them to obedience; the lion, the royal tiger, the hyena, and others, but Van Ambourg has effected this; what I want Landseer to paint for me is Van Ambourg; he is a fine, athletic man, surrounded by the animals he has so well known not only how to render obedient to himself, but also to live in peace with each other—Van Ambourg standing upright, a fine figure of a man, with these animals lying around him, and the lamb at his feet, for he places the lamb between the lion and the tiger, and they dare not touch it. This is not all you see. In an adjoining cage three ferocious beasts are together, not injuring each other. This is education, this is the great moral lesson." Then he lamented that Edwin Landseer's health had not permitted him to paint this picture for him, and repeated the description of Van Ambourg's prowess.

"The other subject," he said, "is one which I believe has never been painted. My entry into Madrid. It is a fine subject, and one of great importance. We had just fought the battle of Salamanca, and had been waiting to see what the enemy would do, when in the night before my entry some of our people had a brush with the enemy's cavalry, and we lost several men, but I believe some fellow had gone over and informed them of our position, for the Germans behaved well, very well, but the Portuguese ran

away. However, there was Madrid to be stormed. If I did not take possession, as the harvest was not yet got in and the people could not stir, the French would have got it or destroyed it. So I determined to enter. This is the subject for some man of talent; it ought to be done. I shall never forget the joy, the enthusiasm of the people. They nearly pulled me off my horse, kissing my hands, pulling my coat, cloak and stirrups, and passing me from one to another. I was obliged to tell 'em they'd have me off! But it was the finest sight I ever saw. People who had not dared to come out of their houses for a long time now met their relations, whom, perhaps, they thought dead; others went in with me, and the meetings were joyous indeed. There you might have seen the common people, with their short jacket and breeches, buckles on their shoes, and the little red cap, and others with croaks, and all the women very early dressed. I remember the old friars and priests, too, were all out to meet me; it was a fine sight. We entered at the northeast gate, which would show we came from Salamanca. Yes—it ought to be painted, and ought to make a fine picture. They'd have been all starved if I had not done it."

"May I beg," The Duke said, he approved the portrait, and wrote his name on it. Signor Marochetti, a sculptor, arrived. We went to a tile kiln to get some clay. The Duke gave me his hand kindly on my taking leave. Thus terminated Sir G. Hayter's pleasant and interesting visit. Eleven years later the great Duke died (September 14th, 1852).—London Chronicle.

The Flat That Flew.

"The great advantage about a flat," said Sartoris with conviction, "is that you can close it at any moment—not even trouble about a caretaker—just lock it up, and leave town with your key in your pocket."

"You must have a jolly lot of trust in the police," growled Chapman. "Yes—a splendid force," said Sartoris, in his sprightliest fashion. "All you have to do is to tell them that your house is there without a servant—and they'll keep an eye on it for you."

"And what if the policeman tells the servant next door?" persisted the incorrigible Chapman. "They're much too highly trained for that," said Sartoris. "Just try," said Chapman. "Well, as a matter of fact, we're going to try—my family and I are going into a flat next month."

It was really a beautiful flat, and even Mrs. Sartoris was inclined to relax her silence when she saw it. She had regarded the whole plan with even more disfavor than she extended to most of her husband's sudden schemes. A flat, she said, was most unsuitable to children; it was out of touch with Mother Earth; it would not contain enough rooms; it would be too noisy; and Tommy would be sure to tumble out of the windows.

But no woman could deny that this was a flat in a million. It contained twelve rooms—four upstairs and eight downstairs. For there were two stories and a flight of stairs. There was a room that would do for a nursery, and a room that would make an exquisite boudoir for Mrs. Sartoris, besides another that would do for Mr. Sartoris's library. Altogether it was what one of Mrs. Sartoris's sisters called, fondly if a little foolishly, a "love of a flat."

Mr. Sartoris always did a thing well when he did it at all. He furnished the flat beautifully. Besides bringing in all the pick of his furniture from his former house he sold out stock in order to add more. He ransacked the old furniture shops for Chippendale and Sheraton; he bought a new set of toys for the children; he even took the occasion to buy five yards of new books.

The Sartoris family went into the flat early in June, and for the first two months all went well. The children enjoyed the change—as they would have enjoyed any other change. Rides in the lift they worried out of his life—had not begun to pall. There was a fine levity and irresponsibility in the life after living in a house, and everybody enjoyed it except the cat.

At the end of July Mrs. Sartoris broached the inevitable question. "The children must really go on their holidays next week, John, and it would be the best plan if we could all go together—to the sea."

Mr. Sartoris looked up lightly. His time had arrived. "Precisely, Jane—that is just what I have urged from the first. It is the chief advantage of flat life. We can all go together—servants and all—and close the flat entirely."

moving from one foot to the other. "What's up?" said the porter, beginning to wake up. "Only this 'ere," said the carter, and handed to the porter a piece of paper already greasy with much handling, as if he had clung to it throughout his journey. "Please give to bearer all facilities for conveying the furniture and effects of Mr. William Sartoris from 36-B—street to 67 J—street, Baywater."

This was signed with Mr. Sartoris's name in a good, strong handwriting, sufficiently bold to carry conviction to the porter, who was not an expert in that matter. "Ain't there no servants left to help us?" said the carter, in arieved tone. "Nary one," said the porter; "he took the blessed lot."

The carter sat down and wiped his forehead with a dirty red handkerchief. "Well, it's a pretty fool's errand he's sent us on. S'pose we must just take the 'osses back and take a 'oliday." The porter was shifting about a little uneasily. "Can't you come another day?" he said.

"Full up for the next month," said the carter, taking out a clay pipe, as a preparation for his holiday. The porter rose. "Well," he said, "come along o' me. He gave me a key to do the deah'n', and I suppose he means me to help you out with the sticks."

And so all through that hot afternoon the two carters and the porter worked their hardest, and by five o'clock the flat was left as bare and unfurnished as the desert of Sahara. The carter was very tired, and seemed a bit dissatisfied. "Well, I do think he might 'a' left a shillin' or two for us to drink 'is 'air with," said the one with the red handkerchief. "But tell him we wish 'im luck."

And with a "So long, Billy," the vans disappeared round the corner, carrying with them all the worldly possessions of Mrs. Sartoris.

"I cannot quite understand this letter, my dear," said Mr. Sartoris to his wife next morning. He looked a little white. The letter was written in the unsteady hand of the porter, and it ran as follows: "Sir—I have help the carters taking away your goods, and shall be glad of 5 shillings for the day's work according to your orders."

"These must be some mistake," said Mrs. Sartoris; "he's always worrying us for money."

She said afterwards that she had suspected a great many things, but this fairly passed her.

Mr. Sartoris pretended to change the subject. "I've got several things to do in town to-day," he said, "I shall go up by the eleven o'clock train."

Within three hours he was standing, mute and haggard, on the bare floor of his empty dining room in the flat.

"Well," said Chapman, "I hear you have gone back to your house in South Kensington. Lucky it wasn't let. Flat not a success, eh?" and he gave one of those abominable chuckles which Mr. Sartoris hated so much.

For once Mrs. Sartoris was quite silent. He buried himself in his paper. "Policeman a little too talkative, eh?" said Mr. Chapman. He had a loud voice, and there was a sort of explosion among the men behind. The story had got about the club.

"There are some men," said Mr. Sartoris slowly and loudly, "who always seem to escape the police, whatever they say and do."

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VICTORIA WATERWORKS. TENDERS FOR WATER PIPES \$25 Reward Is offered for evidence that will lead to the conviction of any person or persons who at any time during the year 1904 shall have stolen a DOG TAG issued by this City, and a caution is hereby given that any person who unlawfully uses a dog tag on an unlicensed dog will be proceeded against. JOHN M. LANGLEY, Chief of Police. City Hall, Victoria, B.C., July 6th, 1904.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, at their next sitting as a Licensing Court, for a transfer of my license for the sale of wines and liquors by retail, upon the premises situate at No. 9 Johnson street, Victoria, B. C., formerly known as the Gordon Hotel, but now known as "The Louvre," to Joseph Hall. Dated this 21st day of June, 1904. GEORGE WILSON.

NOTICE. All persons who are indebted to the above estate are required to pay the amount thereof to the executor forthwith, and all persons who have any claims against the said estate are required to send in their accounts, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, on or before the first day of September, 1904, after which the executor will proceed to distribute the estate to the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to such claims as may have been received. Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 24th day of June, 1904. FELL & GREGORY, Board of Trade Building, Solicitors for John Joseph Sehl, Executor.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, at their next sitting as a Licensing Court, for a transfer of my license for the sale of wines and liquors by retail upon the premises situate at number 4 Bastion Square, in the City of Victoria, and known as "Steele's Saloon," to James Jeffrey Bothwell. Dated this 18th day of July, 1904. J. G. THOMSON.

NOTICE. All mineral rights are reserved by the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company within that tract of land bounded on the south by the south boundary of Comox District, on the east by the Straits of Georgia, on the north by the 20th parallel, and on the west by the boundary of the E. & N. Railway Land Grant. LEONARD H. ROY, Land Commissioner.

The Victor Of Waterloo New Anecdotes of the Duke of Wellington

The anniversary of Waterloo, which was fought on Sunday, June 18th, 1815, calls up the memory of the mighty hero of that day, Arthur Wellesley, Duke of Wellington. As a token of the nation's gratitude he was given Strathfieldsaye, to be possessed by him and his heirs forever. In this residence, more than sixty years ago, Sir George Hayter (then knighted), the court painter to the late Queen Victoria, was invited to stay. The artist was then busy on his state picture, "The Marriage of the Queen," and the Duke had promised him sittings for his portrait, which afterwards appeared in this picture.

The following extracts are from Sir G. Hayter's diary, and give a little insight into the Duke's home life. They are now published for the first time: "May 20th, 1841. I left London by the railroad for Reading at eight a. m., arrived at Reading at twenty minutes past nine, took a conveyance to Strathfieldsaye, nine miles, arrived there by half-past ten. "I was then shown into a very pretty library, the walls being covered with engravings, stuck on the walls without glasses, and having a little border of lighter shade, to answer as a rim round them. Here the Duke of Wellington came to me, and received me most kindly. He showed me through the suite of rooms, and he pointed out to me all the pictures and prints he thought most interesting. In admiring the whole-length portraits, he never failed to remark their great excellence was a small head. He showed a fine portrait of the Queen Catherine of Aragon, wife of Henry VIII., very like Blenheim, Queen Mary; and another by Rubens, as he said, but I believe it a Yandryke of Donna Imbeldina, who was the Queen that, when Ghena was besieged, vowed to wear her clothes till it was reduced, which circumstance brought them a tuit called now 'Isabelle' in France.

The Duke's Pleasure in His Country Seat. "The Duke said he liked the house better than any house in England, that he had done everything which he could to make it perfectly comfortable; he then took me upstairs to my bedroom, which he took me to, and pointed out the beautiful view from it, saying 'What fools people are to remain in London at this season!' He showed me my servant's room, hoped I should be comfortable, and then explained the direction of the gallery and staircase. Soon after this he ordered my breakfast, came and looked that all was right, and after walking me round the conservatory, he left me. Soon after this, his nephew, the Rev. Mr. Wellesley, came. The Duke introduced us, and then I found that we were all going out. We went through the rooms again first, however, and he pointed out to me the engraving from my portrait of Her Majesty in his own room. We then went to the Hall and mounted a very pretty fore and aft shandryan car with two Shetland ponies. The Duke got up and took the reins, called me to sit on his right; he

liked driving from the left side. We went five on the car, the Duke, Mr. Wellesley, a builder, myself, and a groom. "After returning he gave me two sittings for the drawing I am making for the marriage of the Queen, of him. He slept and dozed every five minutes, then talked of the small heads in ancient portraits. "At dinner time he seated me on his right hand, and was very kind in seeing that we had enough to eat, but he forgot to think of passing wine after dinner, so it stood still, the Hon. Lew. Mr. Wellesley, and I got only one glass of claret each after the removal of the cloth; but the Duke talked of art; and admired Tintoretto as the greatest painter of antiquity, as he said, before Raffael, for Tintoretto, he observed, was the best draftsman of the human figure. I said, 'I could not agree, but that Tintoretto was a great composer and a most imposing artist, full of great genius, and of a most daring and inventive talent.' The Duke persisted in his having been the best draftsman who has ever lived, and said, 'I don't understand composition.' It was easy to perceive that the vast canvases covered by Tintoretto had imposed on the Duke's mind; by their size and the ordinary bundle of his works; 'his size his figure, as the Duke said, were generally in true action, that the spectators always knew what each figure was intended to be doing, which in many religious compositions of the Great Masters is not the case, as too frequently a legitimate balance of composition in altar pieces and sacred works of the class of Holy Families, accompanied by two or three devotees (heads of convents and monasteries) would scarcely guarantee actions other than homage. Wellington as Clerk of the Chapel Royal. "He afterwards amused us very much by an account of his attending divine service in London always at eight o'clock at the Chapel Royal, that he never found more than the officiating priest and a sort of Abigail, and that he, the Duke, always acted as clerk; that he uniformly went through all the responses with a loud voice, even to the Amen. He said, 'I suppose if the people of London knew that I, His Grace the Duke of Wellington, regularly attended as clerk at the Chapel Royal every Sunday, they would at least not leave room for me even to get in,' appearing quite aware of his own great popularity, at the same time recognizing in himself the humble Christian who goes to pray and who is willingly clerk in an empty chapel! Though thought of by the multitude as the Great Duke, he seemed, at the moment, of his recital, to think that was a side made to the low, and more useless to him than the high devotion; he appeared to cherish his Creator."

May 30th, Whit Sunday. "At breakfast very little was said. The Duke said 'Church at eleven o'clock, lunch if you like, and dine at six.' Then he appointed that he would sit to me after church. He slept soundly at church; the heat of the day and the walk had

