User's
Manual

## Hardware Manual

## vigilantplant:

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## Applicable Product

## - Range-free Multi-controller FA-M3

The document number for this manual is given below.
Refer to the document number in all communications, including when purchasing additional copies of this manual.

Document No. : IM 34M06C11-01E

## Important

## ■ About This Manual

- This Manual should be passed on to the end user.
- Before using the controller, read this manual thoroughly to have a clear understanding of the controller.
- This manual explains the functions of this product, but there is no guarantee that they will suit the particular purpose of the user.
- Under absolutely no circumstances may the contents of this manual be transcribed or copied, in part or in whole, without permission.
- The contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice.
- Every effort has been made to ensure accuracy in the preparation of this manual. However, should any errors or omissions come to the attention of the user, please contact the nearest Yokogawa Electric representative or sales office.


## Safety symbols



- Danger. This symbol on the product indicates that the operator must follow the instructions laid out in this user's manual to avoid the risk of personnel injuries, fatalities, or damage to the instrument. Where indicated by this symbol, the manual describes what special care the operator must exercise to prevent electrical shock or other dangers that may result in injury or the loss of life.
- Protective Ground Terminal. Before using the instrument, be sure to ground this terminal.


## $\stackrel{\perp}{=}$

- Function Ground Terminal. Before using the instrument, be sure to ground this terminal.
$\sim$
- Alternating current. Indicates alternating current.


## =-

- Direct current. Indicates direct current.

The following symbols are used only in the user's manual.

## © WARNING

- Indicates a "Warning".
- Draws attention to information essential to prevent hardware damage, software damage or system failure.


## CAUTION

- Indicates a "Caution"
- Draws attention to information essential to the understanding of operation and functions.
TIP
- Indicates a "TIP"
- Gives information that complements the present topic.


## SEE ALSO

- Indicates a "SEE ALSO" reference.
- Identifies a source to which to refer.


## Safety Precautions when Using/Maintaining the Product

- For the protection and safe use of the product and the system controlled by it, be sure to follow the instructions and precautions on safety stated in this manual whenever handling the product. Take special note that if you handle the product in a manner other than prescribed in these instructions, the protection feature of the product may be damaged or impaired. In such cases, Yokogawa cannot guarantee the quality, performance, function and safety of the product.
- When installing protection and/or safety circuits such as lightning protection devices and equipment for the product and control system as well as designing or installing separate protection and/or safety circuits for fool-proof design and fail-safe design of processes and lines using the product and the system controlled by it, the user should implement it using devices and equipment, additional to this product.
- If component parts or consumable are to be replaced, be sure to use parts specified by the company.
- This product is not designed or manufactured to be used in critical applications which directly affect or threaten human lives and safety - such as nuclear power equipment, devices using radioactivity, railway facilities, aviation equipment, shipboard equipment, aviation facilities or medical equipment. If so used, it is the user's responsibility to include in the system additional equipment and devices that ensure personnel safety.
- Do not attempt to modify the product.
- To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.
- This product is classified as Class A for use in industrial environments.If used in a residential environment, it may cause electromagnetic interference (EMI).
In such situations, it is the user's responsibility to adopt the necessary measures against EMI.


## Exemption from Responsibility

- Yokogawa Electric Corporation (hereinafter simply referred to as Yokogawa Electric) makes no warranties regarding the product except those stated in the WARRANTY that is provided separately.
- Yokogawa Electric assumes no liability to any party for any loss or damage, direct or indirect, caused by the use or any unpredictable defect of the product.


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## General Requirements for Using the FA-M3 Controller

## - Set the product in a location that fulfills the following requirements:

- Where the product will not be exposed to direct sunlight, and where the operating surrounding air temperature is from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

There are modules that must be used in an environment where the operating surrounding air temperature is in a range smaller than $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. Refer to hardware user's manual or the applicable user's manual. In case of attaching such a module, the entire system's operating surrounding air temperature is limited to the module's individual operating surrounding air temperature.

- Where the relative humidity is from 10 to $90 \%$.

In places where there is a chance of condensation, use a space heater or the like to constantly keep the product warm and prevent condensation.

- For use in Pollution Degree 2 Environment.
- Where there are no corrosive or flammable gases.
- Where the product will not be exposed to mechanical vibration or shock that exceed specifications.
- Where there is no chance the product may be exposed to radioactivity.


## - Use the correct types of wire for external wiring:

- USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY.
- Use conductors with temperature rating above $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.


## - Securely tighten screws:

- Securely tighten module mounting screws and terminal screws to avoid problems such as faulty operation.
- Tighten terminal block screws with the correct tightening torque as given in this manual. Refer to the hardware user's manual or the applicable user's manual for the appropriate tightening torque.


## - Securely lock connecting cables:

- Securely lock the connectors of cables, and check them thoroughly before turning on the power.
- Interlock with emergency-stop circuitry using external relays:
- Equipment incorporating the FA-M3 controller must be furnished with emergencystop circuitry that uses external relays. This circuitry should be set up to interlock correctly with controller status (stop/run).


## - Ground for low impedance:

- For safety reasons, connect the [FG] grounding terminal to a protective earth (Comply with the regulation of each country.). For compliance to CE Marking, use braided or other wires that can ensure low impedance even at high frequencies for grounding.


## - Configure and route cables with noise control considerations:

- Perform installation and wiring that segregates system parts that may likely become noise sources and system parts that are susceptible to noise. Segregation can be achieved by measures such as segregating by distance, installing a filter or segregating the grounding system.


## - Configure for CE Marking Conformance:

- For compliance to CE Marking, perform installation and cable routing according to the description on compliance to CE Marking in the "Hardware Manual" (IM 34M06C11-01E).


## - Keep spare parts on hand:

- We recommend that you stock up on maintenance parts, including spare modules, in advance.
- Preventive maintenance (replacement of the module) is required for using the module beyond 10 years.


## - Discharge static electricity before touching the system:

- Because static charge can accumulate in dry conditions, first touch grounded metal to discharge any static electricity before touching the system.


## - Wipe off dirt with a soft cloth:

- Gently wipe off dirt on the product's surfaces with a soft cloth.
- If you soak the cloth in water or a neutral detergent, tightly wring it out before wiping the product. Letting water enter the module interior can cause malfunctions.
- Do not use volatile solvents such as benzine or paint thinner or chemicals for cleaning, as they may cause deformity, discoloration, or malfunctioning.


## - Avoid storing the FA-M3 controller in places with high temperature or humidity:

- Since the CPU module has a built-in battery, avoid storage in places with high temperature or humidity.
- Since the service life of the battery is drastically reduced by exposure to high temperatures, take special care (storage surrounding air temperature should be from $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ).
- There is a built-in lithium battery in a CPU module which serves as backup power supply for programs, device information and configuration information.
The service life of this battery is more than 10 years in standby mode at room temperature. Take note that the service life of the battery may be shortened when installed or stored at locations of extreme low or high temperatures. Therefore, we recommend that modules with built-in batteries be stored at room temperature.


## - Always turn off the power before installing or removing modules:

- Failing to turn off the power supply when installing or removing modules, may result in damage.


## - Do not touch components in the module:

- In some modules you can remove the right-side cover and install ROM packs or change switch settings. While doing this, do not touch any components on the printed-circuit board, otherwise components may be damaged and modules may fail to work.


## - Do not use unused terminals:

- Do not connect wires to unused terminals on a terminal block or in a connector. Doing so may adversely affect the functions of the module.


## - Use the following power source:

- Use only F3PUxx-xx as the power supply module.
- If using this product as a UL-approved product, for the external power supply, use a limited voltage / current circuit power source or a Class 2 power source.


## - Refer to the user's manual before connecting wires:

- Refer to the hardware user's manual or the applicable user's manual for the external wiring drawing.
- Refer to "A3.6.5 Connecting Output Devices" in the hardware user's manual before connecting the wiring for the output signal.
- Refer to "A3.5.4 Grounding Procedure" in the hardware user's manual for attaching the grounding wiring.


## - Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment



Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE), Directive 2002/96/EC
(This directive is only valid in the EU.)

This product complies with the WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC) marking requirement. The following marking indicates that you must not discard this electrical/electronic product in domestic household waste.

## Product Category

With reference to the equipment types in the WEEE directive Annex 1 , this product is classified as a "Monitoring and Control instrumentation" product.
Do not dispose in domestic household waste.
When disposing products in the EU, contact your local Yokogawa Europe B. V. office.

## ■ How to Discard Batteries

The following description on DIRECTIVE 2006/66/EC (hereinafter referred to as the EU new directive on batteries) is valid only in the European Union.

Some models of this product contain batteries that cannot be removed by the user. Make sure to dispose of the batteries along with the product.

Do not dispose in domestic household waste.
When disposing products in the EU, contact your local Yokogawa Europe B. V. office.

Battery type: Lithium battery


Note: The symbol above means that the battery must be collected separately as specified in Annex II of the EU new directive on batteries.

## Introduction

## Overview of the Manual

This manual explains the configuration, specifications and installation of the Range-Free Multi-controller FA-M3. It also discusses the individual specifications of power supply modules, base modules, I/O modules, cables and terminal block units.

## ■ Configuration of the Manual

This manual consists of three parts.

## - Part A Standard Version

The main part of this manual explains all the details of the FA-M3 system except for those of the FA-M3 Value and FA-M3 Value II.

## - Part B FA-M3 Value (F3SC21-1N) Version

The second part of the manual discusses the details specific to the FA-M3 Value (F3SC21-1N).

- Part C FA-M3 Value II (F3SC22-xx, F3SC23-xx) Version

The third part of the manual discusses the details specific to the FA-M3 Value II (F3SC22-xx, F3SC23-xx).

Chapters A3 (Installation and Wiring), A4 (Test Runs and Troubleshooting) and A5 (Maintenance and Inspection) are common to the standard FA-M3, the FA-M3 Value and the FA-M3 Value II. Be sure to read these chapters before using the FA-M3 Value and the FA-M3 Value II.

## Other User's Manuals

For products other than the power supply module, base module, I/O module, cable and terminal block unit, refer to their respective manuals.

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## FA-M3

## Hardware Manual

## IM 34M06C11-01E 23th Edition

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## FA-M3

Hardware Manual

## A1. System Configuration <br> A1.1 System Configuration

## - Basic Configuration

The basic configuration of FA-M3 is a unit.
A unit is a system with the minimum configuration consisting of the following modules. Install these modules on the base module to compose the unit.

Table A1.1 Modules (Components) of a Unit

| Module | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Base module | Five types are available, allowing different number <br> of modules to be mounted. |
| Power supply module | A unit must have at least one power supply module. |
| CPU module | Different types are available with different <br> functionalities. A unit must have at least one CPU <br> module. |
| I/O module | Various types are available with different I/O and <br> number of I/O points. |
| Special module | Various types are available, including analog I/O <br> and communication modules. |

## Main Unit

A unit in which a CPU module is installed is referred to as a main unit. Thus a main unit is comprised of only one unit.
The unit number of a main unit is 0 .

## Subunit

Subunits are used to increase the number of I/O ports. A subunit contains no CPU module. A maximum of seven subunits can be added to the system to handle up to 8192 (depending on the CPU module type) I/O points. The unit number of a subunit is either $1,2,3,4,5,6$, or 7 .


Figure A1.1 Main Unit and Subunit

## Slot Number

A slot number identifies a slot of a base module in which a CPU module, an I/O module or some other module can be installed. A slot number is a 3-digit integer with the first digit representing a unit number. The unit number of the main unit is 0 .


Figure A1.2 Slot Number Definition

Unit 0


Figure A1.3 Slot Numbers for the Main Unit

## Example of Increasing the Number of I/O Points Using Fiber-optic FA-bus Type 2 Modules

You can install fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 modules in both main and subunits and connect them with fiber-optic cables. This enables distributed arrangement of remote I/O points, increase in the number of I/O points, and control of I/O modules via high-speed, noiseimmune communication.


Figure A1.4 Increasing the Number of I/O Points Using Fiber-optic FA-bus Type 2 Modules
The maximum number of subunits that can be connected is 7 .
Subunit numbers are determined depending on the setting of the rotary switch on the fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 module mounted to a subunit.

## TIP

- Example of increasing the number of I/O points using FA-bus type 2 modules

As with fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 modules, the number of I/O points can be increased using FA-bus type 2 modules.

FA-bus type 2 modules use shielded twisted-pair cables for the connection between subunits. (The cable length is restricted compared to fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 modules.)

## A1.2 Restrictions on Module Installation

## A1.2.1 Restrictions on Module Location

- A CPU module installed in slot 1 serves as the main CPU module.
- CPU modules installed in slots 2 to 4 serve as the add-on CPU modules.
- I/O modules may also be installed in slots 2 to 4 . No add-on sequence CPU module or add-on BASIC CPU module can be installed in a slot with a slot number greater than those of the I/O modules.
- In an application where two or more CPU modules are installed, no I/O module can be installed between any two CPU modules.


Figure A1.5 Restrictions on Module Location

## A1．2．2 Restrictions on CPU Module Installation

A maximum of four CPU modules can be installed in slots 1 to 4 ．
Table A1．2 Combinations of Main CPU Modules with Add－on CPU Modules

| Model |  |  | Add－on CPU Module |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & z \\ & \stackrel{i}{1} \\ & \stackrel{1}{N} \\ & \underset{N}{N} \\ & \underset{L}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\boldsymbol{\infty}$ $\mathbf{N}$ N N N H | $\begin{aligned} & Z \\ & \underset{N}{N} \\ & \underset{N}{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\mu} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{z} \\ & 10 \\ & \\ & \text { N } \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \square \\ & 0 \\ & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & z \\ & \text { Z } \\ & \text { ì } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \mathbf{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { zo } \\ & \text { ion } \\ & \text { ò } \\ & \text { M } \\ & \text { M } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | F3SP21－0N |  | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ $*_{2}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3SP22－0S | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3SP25－2N | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ $*_{2}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3SP35－5N | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & *_{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3SP28－3口 | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3SP38－6口 | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3SP53－4 $\square$ | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3SP58－6口 | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3SP59－7S | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3SP6ロ－ロS | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3SP7口－ロN | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & *_{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ $*_{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & * 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  | $\checkmark$ $*_{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & *_{2} \end{aligned}$ | － |
|  | F3SP7口－■S | 4 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & *_{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | － |
|  | F3BP20－0N | 1 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & * 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark$ | － | － | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3BP30－0N | 1 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\begin{aligned} & \checkmark \\ & * 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark$ | － | － | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3FP36－3N | 1 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | － | － | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | － |

＊1：Indicates the maximum number of modules that can be used in total including the main CPU module when CPU modules with the same model name as the main CPU module are used as add－on CPU modules．
＊2：A maximum of two modules can be installed in this combination．
＊3：The combination of F3SP7ロ－■N＋F3SP7口－ロN＋F3SP21（25，35／F3BP20，30）is not possible． The combination of F3SP7D－םN＋F3SP7D－םS＋F3SP21（25，35／F3BP20，30）is not possible． The combination of F3SP7ロ－$\square$ S＋F3SP7D－$\square$ S + F3SP21（ $25,35 /$ F3BP20，30）is possible．
The combination of F3SP7ロ－$\square \mathrm{N}+$ F3SP7ロ－$\square$ S is possible．

## A1．2．3 Restrictions on I／O Module Installation

Table A1．3 shows the types of modules that each CPU module can access directly，as well as the maximum number of modules of each type that can be installed at the same time．The maximum number referred to here means a limit to the quantity of modules when a multiple of the same I／O module is installed．
－＂＂＂identifies an I／O module that can be installed without limitation on its quantity．
－＂－＂identifies an I／O module to which the CPU module in question cannot have direct access．
－Each numeral means the maximum number of I／O modules that can be installed， provided that they are of the same type．
In addition to the restrictions on the quantity of each I／O module，there are system－wide limitations to the quantity of I／O modules that can be installed．For more information， see Appendix A1，＂System－wide Restrictions on Module Installation．＂
In the table below，modules with shaded module names must be installed in the main unit．

Table A1．3 Modules that Each CPU can Access Directly and the Maximum Number that can be Installed（1／2）

| Module Name | Model | Sequence CPU |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | BASIC CPU |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { か } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N} \\ & \text { N} \end{aligned}$ | Z N N N N H． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ & \underset{\sim}{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { प} \\ & \text { O } \\ & \infty \\ & \tilde{N} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\square$ <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br>  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { の } \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { ח̈ } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | z $\vdots$ $\dot{\omega}$ 0 0 $\tilde{\mu}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { の } \\ & \underset{\sim}{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \\ & \underset{\sim}{N} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { z } \\ & \text { i } \\ & \dot{1} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { M } \\ & \text { H} \end{aligned}$ |
| Memory card module | F3EM01－0N | $2{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | － | － |
| Input module | F3XADロ－ロN | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3XH04－3N | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | $16^{*}$ | $16^{*}$ |
|  | F3XC08－0口 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3XD08－6F | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3XD08－6N | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3XD16－DF | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3XD16－3H | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3XD32－DF | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3XD16－■N | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3XD32－■N | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3XD64－ロロ | 32 | 64 | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Output module | F3YA08－2N | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3YC08－0C | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3YC08－0N | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3YC16－0N | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3YD04－7N | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3YD08－ロロ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3YD14－5D | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3YD32－1D | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | F3YD64－1］ | 32 | 64 | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| I／O module | F3WD64－ロロ | 32 | 64 | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Analog input module | F3AD04－0］ | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  | F3AD08－ロロ | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| Analog output module | F3DA02－0N | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  | F3DA04－1N | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  | F3DA08－5N | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| High－speed data acquisition module | F3HA08－0N | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Temperature control and monitoring module | F3CT04－DN | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
|  | F3CR04－DN | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| PID control module | F3CV04－1N | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| Temperature control and PID module | F3CU04－ロロ | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| Temperature monitoring module | F3CX04－0N | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| ASi Master module | F3LA01－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| PROFIBUS－DP Interface module | F3LB01－0N | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Personal computer link module | F3LC11－1F | $2^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ |
|  | F3LC11－1N |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | F3LC12－1F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table A1．3 Modules that Each CPU can Access Directly and the Maximum Number that can be Installed（2／2）

| Module Name |  | Model | Sequence CPU |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | BASIC CPU |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { z } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \stackrel{i}{N} \\ & \dot{N} \\ & \text { Li } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { n } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { Ü } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { z } \\ & \underset{N}{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\omega} \end{aligned}$ |  | 믈 N N N N N |  | ロ N N N N N |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { か } \\ & \text { o } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { L̈ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { の } \\ & \hline \\ & \hline \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { ï } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o } \\ & \text { ¢ } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { Ï } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & z \\ & \underset{N}{N} \\ & \dot{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { z } \\ & \dot{1} \\ & \dot{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{H} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\infty$ <br> 0 <br> $\vdots$ <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  | $\begin{aligned} & z \\ & \text { Z } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { M } \\ & \text { Li } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| UT link mod | dule |  | F3LC51－2N | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| DeviceNet i | interface module | F3LD01－0N | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Ethernet interface module |  | F3LE01－0T | $2^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{*}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{*}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | ${ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ |
|  |  | F3LE01－5T | $2^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{*}{ }^{+1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ |
|  |  | F3LE11－0T | $2{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ |
|  |  | F3LE12－0T | $2^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ |
| YHLS master module |  | F3LH0ロ－0N | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
|  |  | F3LH01－1N | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
|  |  | F3LH02－1N | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| FL－net（OPCN－2）interface module |  | F3LX02－1N | － | － | － | － | $1^{\text {＊9 }}$ | $2{ }^{* 9}$ | $1{ }^{* 9}$ | $2^{* 9}$ | $2{ }^{* 9}$ | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | － | － | － |
| NX interface module |  | F3NX01－पN | $2{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6{ }^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | $6^{* 1}$ | － | － |
| GP－IB communication module |  | F3GB01－0N ${ }^{\text {7 }}$ | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| RS－232－C communication module |  | F3RS22－0N | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 36 | 36 |
| RS－422－A communication module |  | F3RS41－0N | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 36 | 36 |
| Ladder communication module |  | F3RZ81－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | － | － |
|  |  | F3RZ81－0F | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | － | － |
|  |  | F3RZ82－0F | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | － | － |
|  |  | F3RZ91－0口 | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | － | － |
| FA link H module |  | F3LP02－0N | $2^{* 3}$ | $8^{* 3}$ | $8{ }^{*}{ }_{6}$ | $8^{*}{ }^{*} 6$ | $8{ }^{* 3}$ | $8^{* * 3}$ | $8^{*}{ }_{8}$ | $8{ }^{*}{ }_{8}$ | $8^{* *}{ }_{8}$ | $8^{* *}{ }_{8}$ | $8_{* 8}^{* 3}$ | －${ }^{* 10}$ | －＊10 | $8^{* *}{ }^{*}$ | $8^{*}{ }_{8}{ }^{3}$ | $8_{8_{4}^{*}}^{\stackrel{*}{4}_{4}^{*}}$ | － | － |
| Fiber－optic | FA link H module | F3LP12－0N |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | － |
| Fiber－optic | FA－bus module | F3LR01－0N | $7^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | 7＊＊${ }^{*}$ | 7＊＊${ }^{*}$ | ${ }^{*}{ }^{*}{ }_{6}$ | $7^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | $7^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | $7^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ |
| Fiber－optic | FA－bus type 2 module | F3LR02－0N |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FA－bus type | 2 module | F3LR02－1W | $7^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{*}$ | ${ }^{*}{ }^{*} 6$ | 7＊6 | ${ }^{*}{ }_{6}^{*}$ | $7^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{*}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | $7^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{* 5}$ | $7^{* 5}$ | $7^{* 5}$ | $7^{* 5}$ | $7^{* 5}$ | $7^{* 5}$ | $7{ }^{*}{ }_{6}$ | $7{ }^{*}$ | $7^{* 5}$ |
| High－speed counter module |  | F3XP01－0H | 32 | 64 | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  |  | F3XP02－0H | 32 | 64 | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | 64 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Pulse input module |  | F3XS04－ロN | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| Positioning module | （with multi－channel pulse output） | F3YP04－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  |  | F3YP08－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  |  | F3YP14－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  |  | F3YP18－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  |  | F3YP22－0P | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
|  |  | F3YP24－0P | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
|  |  | F3YP28－0P | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
|  | （advanced model with pulse output） | F3NC11－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  |  | F3NC12－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  | （with pulse output） | F3NC32－0N | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
|  |  | F3NC34－0N | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
|  | （with analog voltage output） | F3NC51－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  |  | F3NC52－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  | （for torque control） | F3NC61－0N | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
|  | （MECHATROLIN K－II） | F3NC96－0N | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
|  | （MECHATROLINK－III） | F3NC97－0N | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |

Modules with shaded module names and models must be installed in main units
＊1：Each number denotes the largest combined number of personal computer link modules，Ethernet interface modules，GP－IB communication modules（when in slave mode），FL－net interface modules and memory card modules that can be installed．If two or more CPU modules having different maximum limits are installed，the smallest limit applies．
＊2：The pulse－capture feature is disabled．
＊3：Each number denotes the largest combined number of FA link H modules and fiber－optic FA link H modules that can be installed．If two or more CPU modules having different maximum limits are installed，the smallest limit applies．
＊4：Configure the module using WideField，WideField2，WideField3 or Ladder Diagram Support Program M3．
＊5：Each number denotes the largest combined number of fiber－optic FA－bus，fiber－optic FA－bus type 2 and FA－bus type 2 modules that can be installed in a main unit．If two or more CPU modules having different maximum limits are installed，the smallest limit applies．If subunits are grouped using fiber－optic FA－bus type 2 modules，the maximum limit may be increased depending on the grouping pattern．For more information，see the Fiber－optic FA－bus Module and Fiber－optic FA－bus Type 2 Module，FA－bus Type 2 Module（IM 34M06H45－01E）．
＊6：FA link H，fiber－optic FA link H，fiber－optic FA－bus type 2 and FA－bus type 2 modules must be used with sequence CPU modules version 8 or later．For information on the version of a sequence CPU module，refer to the mark on its side．There is no usage limitation，however，for F3SPロロ－口S．
＊7：The maximum number of each module that can be installed depends on the operating mode．The left number and right number in each cell apply when the module is in master mode and slave mode respectively．
＊8：Up to 7 modules can be installed if used with FL－net（OPCN－2）interface module，provided link device capacities are not exceeded．
＊9：FL－net（OPCN－2）interface module can be used with sequence CPU modules rev． 5 or higher．There is no restriction when used with F3SPロロ－$\square S$ modules．
＊10：FA link，FA link H and fiber－optic FA link H modules cannot coexist with F3SP7D－$\square \mathrm{N}$ ．

## A1.2.4 Restrictions due to Current Consumption

Design your system making sure that the total sum of current consumed by modules in each unit does not exceed the capacity of the power supply module.
For more information, see Section A2.9, "Module Current Consumption Tables"

# A1.3 Peripheral Tools Supporting the Program Development of the FA-M3 

You can conveniently create and debug your programs on your personal computer.

- FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3
- FA-M3 ToolBox
- FA-M3 ToolBox - BASIC Programming Tool M3 for Windows


Figure A1.5 Support Tools for the FA-M3

## A2. <br> Specifications and Configuration

## A2.1 Specifications <br> Common Specifications

| Item |  |  |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Surrounding air temperature range |  |  | Operating : 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{* 1}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Storage : $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Surrounding humidity range |  |  | Operating : 10 to 90\% RH (non-condensing) |
|  |  |  |  | Storage : 10 to 90\% RH (non-condensing) |
|  | Surrounding atm | sphere |  | Must be free of corrosive gases, flammable gases or heavy dust. |
|  | Grounding |  |  | AC Power supply module : Protective earth (Comply with the regulation of each country.) DC Power supply module : Functional earth |
|  | Noise immunity |  |  | Tested using a noise simulator with a noise voltage of $1500 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$, pulse width of $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, rise time of 1 ns , and repetition frequency of 25 to 60 Hz . <br> For CE Marking-compliant modules, compliant to EN61326-1, EN61326-2-3*6 and EN61000-6-2 |
|  | Vibration resista |  |  | Tested in compliance with JIS C0040 under the following conditions: <br> - Frequency ranges: $\quad 10$ to 57 Hz with an amplitude of 0.075 mm <br> 57 to 150 Hz with an acceleration of $9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}(1 \mathrm{G})$ <br> - Direction and sweep cycles: 10 times each in the $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions |
|  | Shock resistanc |  |  | Tested in compliance with JIS C0041 under the following conditions: <br> - Direction and sweep cycles: 3 times each in the $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions with an acceleration of $147 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ ( $98 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ with DIN-rail mounting) |
|  | Structure |  |  | Designed for mounting inside a panel enclosure |
|  | Altitude of instal |  |  | Max. of 2000 m above sea level |
|  | Compliance with safety and EMC standards *2 | UL |  | UL508 approved, File No.E188707 (Overvoltage Category ${ }^{* 3}$ II, Pollution Degree ${ }^{* 4}$ 2) |
|  |  | CE | EMC Directive ${ }^{\text {7 }}$ | EN 61326-1 Class A, Table 2 (For use in industrial locations) EN 61326-2-3 ${ }^{\text {² }}$, EN 55011 Class A, Group 1 EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3 compliance |
|  |  |  | Low Voltage Directive | EN 61010-1 compliance (Overvoltage Category ${ }^{* 3}$ II, Pollution Degree ${ }^{* 4}$ 2) EN 61010-2-030 compliance (Measurement Category 0*8) |
|  |  | C-Tick | EMC Framework | EN 55011 Class A, Group 1 compliance EN 61326-1 Class A, Table 2 (For use in industrial locations) compliance |
|  |  | KC | EMC Regulations | Korea Electromagnetic Conformity Standard (한국 전자파적합성기준) compliance |
|  | Cooling method |  |  | Natural-air cooled |
|  | Mounting |  |  | Direct mounting with M4-size setscrews ${ }^{\text {5 }}$ or DIN-rail mounting (except for F3BU16-0N module) |
|  | Finish color |  |  | Light cobalt blue, equivalent to Munsell 6.2PB 4.6/8.8; Lampblack, equivalent to Munsell $0.8 \mathrm{Y} 2.5 / 0.4$ |
|  | External dimensions |  |  | See the dimensional figures in Section A2.10, "External Dimensions." |

*1: Some FA-M3 modules may have a narrower surrounding temperature range than $0-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. A system incorporating such modules must be used within the narrower surrounding temperature range for such modules.
*2: For details on conforming modules, see "UL-approved, CE marking, C-Tick mark and KC mark - compliant Modules" (GS 34M06C11-21E) general specification brochure.
*3: $\quad$ The term Overvoltage Category involves prescriptions on resistance to surge voltage reduction due to lightning and has four categories. Overvoltage Category II applies to systems with a rated voltage of 220/230/240 V and applies to electrical appliances, portable devices, etc.
*4: The term Pollution Degree represents the degree of pollution with foreign matter, solid, liquid or gaseous, that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity in the operating environment of the equipment. Pollution degree 2 refers to an environment where normally only non-conductive pollution occurs but occasionally temporary conductivity caused by condensation is to be expected.
*5: For details on the number of mounting screws, see subsection A3.2.2.
*6: EN61326-2-3 is applicable only to F3CU04-0S and F3CU04-1S.
*7: This product is classified as Class A for use in industrial environments. If used in a residential environment, it may cause electromagnetic interference (EMI). In such situations, it is the user's responsibility to adopt the necessary measures against EMI.
*8: EN 61010-2-030 is applicable only to modules with analog input terminal.
Don't use analog input terminals of the FA-M3 for measurement on Mains Circuit, since it has no measurement category.

Power Supply Specifications

| Item | Specifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { F3PU10-0N } \\ & \text { F3PU10-0S } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { F3PU20-0N } \\ & \text { F3PU20-0S } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F3PU30-0N } \\ & \text { F3PU30-0S } \end{aligned}$ | F3PU16-0N | F3PU26-0N | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { F3PU36-0N } \\ & \text { F3PU36-0S } \end{aligned}$ |
| Supply voltage range | 100 to 240 V AC , single phase $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  | 24 V DC |  |  |
| Range of supply voltage change | 85 to 264 V AC $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 3 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  | 15.6 to 31.2 V DC |  |  |
| Power consumption | 35 VA | 85 VA | 100 VA | 15.4 W | 33.1 W | 46.2 W |
| Insulation resistance | $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. when tested between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal using a 500 VDC insulation resistance tester |  |  | $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. when tested across a group of external DC terminals and the FG terminal using a 500 VDC insulation resistance tester |  |  |
| Withstanding voltage | 1500 V AC for one minute between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal |  |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between a group of external DC terminals and the FG terminal |  |  |
| FAIL-signal contact output | Located on the front terminal block of power supply module; contact ratings: $24 \mathrm{VDC}, 0.3 \mathrm{~A}$ (Equipped with both normally-open and normally-closed terminals) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Allowable common mode voltage of FAIL-signal contact | 120 V AC or DC max. (between the COM terminal of FAIL OUTPUT and the FG terminal) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leakage current | 3.5 mA max. |  |  | - |  |  |
| Allowable momentary power failure time | 20 ms |  |  |  |  |  |

## A2.2 FA-M3 Controller Configuration

A2.2.1 Components

## Module Names



Figure A2.1 FA-M3 Controller

## FA-M3 Components

Modules indicated by the triangle symbol $(\mathbf{\Delta})$ in the tables below are no longer available.

- Base Modules

| Module Description | Model | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Base module | F3BU04-0N | Slot for F3PU10/16 power supply module plus 4 slots (for CPU and I/O modules) |
|  | F3BU06-0N | Slot for F3PU10/16 power supply module plus 6 slots (for CPU and I/O modules) |
|  | F3BU05-0D | Slot for F3PU20/26/30/36 power supply module plus 5 slots (for CPU and I/O modules) |
|  | F3BU09-0N | Slot for F3PU20/26/30/36 power supply module plus 9 slots (for CPU and I/O modules) |
|  | F3BU13-0N | Slot for F3PU20/26/30/36 power supply module plus 13 slots (for CPU and I/O modules) |
|  | F3BU16-0N | Slot for F3PU20/26/30/36 power supply module plus 16 slots (for CPU and I/O modules) |

## - Power Supply Modules

| Module Description |  | Model | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply module | A | F3PU10-0N | 100 to 240 VAC , for F3BU04 and F3BU06 |
|  |  | F3PU10-0S |  |
|  |  | F3PU16-0N | 24 V DC, for F3BU04 and F3BU06 |
|  | - | F3PU20-0N | 100-240 V AC, for F3BU05, F3BU09, F3BU13 and F3BU16 |
|  |  | F3PU20-0S |  |
|  |  | F3PU26-0N | 24 V DC, for F3BU05, F3BU09, F3BU13 and F3BU16 |
|  | A | F3PU30-0N | 100-240 V AC, for F3BU05, F3BU09, F3BU13 and F3BU16 |
|  |  | F3PU30-0S |  |
|  | A | F3PU36-0N | 24 V DC, for F3BU05, F3BU09, F3BU13 and F3BU16 |
|  |  | F3PU36-0S |  |

## - CPU Modules

| Module Description |  | Model | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sequence CPU module (with memory) | A | F3SP21-0N | 10K ladder steps, 0.18 to $0.36 \mu$ s execution time for basic instructions |
|  | A | F3SP25-2N | 20K ladder steps, 0.12 to $0.24 \mu$ s execution time for basic instructions |
|  | A | F3SP35-5N | 100K ladder steps, 0.09 to $0.18 \mu$ s execution time for basic instructions |
|  | A | F3SP28-3N | 30K ladder steps, 0.045 to $0.18 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ execution time for basic instructions |
|  | A | F3SP38-6N | 120 K ladder steps, 0.045 to $0.18 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ execution time for basic instructions |
|  | (1) | F3SP53-4H | 56 K ladder steps, 0.0175 to $0.07 \mu$ s execution time for basic instructions |
|  | $\Delta$ | F3SP58-6H | 120 K ladder steps, 0.0175 to $0.07 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ execution time for basic instructions |
|  |  | F3SP22-0S | 10K ladder steps, 0.045 to $0.18 \mu$ s execution time for basic instructions |
|  |  | F3SP28-3S | 30K ladder steps, 0.045 to $0.18 \mu$ s execution time for basic instructions |
|  |  | F3SP38-6S | 120K ladder steps, 0.045 to $0.18 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ execution time for basic instructions |
|  |  | F3SP53-4S | 56 K ladder steps, 0.0175 to $0.07 \mu$ s execution time for basic instructions |
|  |  | F3SP58-6S | 120 K ladder steps, 0.0175 to $0.07 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ execution time for basic instructions |
|  |  | F3SP59-7S | 254 K ladder steps, 0.0175 to $0.07 \mu$ s execution time for basic instructions |
| Sequence CPU module (with network functions) |  | F3SP66-4S | 56 K ladder steps, 0.0175 to $0.07 \mu$ s execution time for basic instructions |
|  |  | F3SP67-6S | 120 K ladder steps, 0.0175 to $0.07 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ execution time for basic instructions |
|  | A | F3SP71-4N | 60 K ladder steps, $0.00375 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or more execution time for basic instructions |
|  | A | F3SP76-7N | 260K ladder steps, $0.00375 \mu$ s or more execution time for basic instructions |
|  |  | F3SP71-4S | 60 K ladder steps, $0.00375 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or more execution time for basic instructions |
|  |  | F3SP76-7S | 260 K ladder steps, $0.00375 \mu$ s or more execution time for basic instructions |
| Sequence CPU module (with memory) | $\Delta$ | F3FP36-3N | For SFC/ladder language; 40K ladder steps Contact coil $0.09 \mu$ s per instruction |
| BASIC CPU module |  | F3BP20-0N | 120 KB for BASIC |
|  |  | F3BP30-0N | 510 KB for BASIC |

## - ROM Packs

| Module Description |  | Model | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ROM pack |  | RK10-0N | 5K ladder steps (F3SP21) |
|  |  | RK30-0N | 20K ladder steps; 120KB for BASIC (F3SP21/25/35, F3BP20) |
|  | $\triangle$ | RK50-0N | 100K ladder steps; 510 KB for BASIC (F3SP21/25/35, F3BP30) |
|  |  | RK33-0N | 56K ladder steps (F3SP21/22/25/28/35/38/53/58) |
|  |  | RK53-0N | 100K ladder steps; 510 KB for BASIC (F3SP21/25/35, F3BP30) |
|  |  | RK73-0N | 120K ladder steps (F3SP22/28/38/53/58/59) |
|  |  | RK93-ON | 254K ladder steps (F3SP38/58/59) |

*: CPU modules F3SP66, 67, 71 and 76 do not support the ROM pack.
*: For detailed ROM pack specifications, see A2.6, "ROM Packs."

## - Memory Card Module

| Module Description | Model | Specifications |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Memory card module | F3EM01-ON | Media : Compact Flash, FAT16 compatible |

## - I/O Modules

For detailed I/O module specifications, see A2.5, "I/O Modules."

| Module Description |  | Model | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High-speed input module |  | F3XH04-3N | 24 V DC high-speed input points with pulse-capture feature, 4 points |
| AC input module |  | F3XA08-1N | 100 to 120 V AC, 8 points |
|  |  | F3XA08-2N | 200 to 240 V AC, 8 points |
|  |  | F3XA16-1N | 100 to 120 V AC, 16 points |
| DC input module |  | F3XD08-6F | DC Input sink/source, 12 to 24 V DC, 8 points *1 |
|  |  | F3XD16-3F | DC Input sink/source, 24 V DC, 16 points *1 |
|  |  | F3XD16-4F | DC Input sink/source, 12 V DC, 16 points *1 |
|  |  | F3XD16-3H | DC Input sink (positive common), 24 V DC, 16 points (High speed input) |
|  |  | F3XD32-3F | DC Input sink/source, 24 V DC, 32 points *1 |
|  |  | F3XD32-4F | DC Input sink/source, 12 V DC, 32 points *1 |
|  |  | F3XD32-5F | DC Input sink/source, 5 V DC, 32 points *1 |
|  |  | F3XD64-3F | DC Input sink/source, 24 V DC, 64 points *1 |
|  |  | F3XD64-4F | DC Input sink/source, 12 V DC, 64 points *1 |
|  | A | F3XD08-6N | DC input sink/ source, 12 to 24 V DC, 8 points |
|  | A | F3XD16-3N | DC Input sink/source, 24 V DC, 16 points |
|  | $\Delta$ | F3XD16-4N | DC Input sink/source, 12 V DC, 16 points |
|  | A | F3XD32-3N | DC Input sink/source, 24 V DC, 32 points |
|  | $\Delta$ | F3XD32-4N | DC Input sink/source, 12 V DC, 32 points |
|  | A | F3XD32-5N | DC Input sink/source, 5 V DC, 32 points |
|  | $\Delta$ | F3XD64-3N | DC Input sink/source, 24 V DC, 64 points |
|  | A | F3XD64-4N | DC Input sink/source, 12 V DC, 64 points |
|  |  | F3XD64-6M | DC Input matrix scan, 12 to 24 V DC, 64 points |
| No-voltage contact input module |  | F3XC08-0N | No-voltage contact input, 8 points |
|  |  | F3XC08-0C | No-voltage contact input, 8 points, independent commons |
| Triac output module |  | F3YA08-2N | Triac output ( 100 to 240 VAC ), $1 \mathrm{~A}, 8$ points |
| Relay output module |  | F3YC08-0C | Relay output (24 V DC, 100 to 240 VAC ), $2 \mathrm{~A}, 8$ points, all independent |
|  |  | F3YC08-0N | Relay output (24 V DC, 100 to 240 VAC ), 2 A, 8 points |
|  |  | F3YC16-0N | Relay output (24 V DC, 100 to 240 VAC ), $2 \mathrm{~A}, 16$ points |
| Transistor output module |  | F3YD04-7N | TR output, 24 V DC, 2 A , all independent, 4 points |
|  |  | F3YD08-6A | TR output sink type, 12 to 24 V DC, $1 \mathrm{~A}, 8$ points |
|  |  | F3YD08-6B | TR output source type, 12 to 24 V DC, $1 \mathrm{~A}, 8$ points |
|  |  | F3YD08-7A | TR output sink type, 12 to 24 V DC, $2 \mathrm{~A}, 8$ points |
|  |  | F3YD14-5A | TR output sink type, 12 to 24 V DC, $0.5 \mathrm{~A}, 14$ points |
|  |  | F3YD14-5B | TR output source type, 12 to 24 V DC, $0.5 \mathrm{~A}, 14$ points |
|  | A | F3YD32-1A | TR output sink type, 12 to 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points |
|  | A | F3YD32-1B | TR output source type, 12 to 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points |
|  |  | F3YD32-1H | TR output sink type, 12 to 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points (High speed output) |
|  |  | F3YD32-1P | TR output sink type (with short-circuit protector), 12 to 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points |
|  |  | F3YD32-1R | TR output source type (with short-circuit protector), 12 to 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points |
|  |  | F3YD32-1T | TTL output, 5 V DC, $16 \mathrm{~mA}, 32$ points |
|  | A | F3YD64-1A | TR output sink type, 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 64$ points |
|  | A | F3YD64-1F | TR output sink type, 24 V DC, 0.1 A, 64 points *2 |
|  |  | F3YD64-1M | TR output matrix scan, 12 to 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 64$ points |
|  |  | F3YD64-1P | TR output sink type (with short-circuit protector), 12 to 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 64$ points *2 |
|  |  | F3YD64-1R | TR output source type (with short-circuit protector), 12 to 24 V DC, 0.1 A, 64 points *2 |
| I/O module | A | F3WD64-3F | DC input sink/source, 24 V DC, 32 points *1 TR output sink type, 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points *2 |
|  | A | F3WD64-4F | DC input sink/source, 12 V DC, 32 points * ${ }^{\text {a }}$ TR output sink type, 12 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points *2 |
|  | - | F3WD64-3N | DC input sink/source, 24 V DC, 32 points TR output sink type, 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points |
|  | A | F3WD64-4N | DC input sink/source, 12 V DC, 32 points TR output sink type, 12 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points |
|  |  | F3WD64-3P | DC input sink/source, 24 V DC, 32 points TR output sink type (with short-circuit protector), 24 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points |
|  |  | F3WD64-4P | DC input sink/source, 12 V DC, 32 points TR output sink type (with short-circuit protector), 12 V DC, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 32$ points |

*1: Input sampling time of $100 \mu$ s or more can be configured when using F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 CPU modules.
*2: You can configure the module to either HOLD or RESET external outputs in the event of a major failure when using F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 CPU modules

## - Analog I/O and Temperature Control Modules

| Module Description |  | Model | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog input module |  | F3AD04-0N | 0 to 5 V DC/1 to 5 V DC/-10 to 10 V DC, 4 points, 12-bit ADC |
|  |  | F3AD04-0R | 0 to 5 V DC/1 to 5 V DC/-10 to $10 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}, 4$ points, 16 -bit ADC |
|  |  | F3AD04-0V | 0 to 5 V DC /1 to 5 V DC/-10 to $10 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}, 4$ points, 12-bit ADC |
|  |  | F3AD08-1N | 0 to 5 V DC /1 to 5 V DC/-10 to $10 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}, 8$ points |
|  |  | F3AD08-1R | 0 to 5 V DC / 1 to 5 V DC/-10 to $10 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}, 8$ points (differential inputs), 16 -bit ADC |
|  |  | F3AD08-4R | 0 to $20 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{DC} \mathrm{/} 4$ to $20 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{DC}$,8 points (differential inputs), 16-bit ADC |
|  |  | F3AD08-5R | 0 to $5 \mathrm{VDC} / 1$ to $5 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{VC},-10$ to $10 \mathrm{VDC}, 0$ to 10 VDC 8 points (differential inputs), 16 -bit ADC |
|  |  | F3AD08-6R | 0 to 5 V DC/1 to 5 V DC/-10 to 10 V DC/0 to 10 V DC/0 to 20 mADC , 4 to $20 \mathrm{mADC}, 8$ points (differential inputs), 16 -bit ADC |
|  |  | F3AD08-1V | 0 to 5 V DC /1 to 5 V DC/-10 to $10 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}, 8$ points (differential inputs), 12-bit ADC |
|  |  | F3AD08-4V | 0 to $20 \mathrm{mADC} / 4$ to $20 \mathrm{mADC}, 8$ points (differential inputs), 12 -bit ADC |
| Analog output module |  | F3DA02-0N | -10 to 10 V DC $/ 4$ to $20 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{DC}$,2 points, 12 bitDAC |
|  |  | F3DA04-1N | - 10 to 10 V DC / 4 to $20 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{DC}$,4 points, 12 b bitdAC |
|  |  | F3DA08-5N | - 10 to 10 V DC output, 8 points, 12bitDAC |
|  |  | F3DA04-6R | - 10 to 10 VDC/0 to 10 VDC/0 to $5 \mathrm{VDC/} / 1$ to $5 \mathrm{VDC/}$ 4 to $20 \mathrm{mADC} / 0$ to $20 \mathrm{mADCl}-20$ to 20 mADC , output 4 points, 16 -bit DAC, $2 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{ch}$ |
|  |  | F3DA08-5R | - 10 to 10 V DC/0 to 10 V DC /0 to 5 V DC/1 to 5 V DC/ output 8 points, 16 -bit DAC, $2 \mu s / c h$ |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { High-speed data acquisition } \\ \text { module }\end{array}$ |  | F3HA08-0N | 0 to 5 V DC /-10 to 10 V DC, 8 points (Concurrent sampling for 4 points) |
| Temperature control/monitoring module | A | F3CT04-ON | Thermocouple or mV input, $0.5 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{scan}, 4$ loops |
|  | - | F3CT04-1N | Thermocouple or mV input, $0.5 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{scan}, 4$ to $20 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{DC} \mathrm{output}$,4 loops |
|  | $\triangle$ | F3CR04-ON | RTD input, $0.5 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{scan}, 4$ loops |
|  | $\triangle$ | F3CR04-1N | RTD input, $0.5 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{scan}$,4 to $20 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{DC} \mathrm{output}$,4 loops |
| PID control module | A | F3CV04-1N | DC-voltage input, $0.5 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{scan}, 4$ loops |
| Temperature control and PID module | $\triangle$ | F3CU04-ON | 4 loops, universal input, time-proportional PID output (open collector), single-slot size |
|  |  | F3CU04-0S | 4 loops, universal input, time-proportional PID output (open collector), single-slot size |
|  | ^ | F3CU04-1N | 4 loops, universal input, universal output (open collector, 4-20 mA continuous output), double-slot size |
|  |  | F3CU04-1S | 4 loops, universal input, universal output (open collector, 4-20 mA continuous output), double-slot size |
| Temperature monitoring module |  | F3CX04-0N | 4 channels, universal input, single-slot size |

- Communication Modules

| Module Description |  | Model | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASi Master module |  | F3LA01-0N | 1 AS-interface V2.1 port |
| PROFIBUS-DP Interface module |  | F3LB01-0N | 1 PROFIBUS-DP port; 12Mbps max. |
| Personal computer link module |  | F3LC11-1F | 1 RS-232-C port; 115.2 kbps max. |
|  | $\triangle$ | F3LC11-1N | 1 RS-232-C port; 19200 bps max. |
|  |  | F3LC11-2F | 1 RS-422-A/RS-485 port; 115.2 kbps max. |
|  | $\triangle$ | F3LC11-2N | 1 RS-422-A/RS-485 port; 19200 bps max. |
|  |  | F3LC12-1F | 2 RS-232-C ports; 115.2 kbps max. |
| UT link module |  | F3LC51-2N | 1 RS-422-A/RS-485 port of 38400 bps max. for easy connection with a temperature controller |
| DeviceNet interface module |  | F3LD01-ON | 1 DeviceNet port of 500 kpps max., with master/scanner functions |
| Ethernet interface module |  | F3LE01-0T | 10Mbps, 10BASE-T |
|  | - | F3LE01-5T | 10Mbps, 10BASE5/10BASE-T |
|  |  | F3LE11-0T | 10/100Mbps, 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX |
|  |  | F3LE12-0T | 10/100Mbps, 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX, message communications |
| YHLS master module |  | F3LH01-1N | 12 Mbps max., YHLS port 1 |
|  |  | F3LH02-1N | 12 Mbps max., YHLS port 2 |
|  | $\triangle$ | F3LH02-ON | 12Mbps max., 126 slaves max., 300 m range max., 2 ports |
|  | 4 | F3LH04-0N | 12Mbps max., 252 slaves max., 300 m range max., 4 ports |
| FL-net (OPCN-2) interface module |  | F3LX02-1N | 10Mbps, 10BASE5/10BASE-T, FL-net (OPCN-2) Ver2.00 |
| NX interface module | - | F3NX01-0N | 10Mbps, 10BASE5/10BASE-T, equipped with autonomous decentralized protocol |
|  |  | F3NX01-1N | 10Mbps/100Mbps, 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX, equipped with autonomous decentralized protocol |
| RS-232-C communication module |  | F3RS22-0N | 2 RS-232-C ports; 19200 bps max. |
| RS-422 communication module |  | F3RS41-0N | 1 RS-422-A/RS-485 port; 19200 bps max. |
| Ladder communication module |  | F3RZ81-0F | 1 RS-232-C port, 115 kbps max. |
|  | $\triangle$ | F3RZ81-0N | 1 RS-232-C port; 19200 bps max. |
|  |  | F3RZ82-0F | 2 RS-232-C ports, 115 kbps max. |
|  |  | F3RZ91-0F | 1 RS-422-A/RS-485 port; 115 kbps max. |
|  | - | F3RZ91-0N | 1 RS-422/RS-485 port, 19200 bps max. |
| GP-IB communication module |  | F3GB01-ON | 1 GP -IB communication port |

## - FA Link and FA-bus Modules

| Module Description | Model | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FA link H module | F3LP02-0N | 32 stations max., total transmission distance $1 \mathrm{~km}, 1.25 \mathrm{Mbps}$ max. |
| Fiber-optic FA link H module | F3LP12-0N | 32 stations max., total transmission distance $10 \mathrm{~km}, 1.25 \mathrm{Mbps}$ |
| Fiber-optic FA-bus module | F3LR01-0N | 7 stations max., total transmission distance $200 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{Mbps}$ |
| Fiber-optic FA-bus Type 2 module | F3LR02-0N | $56^{* 1}$ stations max., total transmission distance $1.4 \mathrm{~km}^{+2}$, 10Mbps |
| FA-bus Type 2 module | F3LR02-1W | 7 stations max., total transmission distance 70 m , max., distance between stations 10 m , using twisted-pair cables |

- Counter and Positioning Modules

| Module Description |  | Model | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High-speed counter module |  | F3XP01-OH | $100 \mathrm{kpps}, 1$ channel, 32 bits |
|  |  | F3XP02-0H | 100 kpps , 2 channels, 32 bits |
| Pulse input module |  | F3XS04-3N | $20 \mathrm{kHz}, 4$ channels, 24 V input, 16 bits |
|  |  | F3XS04-4N | $20 \mathrm{kHz}, 4$ channels, 12 V input, 16 bits |
| Positioning module (advanced model with pulse output) |  | F3NC11-0N | 1 -axis position and speed control with max. speed of 249.75 kpps |
|  |  | F3NC12-0N | 2-axis position and speed control with max. speed of 249.75 kpps |
| Positioning module (with pulse output) |  | F3NC32-0N | 2-axis position and speed control with max. speed of 5 Mpps when servo motor is used and max. speed of 1 Mpps when stepper motor is used. 2 counters for input from encoder (including absolute encoder) |
|  |  | F3NC34-0N | 4-axis position and speed control with max. speed of 5 Mpps when servo motor is used and max. speed of 1 Mpps when stepper motor is used. 4 counters for input from encoder (including absolute encoder) |
| Positioning module (with analog voltage output) |  | F3NC51-0N | 1 -axis position and speed control with max. speed of 2 Mpps |
|  |  | F3NC52-0N | 2-axis position and speed control with max. speed of 2 Mpps |
| Positioning module (for torque control) |  | F3NC61-0N | 1 -axis position-loop control, -10 to +10 V speed reference voltage output, with max. speed of 2 Mpps , analog input/output |
| Positioning module (with MECHATROLINK-II interface) |  | F3NC96-0N | 15-axis control with MECHATROLINK-II interface |
| Positioning module (with MECHATROLINK-III interface) |  | F3NC97-0N | 15-axis control with MECHATROLINK-III interface |
| Positioning module (with multi-channel pulse output) | - | F3YP04-0N | 4-axis position control with max. speed of 250 kpps |
|  | $\triangle$ | F3YP08-0N | 8 -axis position control with max. speed of 250 kpps |
|  |  | F3YP14-0N | 4-axis position control with max. speed of 3.998 Mpps when servo motor is used and max. speed of 499.750 kpps when stepper motor is used. |
|  |  | F3YP18-0N | 8- axis position control with max. speed of 3.998 Mpps when servo motor is used and max. speed of 499.750 kpps when stepper motor is used. |
|  |  | F3YP22-0P | 2-axis position control with max. speed of 7.996 Mpps when servo motor is used and max. speed of 1.999 Mpps when stepper motor is used. 1ch pulse counter, max. 8 Mpps pulse input |
|  |  | F3YP24-0P | 4-axis position control <br> with max. speed of 7.996 Mpps when servo motor is used and max. speed of 1.999 Mpps when stepper motor is used. 1ch pulse counter, max. 8 Mpps pulse inpu |
|  |  | F3YP28-0P | 8-axis position control <br> with max. speed of 7.996 Mpps when servo motor is used and max. speed of 1.999 Mpps when stepper motor is used. 1ch pulse counter, max. 8 Mpps pulse input |

## - Cables

For detailed cable specifications, see A2.7, "Cables."

| Cable Description |  | Model | Style <br> Code | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cable for programming tools |  | KM11-2T | *A | D-sub, 9-pin, male, 3 m long ${ }^{* 1}$ |
|  | $\Delta$ | KM11-3T | *A | D-sub, 9-pin, male, 5 m long ${ }^{*}$ |
|  | $\Delta$ | KM11-4T | *A | D-sub, 9-pin, male, $10 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{long*1}$ |
|  |  | KM13-1S | - | USB 1.1 compliant USB-serial converter, approx. 3 m long |
| Monitor cable (for F3SP08$2 \square,-3 \square$, and $-5 \square$ ) |  | KM21-2A | - | D-sub,25-pin, male on device side, 3 m long, connected to programming port |
|  |  | KM21-2B | - | D-sub, 9-pin, female on device side, 3 m long, connected to programming port |
| Monitor cable (for F3SP66 and F3SP67) |  | KM21-2T | - | D-sub, 9-pin, female on PC side, 3 m long |
|  |  | KM21-2N | - | D-sub, 25-pin, male on PC side, 3 m long |
| SIO port/D-sub 9-pin adapter cable |  | KM10-0S | - | SIO port/D-sub 9-pin adaptor cable, 0.5 m long |
| CPU port/D-sub 9-pin adapter cable |  | KM10-0C | - | D-sub, 9-pin, female, approx. 0.5 m long |
| Fiber-optic cord ${ }^{* 2}{ }^{* 3}$ for wiring inside panel enclosure (compatible with F3LR01, F3LR02 and F3LP12) |  | KM60-S06 | - | Cord for system expansion inside panel enclosure; 0.6 m long |
|  |  | KM60-001 | - | Cord for system expansion inside panel enclosure; 1 m long |
|  |  | KM60-003 | - | Cord for system expansion inside panel enclosure; 3 m long |
| Fiber-optic cable ${ }^{{ }^{2}{ }^{* 3}}$ for indoor wiring, supplied with tension member (compatible with F3LR01, F3LR02 and F3LP12) |  | KM61-010 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 10 m long |
|  |  | KM61-100 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 100 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM61-150 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 150 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM61-200 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 200 m long (with one pulling eye) |
| Fiber-optic cable ${ }^{* 2 * 3}$ for indoor wiring (compatible with F3LR01, F3LR02 and F3LP12) |  | KM65-001 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 1 m long |
|  |  | KM65-002 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 2 m long |
|  |  | KM65-003 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 3 m long |
|  |  | KM65-004 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 4 m long |
|  |  | KM65-005 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 5 m long |
|  |  | KM65-007 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 7 m long |
|  |  | KM65-010 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 10 m long |
|  |  | KM65-012 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 12 m long |
|  |  | KM65-015 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 15 m long |
|  |  | KM65-020 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 20 m long |
|  |  | KM65-025 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 25 m long |
|  |  | KM65-030 | - | Cable for indoor system expansion; 30 m long |
| Fiber-optic cable ${ }^{*_{2}{ }^{* 3}}$ for outdoor wiring, supplied with tension member (compatible with F3LR01 [up to 200 m ], F3LR02 [up to 200 m ], and F3LP12 [up to 1000 m ]) |  | KM62-100 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 100 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM62-200 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 200 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM62-300 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 300 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM62-400 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 400 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM62-500 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 500 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM62-600 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 600 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM62-700 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 700 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM62-800 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 800 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM62-900 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 900 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM62-L01 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 1000 m long (with one pulling eye) |
| Fiber-optic cable ${ }^{* 2}$ for outdoor wiring, supplied with tension member (compatible with F3LR02 (200 to 500 m ) |  | KM67-300 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 300 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  |  | KM67-400 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 400 m long (with one pulling eye) |
|  | A | KM67-500 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 500 m long (with one pulling eye) |
| Fiber-optic cable ${ }^{* 2}$ for outdoor wiring, supplied with tension member (compatible with F3LR01,F3LR02) |  | KM69-010 | - | Cable for outdoor system expansion; 10 m long, flame-retardant cable(equivalent of VW-1) |

*1: Supports DOS/V.
*2: For details, see "Fiber-optic FA-bus Module and Fiber-optic FA-bus Type 2 Module" (IM 34M06H45-01E).
*3: For details, see "FA Link H Module, Fiber-optic FA Link H Module" (IM 34M06H43-01E).

For detailed cable specifications, see A2.7, "Cables."

| Cable Description | Model | Style Code | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cable for connector terminal blocks ${ }^{*}$ | KM55-005 | - | For connection between module and connector terminal block; 0.5 m long |
|  | KM55-010 | - | For connection between module and connector terminal block; 1 mlong |
|  | KM55-015 | - | For connection between module and connector terminal block; 1.5 m long |
|  | KM55-020 | - | For connection between module and connector terminal block; 2 mlong |
|  | KM55-025 | - | For connection between module and connector terminal block; 2.5 m long |
|  | KM55-030 | - | For connection between module and connector terminal block; 3 m long |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { *4: } & \text { Cannot b } \\ & \text { use 48-pi } \end{array}$ | d with F3YP0 nectors.. | $\overline{\mathrm{YP} 08,}$ | YP14, F3YP18, F3YP22, F3YP24, F3YP28, F3NC32 and F3NC3 |

## - YHLS Cables

| Name | Model |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| YHLS fixed cables | KM80-010 | Fixed cable, 10 m long |
|  | KM80-050 | Fixed cable, 50 m long |
|  | KM80-100 | Fixed cable, 100 m long |
|  | KM80-200 | Fixed cable, 200 m long |
|  | KM80-300 | Fixed cable, 300 m long |
| YHLS flexible cables | KM81-010 | Flexible cable, 10 m long |
|  | KM81-050 | Flexible cable, 50 m long |
|  | KM81-100 | Flexible cable, 100 m long |
|  | KM81-200 | Flexible cable, 200 m long |
|  | KM81-300 | Flexible cable, 300 m long |

## - YHLS Slave Units



## - Terminal Block

| Name |  | Model | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Terminal block unit $^{* 1}$ |  | TA40-0N | 40 points; voltage rating: 5 to 24 V DC |
| Connector terminal block $^{* 1}$ |  | TA50-0N | Connector terminal block 40 points (M3.5 screw) |
|  |  | TA50-1N | Connector terminal block 40 points (M3 screw) |
|  |  | TA50-2N | Connector terminal block 40 points (M3 screw) |
|  | $\mathbf{A}$ | TA60-0N | Connector terminal block 40 points (Europe terminal <br> type) |

*1: Cannot be used with F3YP04, F3YP08, F3YP14, F3YP18, F3YP22, F3YP24, F3YP28, F3NC32 and F3NC34 as they use 48-pin connectors.
*2: For detailed terminal block specifications, see A2.8, "Terminal Block Unit and Connector Terminal Block."

## - Spare Parts

| Description | Part Number | Compatible Module |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal for 10-point terminal block | A1474JT | F3XH04, F3XA08, F3XD08, F3YD04, F3YA08, F3YC08-ON, F3YD08, F3AD04, F3DA02 |
| Terminal cover for 10-point terminal block | A1472JT |  |
| Terminal for 18-point terminal block | A1496JT | F3XA16, F3XD16, F3YD14, F3YC08-0C, F3YC16, F3CR04, F3CV04, F3AD08, F3DA04, F3DA08, F3XS04, F3HB08 |
| Terminal cover for 18-point terminal block | A1494JT |  |
| Soldered connector (40-pin plug) |  | F3XD32, F3XD64, F3WD64, F3XP01, F3XP02F3YD32, F3YD64, F3NC01, F3NC02F3NC11, F3NC12, F3NC51, F3NC52 |
| Cover for connector (40-pin plug) | A1452JD*1 |  |
| Soldered connector (48-pin plug) | A1612JD*1 | F3YP04, F3YP08, F3YP14, F3YP18, F3YP22, F3YP24, F3YP28, F3NC32, F3NC34 |
| Cover for connector (48-pin plug) - 2 units | A1613JD*1 |  |
| Dustproof connector cover - 20 units | T9031AS | F3BU04, F3BU06, F3BU05, F3BU09, F3BU13, F3BU16 |
| Rail-mounting kit | T9031AP*1 | F3BU04, F3BU06, F3BU05 |
| Rail-mounting kit | T9031AQ ${ }^{11}$ | F3BU09, F3BU13 |

- Other Components

| Description | Model | Specifications |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Blank module | F3BLO0-0N | For empty I/O slots |

## A2.3 Power Supply Modules

## (1) F3PU10-0N/F3PU10-0S/F3PU20-0N/F3PU20-0S Power Supply Modules

## - Specifications

| Item | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | F3PU10-0N/ F3PU10-0S *1 | F3PU20-0N/ F3PU20-0S *1 |
| Supply voltage range | 100 to 240 V AC, single phase $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Range of supply voltage change | 85 to 264 V AC $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 3 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Power consumption | 35VA | 85VA |
| Inrush current | 20 A max. ( $120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) 45 A max. ( 240 V AC, $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |
| Fuse | 1 A time-lag fuse <br> (Built into the L and N terminals and cannot be replaced.) | 2 A time-lag fuse <br> (Built into the L and N terminals and cannot be replaced.) |
| Rated output voltage | 5 V DC |  |
| Rated output current | 2.0 A | 4.3 A |
| Insulation resistance | $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. when tested between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal using a 500 VDC insulation resistance tester |  |
| Withstanding voltage | 1500 V AC for one minute between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal |  |
| Leakage current | 3.5 mA max |  |
| Allowable momentary power failure time | 20 ms |  |
| External dimensions | 28.9 (W) $\times 100$ (H) $\times 83.2(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}^{* 2}$ | $58(\mathrm{~W}) \times 100(\mathrm{H}) \times 83.2(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}{ }^{* 2}$ |
| Weight | 190 g | 320 g |
| Compatible base module | Dedicated to F3BU04 and F3BU06 | Dedicated to F3BU05, F3BU09, F3BU13 and F3BU16 |

*1: F3PU10-0N (respectively F3PU20-0N) and F3PU10-0S (respectively F3PU20-0S) have terminal blocks with different screw sizes but are otherwise exactly the same.
*2: Excluding protrusions (see the dimensional figures for more information)

## - Components and Their Functions

The figure below shows the power supply modules with their covers removed.


Figure A2.2 F3PU10-0N/F3PU10-0S and F3PU20-0N/F3PU20-0S Power Supply Modules

## DANGER

To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.

## CAUTION

LG terminal has a half potential of the input power supply voltage when LG terminal isn't connected to FG terminal.

## - Terminal dimensions



- Adaptable crimp-on terminal

| Vendor | Model | Compatible Conductor | Compatible Modules and Crimping Torque |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F3PU10-0N } \\ & \text { F3PU20-0N } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F3PU10-0S } \\ & \text { F3PU20-0S } \end{aligned}$ |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { AWG22 to } 18 \\ \left(0.33 \text { to } 0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \\ \text { (Copper wire) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \\ & \text { (7.1 lbf•in) } \end{aligned}$ | May not be used |
| Nippon Tanshi Co., Ltd. | RAV1.25-3.5 |  |  |  |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M4 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.2 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \\ (10.6 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V2-M4 | AWG16 to 14 $\left(1.3\right.$ to $\left.2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ (Copper wire) |  |  |

## CAUTION

When crimping terminals, be sure only to use the tool specified by each terminal manufacturer.
Once the power supply module is installed in the base module, both the FG terminal of the power supply module and the signal ground (GND terminal of the module's 5 V output) of the FA-M3 automatically come into contact with the metal chassis of the base module. The FG terminal and the signal ground are isolated from each other inside the power supply module.
For details on the grounding lines of the FA-M3, see subsection A3.3.2, "Grounding Lines."

## CAUTION

- F3PU10-0N (respectively F3PU20-0N) and F3PU10-0S (respectively F3PU20-0S) have the same dimensions, internal circuitry and other characteristics, except that F3PU10-0N (respectively F3PU20-0N) uses M3.5-screw terminals while F3PU10-0S (respectively F3PU20-0S) uses M4-screw terminals.
- F3PU10-0N and F3PU20-0N are not CE Marking compliant. F3PU10-0S and F3PU20-0S are CE Marking compliant.
- For compliance to CE Marking of the final product incorporating these modules, F3PU10-0S or F3PU20-0S must be used.


## (2) F3PU30-0N/F3PU30-0S Power Supply Modules

- Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | F3PU30-0N/F3PU30-0S*1 |
| Supply voltage | 100 to 240 V AC, single phase, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Range of supply voltage change | 85 to $264 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} ,50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 3 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Power consumption | 100 VA |
| Inrush current | 20 A max. (120V AC, $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ), 45A max. (240V AC, $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Fuse | 2 A time-lag fuse (Built into the L and N terminals and cannot be replaced.) |
| Rated output voltage | 5V DC |
| Rated output current | 6.0A |
| Insulation resistance | $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. when tested between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal using a 500 VDC insulation resistance tester |
| Withstanding voltage | 1500 V AC for one minute between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal |
| Leakage current | 3.5 mA max. |
| Allowable momentary power failure time | 20 ms |
| External dimensions | 58.0 (W) x 100 (H) x 126.1(D)mm ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |
| Weight | 380 g |
| Compatible base module | Dedicated to F3BU05, F3BU09, F3BU13 and F3BU16 |

*1: The only difference between modules F3PU30-0N and F3PU30-0S lies in the screw diameter of their screw terminal blocks.
*2: Excluding protrusions (see the dimensional figures for more information)

## - Components and Their Functions



Figure A2.3 F3PU30-0N/F3PU30-0S Power Supply Modules

DANGER
To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.

## CAUTION

LG terminal has a half potential of the input power supply voltage when LG terminal isn't connected to FG terminal.

## - Terminal dimensions

## F3PU30-0N



F3PU30-0S


- Adaptable crimp-on terminals

| Vendor | Model | Compatible Conductor | Crimping Torque |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | F3PU30-0N | F3PU30-0S |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { AWG22 to } 18 \\ \left(0.33 \text { to } 0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \\ (\text { Copper wire }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \\ (7.1 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ | May not be used |
| Nippon Tanshi Co., Ltd. | RAV1.25-3.5 |  |  |  |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M4 |  |  |  |
| Japan Solderless <br> Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V2-M4 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1.2 N•m } \\ (10.6 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ |

## CAUTION

When crimping terminals, be sure only to use the tool specified by each terminal manufacturer.
Once the power supply module is installed in the base module, both the FG terminal of the power supply module and the signal ground (GND terminal of the module's 5 V output) of the FA-M3 automatically come into contact with the metal chassis of the base module. The FG terminal and the signal ground are isolated from each other inside the power supply module.
For details on the grounding lines of the FA-M3, see subsection A3.3.2, "Grounding Lines."

## CAUTION

- F3PU30-0S module is the same as F3PU30-ON module, but it uses M4 terminal screws instead of M3.5 terminal screws. Other than terminal screw diameter, their dimensions and internal circuitries are identical.
- F3PU30-ON is not CE Marking compliant. F3PU30-0S is CE Marking compliant.
- For compliance to CE Marking of the final product incorporating these modules, F3PU30-0S must be used.


## (3) F3PU16-0N and F3PU26-0N Power Supply Modules

- Specifications

| Item | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | F3PU16-0N | F3PU26-0N |
| Supply voltage | 24 V DC |  |
| Range of supply voltage change | 15.6 to 31.2 V DC |  |
| Power consumption | 15.4W | 33.1 W |
| Inrush current | 20 A max. (31.2 V DC, $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |
| Fuse | 3.15 A time-lag fuse <br> (Built into the positive and negative terminals and cannot be replaced.) | 5 A time-lag fuse <br> (Built into the positive terminal and cannot be replaced.) |
| Rated output voltage | 5 V DC |  |
| Rated output current | 2.0 A | 4.3 A |
| Insulation resistance | $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. when tested between a group of external DC terminals and the FG terminal using a 500 VDC insulation resistance tester |  |
| Withstanding voltage | 1500 V AC for one minute between a group of external DC terminals and the FG terminal |  |
| Allowable momentary power failure time | 20 ms |  |
| External dimensions | $28.9(\mathrm{~W}) \times 100(\mathrm{H}) \times 83.2(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}$ * | $58(\mathrm{~W}) \times 100(\mathrm{H}) \times 83.2(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}$ * |
| Weight | 190 g | 320 g |
| Compatible base module | Dedicated to F3BU04 and F3BU06 | Dedicated to F3BU05, F3BU09, F3BU13 and F3BU16 |

*: Excluding protrusions (see the dimensional figures for more information)

## - Components and Their Functions

The figure below shows the power supply modules with their covers removed.


Figure A2.4 F3PU16-0N and F3PU26-0N Power Supply Modules

DANGER
To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.

## CAUTION

LG terminal has a half potential of the input power supply voltage when LG terminal isn't connected to FG terminal.

## Terminal dimensions



## - Adaptable crimp-on terminals

| Vendor | Model | Compatible Conductor | Crimping Torque |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { AWG22 to } 18 \\ \text { (0.33 to } 0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \text { ) } \\ \text { (Copper wire) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \\ (7.1 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Nippon Tanshi Co., Ltd. | RAV1.25-3.5 |  |  |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M4 |  |  |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V2-M4 | $\begin{gathered} \text { AWG16 to 14 } \\ \text { (1.3 to } 2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \text { ) } \\ \text { (Copper wire) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |

## CAUTION

When crimping terminals, be sure only to use the tool specified by each terminal manufacturer.
Once the power supply module is installed in the base module, both the FG terminal of the power supply module and the signal ground (GND terminal of the module's 5 V output) of the FA-M3 automatically come into contact with the metal chassis of the base module. The FG terminal and the signal ground are isolated from each other inside the power supply module.
For details on the grounding lines of the FA-M3, see subsection A3.3.2, "Grounding Lines."

## (4) F3PU36-0N/F3PU36-0S Power Supply Module <br> - Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\quad$ F3PU36-0N/F3PU36-0S*1 |
| Supply voltage | 24 V DC |
| Range of supply voltage <br> change | 15.6 to 31.2 V DC |
| Power consumption | 46.2 W |
| Inrush current | $20 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{max}. \mathrm{(31.2} \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}, \mathrm{Ta=25}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Fuse | 5 A time-lag fuse <br> (Built into the positive terminal and cannot be replaced.) |
| Rated output voltage | 5 V DC |
| Rated output current | 6.0 A |
| Insulation resistance | $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. when tested between a group of external DC terminals and the <br> FG terminal using a 500 VDC insulation resistance tester |
| Withstanding voltage | 1500 V AC for one minute between a group of external <br> DC terminals and the FG terminal |
| Allowable momentary <br> power failure time | 20 ms |
| External dimensions | $58(\mathrm{~W}) \times 100$ (H) $\times 126.1$ (D) mm *2 |
| Weight | 410 g |
| Compatible base module | Dedicated to F3BU05, F3BU09, F3BU13 and F3BU16 |

*1: The only difference between modules F3PU30-0N and F3PU30-0S lies in the screw diameter of their screw terminal blocks.
*2: Excluding protrusions (see the dimensional figures for more information)

## - Components and Their Functions

The figure below shows the power supply modules with their covers removed.
F3PU36-0N/F3PU36-0S


Figure A2.5 F3PU36-0N/F3PU36-0S Power Supply Module

DANGER
To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.

## CAUTION

LG terminal has a half potential of the input power supply voltage when LG terminal isn't connected to FG terminal.

## - Terminal dimensions



FA020306.VSD

## - Adaptable crimp-on terminals

| Vendor | Model | Compatible Conductor | Crimping Torque |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | F3PU36-0N | F3PU36-0S |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { AWG22 to } 18 \\ \left(0.33 \text { to } 0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \\ (\text { Copper wire }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \\ (7.1 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ | May not be used |
| Nippon Tanshi Co., Ltd. | RAV1.25-3.5 |  |  |  |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M4 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.2 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \\ (10.6 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V2-M4 | $\begin{gathered} \text { AWG16 to } 14 \\ \left(1.3 \text { to } 2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \\ \text { (Copper wire) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |

## CAUTION

When crimping terminals, be sure only to use the tool specified by each terminal manufacturer.

Once the power supply module is installed in the base module, both the FG terminal of the power supply module and the signal ground (GND terminal of the module's 5 V output) of the FA-M3 automatically come into contact with the metal chassis of the base module. The FG terminal and the signal ground are isolated from each other inside the power supply module.
For details on the grounding lines of the FA-M3, see subsection A3.3.2, "Grounding Lines."

## CAUTION

- F3PU36-0S module is the same as F3PU36-0N module, but it uses M4 terminal screws instead of M3.5 terminal screws. Other than terminal screw diameter, their dimensions and internal circuitries are identical.
- F3PU36-ON is not compliant to CE Marking. F3PU36-0S is compliant to CE Marking.
- For compliance to CE Marking of the final product incorporating these modules, F3PU36-0S must be used.


## A2.4 Base Modules

There are six types of base modules: 4-, 6-, $5-, 9-$ - 13 -, and 16 -slot modules. Select an appropriate type of module according to your application needs.

| Model | Number of Slots | Number of I/O Slots | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F3BU04-ON | 4 | 3 | 150 g |
| F3BU06-ON | 6 | 5 | 210 g |
| F3BU05-OD | 5 | 4 | 210 g |
| F3BU09-ON | 9 | 8 | 340 g |
| F3BU13-ON | 13 | 12 | 470 g |
| F3BU16-ON | 16 | 15 | 550 g |



Figure A2.6 Base Modules

## CAUTION

Once the power supply module is installed in the base module, both the FG terminal of the power supply module and the signal ground (GND terminal of the module's 5 V output) of the FA-M3 automatically come into contact with the metal chassis of the base module.
When any module having a SHIELD terminal is installed in the base module, the SHIELD terminal automatically comes into contact with the metal chassis of the base module.

Likewise, when any module having a D-sub or GP-IB connector is installed in the base module, the connector's metal shell automatically comes into contact with the metal chassis of the base module.

For details on the grounding lines of the FA-M3, see subsection A3.3.2, "Grounding Lines."

## A2.5 I/O Modules

## Components and Their Functions

- Terminal Block Type
- 10-point terminal block

- 18-point terminal block


## - Connector Type



| Display Selector <br> Switch | Contents of $\mathbf{1}$ to $\mathbf{3 2}$ input LEDs |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Indicates the on/off state of input terminals 1 to 32. |
| 2 | Indicates the on/off state of input terminals 33 to 64. |

Figure A2.7 I/O Module Front View

## External Dimensions


unit: mm


FA020502.VSD
Figure A2.8 I/O Module External Dimensions (F3XD64-3N)

## Isolation Methods

The internal circuit is isolated from the field using one of the following methods:
Photocoupler isolation : Withstands 1500 V AC for 1 minute.
Mechanical isolation : Withstands 1500 V AC for 1 minute.
Transformer isolation : Withstands 500 V AC for 1 minute.

## Terminal Arrangement



## External Connection

There are two ways of connecting an input/output module externally: through a terminal block (10 or 18 points) and through a connector. See Section A3.6, "Wiring I/O Modules," for more details on wiring.
(1) F3XH04-3N High-speed Input Module

| Item |  | Specifications | Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input type |  | DC voltage | Pulse-capture features | Selection | Selected by DIP switches |
| Number of points |  | 4 |  |  |  |
| Common line type |  | 4 independent points |  |  |  |
| Insulation method |  | Photo-coupler insulation |  |  |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection (excluding SHIELD) and the internal circuit | Interrupt features | Selection | Selected by DIP switches |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24 V DC |  | Setting | Set for each point using Ladder Diagram Support Program M3. |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC |  |  |  |
| Rated input current |  | $11.2 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (24 V DC) |  |  |  |
| Input impedance |  | $2.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  | Input hold time | The input signal is held |
| Operating voltage/ Current | ON | 16 V DC min. 7.2 mA min. |  |  | for $512 \mu$ s after detection of an off-to-on transition. |
|  | OFF | 6.0 V DC max. 2.5 mA max. | Dissipating current |  | 30 mA (5 V DC) |
|  |  |  | Input display |  | LED (Lit when input is on) |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ max. | External connection |  | 10-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |
|  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ max. | Weight |  | 130 g |
| Minimum input pulse width |  | $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 100\% |

*: The pulse capture feature and the interrupt feature cannot be used together.

## - Front View



## - Internal Circuit Configuration



- External Connection Diagram



## - Setting up the Pulse-capture and Interrupt Functions

The F3XH04-3N allows you to enable the pulse-capture or interrupt function by setting its internal DIP switch (DIP SW).

## (1) Hardware Setup

Remove the side cover and select the desired function with internal DIP SW 1. The pulse-capture function is selected as default at the factory.

Side View of Module


Figure A2.9 Setting the Pulse-capture/Interrupt Functions

## (2) Software Setting

You can use the pulse-capture function by specifying terminal numbers 17-20 in a ladder program. There is no need to make special settings. Set the interrupt function for each input point. In either case, make sure that the correct function is selected as explained in the paragraph entitled "Hardware Setup."

## (3) Accessing a Module

- Pulse-capture function

This function is available only through a ladder program. Inputs 1-4 correspond to terminal numbers 17-20.
X\&mm17-X\&mm20
$\ell \quad$ Unit number (0 to 7 )
mm : Slot position
Figure A2.10 Input Relay Number

## - Interrupt function

The interrupt function may be used from either a ladder or BASIC program.
Inputs 1-4 correspond to terminal numbers 1-4.
(1) Interrupt processing in a ladder program

When using the interrupt function as an interrupt input, make an "I/O interrupt definition" using the INTP instruction.
You can perform I/O interrupt definitions for a maximum of 4 points per single CPU module. When an interrupt input is presented from the F3XH04-3N, an interrupt program that begins with an INTP instruction and ends with an IRET instruction is executed.
The interrupt response time, which is the time required for the CPU module to recognize an interrupt input from the F3XH04-3N and start executing the interrupt program, is dependant on the CPU module model and has the following approximate values.

F3SP21/25/35 : approximately 0.5 ms
F3SP22/28/38 : approximately $120 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
F3SP53/58/59/66/67 : approximately $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
F3SP71/76 : approximately $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$

## CAUTION

Do not perform "I/O Interrupt Definition" for the same F3XH04-3N input module from multiple CPU modules. The CPU module cannot be correctly notified of an interrupt from the F3XH04-3N input module.
Define the following interrupt period as a standard:

- Interrupt input . . . only one point defined per CPU 1 ms and above If the interrupt period is 1 to 2 ms , ensure that the scan time is 2 ms or longer. If the scan time is less than 2 ms , use the constant scan time feature.
- Interrupt input . . . 2 to 4 points defined per CPU 10 ms and above If the interrupt period is short, the interrupt program will be executed frequently, affecting normal program execution. It may also cause delay in responding to commands from programming tool or personal computer links.
(2) Interrupt processing in a BASIC program

Declare the acceptance of interrupts with an ON INT statement after declaring the use of a module with an ASSIGN statement.
For more information, see Section C4.3, "Interrupts", in the BASIC CPU Modules and YM-BASIC/FA Programming Language (IM 34M06Q22-01E).

## (4) Functional Description

- Pulse-capture Function

The pulse-capture function is designed to reliably catch input pulses shorter than the scan time.
As the CPU module usually reads the data of I/O modules during I/O refresh cycle, when a normal input module is used, the CPU may fail to read input pulses shorter than the scan time. The F3XH04-3N module provides a pulse capture function, which can, once it detects pulses longer than $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, hold the data until the next timing for data reading so that such pulses can be reliably captured by the the CPU during I/O refreshing. However, the F3XH04-3N module cannot catch input pulses shorter than $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
The timing diagram of this function is shown below.

CPU processing


Figure A2.11 Behavior when Pulses Shorter than the Scan Time are Inputted
When a pulse longer than the scan time is inputted, the input is regarded as having been on only for the duration of one scan time.


Figure A2.12 Behavior when Pulses Longer than the Scan Time are Inputted

## - Interrupt Function

If the interrupt function is selected, the F3XH04-3N module continues to hold its input on for the duration of $512 \mu$ s once it detects an off-to-on transition in the input. The interrupt program therefore may not be executed if an input pulse shorter than $512 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ is used as the interrupt signal. If a module that responds very quickly to a change in the input signal, like this F3XH04-3N module, is used as the means for inputting interrupt signals, the CPU module will continue to run the interrupt program for an input of consecutive high-speed pulses and fail to run its regular programs. To avoid this, the F3XH04-3N module is designed to hold the given input signal for a specific length of time once it detects a pulse in order to prohibit itself from detecting any subsequent pulses. This function thus prevents the CPU module from running the interrupt program repeatedly.

The timing diagram of the interrupt function is show below.


Figure A2.13 Behavior when an Interrupt Occurs

## CAUTION

Do not allow the input relays of any single F3XH04-3N module to be shared by more than one CPU module. Otherwise, the pulse-capture or interrupt function may not work correctly. (This is still applicable even if two or more CPU modules share a relay having a different number.)

## (2) F3XA08-1N/F3XA08-2N AC Input Modules

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3XA08-1N | F3XA08-2N |
| Input type |  | AC voltage |  |
| Number of points |  | 8 |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common line |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler insulation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated input voltage |  | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \text { to } 120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \\ & 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \text { to } 240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \\ & 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ |
| Operating voltage range |  | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \text { to } 132 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \\ & 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 170 \text { to } 264 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \\ & 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Rated input current |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5.4-6.5 \mathrm{~mA} / \text { point } \\ & (100-120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.1-6.1 \mathrm{~mA} / \text { point } \\ & (200-240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Input impedance |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 21.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega & 50 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ 18.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega & 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|ll} \hline 47.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega & 50 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ 39.4 \mathrm{k} \Omega & 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 80 V AC min. 5 mA min. | 160 V AC min. 4 mA min. |
|  | OFF | 40 V AC max. 1 mA max. | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \mathrm{VAC} \text { max. } \\ & 1 \mathrm{~mA} \text { max. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | 15 ms max. or 30 ms , selectable |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 25 ms max. or 40 ms , selectable |  |
| Interrupt |  | Can be specified for each input point |  |
| Current consumption |  | 40 mA (5 V DC) |  |
| Input display |  | LED (lit when input is turned on) |  |
| External connection |  | 10-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |  |
| Weight |  | 130 g |  |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 100 \% |  |

## - Front View



## (3) F3XA16-1N AC Input Module

| Item | Specifications | Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input type | AC voltage | Operating voltage /current | ON | 80 V AC min., 5 mA min. |
| Number of points | 16 |  | OFF | 40 V AC max., 1 mA min. |
| Common line type | 8 points/common line | Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | 15 ms max. or 30 ms , selectable |
| Isolation method | Transformer insulation |  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ | 25 ms max. or 40 ms , selectable |
| Withstanding voltage | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit | Interrupt |  | Can be specified for each input point |
|  |  | Dissipating current |  | 65 mA (5 V DC) |
| Rated input voltage | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \text { to } 120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \\ & 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ | Input display |  | LED (lit when input is turned on) |
| Operating voltage range | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \text { to } 132 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \\ & 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | External connection |  | 18-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |
| Rated input current | $\begin{aligned} & 5.4-6.5 \mathrm{~mA} / \text { point } \\ & (100-120 \mathrm{~V} A C, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) \end{aligned}$ | Weight |  | 180g |
| Input impedance | $21.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ 50 Hz <br> $18.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ 60 Hz | Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 100\% |

## - Front View

F3XA16-1N


FA020516_1.vSD

- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.
FA020516_2.vsd

## (4) F3XC08-0N No-voltage Contact Input Module

| Item | Specifications | Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input type | No-voltage contact ${ }^{+1}$ | Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | 2.0 ms max. or 17 ms , selectable |
| Number of points | 8 |  |  |  |
| Common line type | 8 points/common line |  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 2.0 ms max. or 17 ms , selectable |
| Isolation method | Transformer insulation |  |  |  |
| Withstanding voltage | 500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit | Interrupt |  | Can be specified for each input point |
| Open voltage when contact is OFF | 5 to $7 \mathrm{~V}^{* 2}$ | Dissipating current |  | 75 mA (5 V DC) |
| Current when contact is ON | 1 to $3 \mathrm{~mA}^{*}$ | Input display |  | LED (lit when input is turned on) |
| On resistance | $200 \Omega$ max. | External connection |  | 10-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |
| Off resistance | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. | Weight |  | 140 g |

*1: Do not apply an external voltage to an input terminal of the F3XC08 or it will cause a failure.
*2: External contacts connecting to input terminals of the F3XC08 must be able to turn on/off under these conditions.

- Front View

F3XC08-0N


- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module
(5) F3XC08-0C No-voltage Contact Input Module (independent commons)

| Item | Specifications | Item | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input type | No-voltage contact ${ }^{* 1}$ | Response time | Can be specified for 5 steps: Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{~ms}$, and 16 ms |
| Number of points | 8 |  |  |
| Common line type | Independent commons |  | Can be specified for 5 steps: Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{~ms}$, and 16 ms |
| Isolation method | Transformer insulation |  |  |
| Withstanding voltage | 500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit | Interrupt | Can be specified for each input point |
| Open voltage when contact is OFF | 5 to $7 \mathrm{~V}^{*}$ | Dissipating current | 75 mA (5V DC) |
| Current when contact is ON | 1 to $3 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{*}$ | Input display | LED (lit when input is turned on) |
| On resistance | $200 \Omega$ max. | External connection | 10-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |
| Off resistance | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. | Weight | 170 g |

*1: Do not apply an external voltage to an input terminal of the F3XC08 or it will cause a failure.
*2: External contacts connecting to input terminals of the F3XC08 must be able to turn on/off under these conditions.
*3: If input interrupt is to be used, set the input sampling time to $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or more.

- Front View

F3XC08-0C


- Internal Circuit Configuration



## - External Connection Diagram



Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.
(6) F3XD08-6F DC Input Module

| Item |  | Specifications | Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input type |  | DC voltage | Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | Input sampling time can be specified for 5 steps: Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, 1 ms , and 16 ms . |
| Number of points |  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common line |  |  |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |  |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | Input sampling time can be specified for 5 steps: <br> Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, 1 ms , and 16 ms . |
| Rated input voltage |  | 12-24 V DC |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage range |  | 10.2 to 26.4 V DC |  |  |  |
| Rated input current |  | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point $(12 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC})$ <br> $8.5 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point ( 24 V DC) | Interrupt ${ }^{\text {² }}$ |  | Can be specified for each input point |
|  |  | Dissipating current | 40 mA (5 V DC) |  |  |
| Input impedance |  |  | $2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | Input display |  | LED (lit when input is turned on) |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min . | External connection |  | 10-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |
|  | OFF | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. | Weight |  | 130 g |
|  |  |  | Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 100\% |

*1: These values are applicable when using the module with CPU module F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module. If other CPU modules are used, the values are the same as those for F3XD08-6N modules. The actual response time is obtained by adding about $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ and about $300 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ to the specified value.
If the input sampling time is set to a very small value, the modules become susceptible to noise. In such a case, implement countermeasures against noise as described in Section A3.4 "Noise Control Considerations" and Section A3.9 "CE Marking Compliance".
*2: If input interrupt is to be used, set the input sampling time to $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or more.

## - Front View

F3XD08-6F


Internal Circuit Configuration


## External Connection Diagram



Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## (7) F3XD16-3F/F3XD16-4F/F3XD16-3H DC Input Modules

| Item |  | Specifications |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3XD16-3F | F3XD16-4F | F3XD16-3H |
| Input type |  | DC voltage |  | DC voltage (positive common) |
| Number of points |  | 16 |  |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common line |  |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |  |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24 V DC | 12 V DC | 24 V DC |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC | 10.2 to 13.2 V DC | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC |
| Rated input current |  | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (24 V DC) | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (12 V DC) | $4.7 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (24 V DC) |
| Input impedance |  | 5.9 k ת | $2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 5.1 k , |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 16.0 V DC min. 3.2 mA min. | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min. | 16.0 V DC min. 3.2 mA min. |
|  | OFF | 5.8 V DC max. 0.9 mA max. | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. | 5.8 V DC max. 0.9 mA max. |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | Input sampling time can be specified for 5 steps : Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{~ms}$ and $16 \mathrm{~ms}^{*}{ }^{1}$ |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ | Input sampling time can be specified for 5 steps : Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{~ms}$ and $16 \mathrm{~ms}^{*}{ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| Interrupt ${ }^{*}$ |  | Can be specified for each input point |  |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 65 mA (5 V DC) |  |  |
| Input display |  | LED (lit when input is turned on) |  |  |
| External connection |  | 18-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |  |  |
| Weight |  | 160 g |  |  |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 100\% |  |  |

*1: These values are applicable when using the module with CPU module F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module. If other CPU modules are used, the values are the same as those for F3XD16- $\square F$ modules. The actual response time is obtained by adding about $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ and about $300 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ OFF to the specified value for F3XD16-पF modules and by adding about $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to the specified value for F3XD16-3H modules.
If the input sampling time is set to a very small value, the modules become susceptible to noise. In such a case, implement countermeasures against noise as described in Section A3.4 "Noise Control Considerations" and Section A3.9 "CE Marking Compliance".
*2: For F3XD16- $\square$ F modules, set the input sampling time to $62.5 \mu$ s or more if input interrupt is to be used.

## - Front View



- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram

F3XD16-3F,F3XD16-4F


Note: Viewed from the front of the module
F3XD16-3H


Note: Viewed from the front of the module

## (8) F3XD32-3F/F3XD32-4F/F3XD32-5F DC Input Modules

| Item |  | Specifications |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3XD32-3F | F3XD32-4F | F3XD32-5F |
| Input type |  | DC voltage |  |  |
| Number of points |  | 32 |  |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common line |  |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |  |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24 V DC | 12 V DC | 5 V DC |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC | 10.2 to 13.2 V DC | 4.5 to 5.5 V DC |
| Rated input current |  | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (24 V DC) | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point ( 12 V DC ) | $4.0 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point ( 5 V DC) |
| Input impedance |  | 5.9 k ת | $2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1.3 k ת |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 16.0 V DC min. 3.2 mA min. | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min. | 3.5 V DC min. 2.0 mA min. |
|  | OFF | 5.8 V DC max. 0.9 mA max. | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. | 1.0 V DC max. 0.2 mA max. |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | Input sampling time can be specified for 5 steps : Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{~ms}$ and $16 \mathrm{~ms}^{+1}$ |  |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | Input sampling time can be specified for 5 steps : Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{~ms}$ and $16 \mathrm{~ms}^{*}$ |  |  |
| Interrupt *2 |  | Can be specified for each input point |  |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 75 mA (5 V DC) |  |  |
| Input display |  | LED (lit when input is turned on) |  |  |
| External connection |  | One 40-pin connector |  |  |
| Weight |  | 120 g |  |  |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 100\% |  |  |

*1: These values are applicable when using the module with CPU module F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module. If other CPU modules are used, the values are the same as those for F3XD32-पF modules. The actual response time is obtained by adding about $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ and about $300 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ to the specified value.
If the input sampling time is set to a very small value, the modules become susceptible to noise. In such a case, implement countermeasures against noise as described in Section A3.4 "Noise Control Considerations" and Section A3.9 "CE Marking Compliance".
*2: If input interrupt is to be used, set the input sampling time to $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or more.

## Front View



- Internal Circuit Configuration


External Connection Diagram


Note :View from the front side of the module.

## (9) F3XD64-3F/F3XD64-4F DC Input Modules

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3XD64-3F | F3XD64-4F |
| Input type |  | DC voltage |  |
| Number of points |  | 64 |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common line |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24 V DC | 12 V DC |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC | 10.2 to 13.2 V DC |
| Rated input current |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4.1 \mathrm{~mA} / \text { point } \\ & (24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4.1 \mathrm{~mA} / \text { point } \\ & (12 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Input impedance |  | $5.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 16.0 V DC min. 3.2 mA min. | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min. |
|  | OFF | 5.8 V DC max. 0.9 mA max. | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | Input sampling time can be specified for 4 steps : Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and $1 \mathrm{~ms}^{1}{ }^{1}$ |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | Input sampling time can be specified for 4 steps : Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and $1 \mathrm{~ms}^{*}$ |  |
| Interrupt |  | None |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 100 mA (5 V DC) |  |
| Input display |  | LED (lit when input is turned on) 32 points are displayed at a time as selected by a selector switch. |  |
| External connection |  | Two 40-pin connectors |  |
| Weight |  | 160 g |  |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 60\% |  |

*1: These values are applicable when using the module with CPU module using F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module. If other CPU modules are used, the values are the same as those for F3XD64- $\square \mathrm{N}$ modules. The actual response time is obtained by adding about $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ and about $300 \mu$ s for $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ to the specified value.
If the input sampling time is set to a very small value, the modules become susceptible to noise. In such a case, implement countermeasures against noise as described in Section A3.4 "Noise Control Considerations" and Section A3.9 "CE Marking Compliance".
*2: If input interrupt is to be used, set the input sampling time to $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or more.

Front View
F3XD64-3F


- Internal Circuit Configuration


F3XD64-4F


- External Connection Diagram


FA020528.VSD

## (10) F3XD08-6N DC Input Module



## - Front View



- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## (11) F3XD16-3N/F3XD16-4N DC-Input Modules

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3XD16-3N | F3XD16-4N |
| Input type |  | DC voltage |  |
| Number of points |  | 64 |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common line |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24 V DC | 12 V DC |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC | 10.2 to 13.2 V DC |
| Rated input current |  | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (24 V DC) | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (12 V DC) |
| Input impedance |  | $5.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 16.0 V DC min. 3.2 mA min. | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min. |
|  | OFF | 5.8 V DC max. 0.9 mA max. | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | 2.0 ms max. or 17 ms , selectable |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 3.5 ms max. or 18.5 ms , selectable |  |
| Interrupt |  | Can be specified for each input point |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 65 mA (5 V DC) |  |
| Input display |  | LED (lit when input is turned on) |  |
| External connection |  | 10-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |  |
| Weight |  | 160 g |  |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 100\% |  |

- Front View


F3XD16-4N


- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram

Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.
(12) F3XD32-3N/F3XD32-4N/F3XD32-5N DC Input Modules

| Item |  | Specifications |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3XD32-3N | F3XD32-4N | F3XD32-5N |
| Input type |  | DC voltage |  |  |
| Number of points |  | 32 |  |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common line |  |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |  |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24 V DC | 12 V DC | 5 V DC |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC | 10.2 to 13.2 V DC | 4.5 to 5.5 V DC |
| Rated input current |  | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (24 V DC) | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (12 V DC) | $4.0 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (5 V DC) |
| Input impedance |  | $5.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $1.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 16.0 V DC min. 3.2 mA min. | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min. | 3.5 V DC min. 2.0 mA min. |
|  | OFF | 5.8 V DC max. 0.9 mA max. | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. | 1.0 V DC max. 0.2 mA max. |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | 2.0 ms max. or 17 ms , selectable |  |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 3.5 ms max. or 18.5 ms , selectable |  |  |
| Interrupt |  | Can be specified for each input point |  |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 75 mA (5 V DC) |  |  |
| Input display |  | LED (lit when input is turned on) |  |  |
| External connection |  | One 40-pin connector |  |  |
| Weight |  | 120 g |  |  |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 100\% |  |  |

## Front View



F3XD32-4N


Internal Circuit Configuration


F3XD32-5N


FA020535.VSD

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module
(13) F3XD64-3N/F3XD64-4N DC Input Modules

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3XD64-3N | F3XD64-4N |
| Input type |  | DC voltage |  |
| Number of points |  | 64 |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common line |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24 V DC | 12 V DC |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC | 10.2 to 13.2 V DC |
| Rated input current |  | 4.1 mA/point (24 V DC) | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (12 V DC) |
| Input impedance |  | $5.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 2.9 k ת |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 16.0 V DC min. 3.2 mA min. | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min. |
|  | OFF | 5.8 V DC max. 0.9 mA max. | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | 1.0 ms max. |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 2.5 ms max. |  |
| Interrupt |  | None |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 100 mA (5 V DC) |  |
| Input display |  | LED (lit when input is turned on) 32 points are displayed at a time as selected by a selector switch. |  |
| External connection |  | Two 40-pin connectors |  |
| Weight |  | 160 g |  |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 60\% |  |

## - Front View



- Internal Circuit Configuration


F3XD64-4N



Note: Viewed from the front side of the module

## (14) F3XD64-6M DC Input Module

| Item |  | Specifications | Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input type |  | DC voltage | Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | 16 ms max . |
| Number of points |  | 64 |  |  |  |
| Common line type |  | $8 \times 8$ matrix scan |  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ OFF | $16 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |  |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of connectors for external connection and the internal circuit |  |  |  |
| Rated input voltage |  | 12-24 V DC |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage range |  | 10.2 to 26.4 V DC |  |  |  |
| Rated input current |  | 3.9 mA (12 V DC) | Interrupt |  | None |
|  |  | $8.2 \mathrm{~mA}(24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC) | Dissipating current |  | 110 mA (5 V DC) |
| Input impedance |  | $2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | Input display |  | LED (Lit when inputs are turned on) Status is displayed for 32 points selected by a switch. |
|  |  | External p | wer supply | 12-24 V DC 70 mA |  |
| Operating Voltage/ current | ON |  | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min. | External connection |  | One 40-pin connector |
|  | OFF | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. | Weight |  | 130 g |

## - Front View

F3XD64-6M


FA020541.VSD

- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.
(15) F3YD04-7N Transistor Output Module

| Item |  |  | Specifications |  |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output type |  |  | Transistor contact | Service life | Mechanical | - |
| Number of points |  |  | 4 |  | Electrical | - |
| Common line type |  |  | All points independent | Surge protector ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ |  | Zener diode |
| Isolation method |  |  | Photocoupler isolation | Fuse* ${ }^{*}$ |  | 3.15A time-lag fuse (Built into each type-N terminal and cannot be replaced.) |
| Withstanding voltage |  |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of connectors for external connection and the internal circuit | Dissipating current |  | $85 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{(5} \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC)}$ |
|  |  |  | Output display ${ }^{* 3}$ | LED (Lit when output is on) |
| Rated load Voltage (Operating load voltage range) |  | DC |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \\ & (20.4 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC) } \end{aligned}$ | Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET** |  |  |
|  |  | AC | (20.4 to 26.4 V DC) | When a sequence CPU module is used: Default: RESET Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. |  |  |
| Maximum load current |  |  | 2A/point | When a BASIC CPU module |  |  |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ |  | 5 ms max. | is used: <br> No setting function <br> The status is always HOLD |  |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF |  | 3 ms max . | External pow | er supply | Not required. |
| ON voltage |  |  | 0.5 V DC max. | External con | nection | 10-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |
| Off-time leak current |  |  | 0.1 mA max. | Weight |  | 140 g |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: Fuses in the output module are for the purpose of preventing abnormal heat generation or burnout of external wiring due to continuous flow of excess short-circuit current resulting from a short-circuited load.
They are not intended for protecting output elements in the module against possible damage.
The fuses may fail to blow in failure modes other than short-circuited loads.
*3: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*4: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."

## - Front View

F3YD04-7N


- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram

(16) F3YA08-2N Triac Output Module

| Item |  |  | Specifications |  | m | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output type |  |  | Triac contact | Service life | Mechanical | - |
| Number of points |  |  | 8 |  | Electrical | - |
| Common line type |  |  | 8 points/common | Surge protector** |  | CR absorber, varistor |
| Isolation method |  |  | Photocoupler isolation | Fuse* ${ }^{*}$ |  | 4 A time-lag fuse (Built into |
| Withstanding voltage |  |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of connectors for external connection and the internal circuit |  |  | cannot be replaced.) |
|  |  |  | Dissipating current | 130 mA (5 V DC) |
| Rated load voltage range (maximum load voltage) |  | DC |  | - | Output display ${ }^{* 3}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) |
|  |  | AC | 100-240V (264V) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum load current |  |  | 1A/point ( 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) <br> $0.7 \mathrm{~A} /$ point ( 40 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) <br> 3A/common line | Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET ${ }^{*}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: <br> Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. |  |
| Minimum load voltage/current |  |  | 24V AC, $10 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point |  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: |  |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ |  | $1 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. |  |  | No setting function <br> The status is always HOLD |  |
|  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ |  | 1/2cycle +1 ms max. | External | er supply | Not required |  |
| ON voltage |  |  | 1.5V AC max. | External | nection | 10-points terminal block with M3.5 screws |  |
| Off-time leak current |  |  | 3 mA max. | Weight |  | 150 g |  |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: Fuses in the output module are for the purpose of preventing abnormal heat generation or burnout of external wiring due to continuous flow of excess short-circuit current resulting from a short-circuited load.
They are not intended for protecting output elements in the module against possible damage. The fuses may fail to blow in failure modes other than short-circuited loads.
*3: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*4: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."

## - Front View

F3YA08-2N


## - Internal Circuit Configuration



- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module

## (17) F3YC08-0C/F3YC08-0N Relay Output Module

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3YC08-0C | F3YC08-0N |
| Output type |  | Relay contact |  |
| Number of points |  | 8 |  |
| Common line type |  | All points independent | 8 points/common |
| Isolation method |  | Mechanical insulation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated load voltage range (maximum load voltage) |  | $5-24 \mathrm{~V}$ (125V) |  |
|  |  | 100-240 V ( 264 V ) |  |
| Maximum load current |  | 2 A/point (resistive load) | 2A/point, 8A/common line (resistive load) |
| Maximum switching capacity |  | $530 \mathrm{VA} /$ point, or $60 \mathrm{~W} /$ point (for resistive load) |  |
| Minimum load voltage/current |  | 5 V DC, 10 mA |  |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | 10 ms max . |  |
|  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ | 10 ms max . |  |
| ON voltage |  |  |  |
| Off-time leak current |  |  |  |
| Service life | Mechanical | 20 million operations or more |  |
|  | Electrical | 100,000 operations or more (rated load) |  |
| Surge protector ${ }^{* 1}$ |  | None |  |
| Fuse |  | None |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 205 mA (5 V DC) |  |
| Output display ${ }^{*}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) |  |
| Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET ${ }^{* 3}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: Default: RESET; can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. |  |
|  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: No setting function; the status is always HOLD. |  |
| External power supply |  | Not required |  |
| External connection |  | 18-point terminal block with M3.5 screws | 10-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |
| Weight |  | 180 g | 160 g |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."

DANGER
Don't connect DC load and AC load to single module together.
Don't connect loads from different AC sources to single module together.
In case of using these loads at once, connect to different relay output modules separately.

## CAUTION

The relays in the relay output modules are not of hermetically sealed type.
Dust or corrosive gases in the installation environment adversely affect the service life of the relays.
Relays that are switched on and off in an atmosphere containing silicone gases from silicone-based materials may suffer from poor electrical contact due to $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$ (silicon dioxide) formed and deposited on the surfaces of their contacts.
Risks of bad contact due to silicon gases are especially high under load conditions below 24 VDC and 500 mA . In such environments, we recommend the use of transistor output modules or other modules employing semiconductor elements instead.

- Front View

- Front View

- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


FA020552.VSD
Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## (18) F3YD08-6A/F3YD08-6B Transistor Output Modules

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3YD08-6A | F3YD08-6B |
| Output type |  | Transistor contact (sink type) | Transistor contact (source type) |
| Number of points |  | 8 |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated load voltage (Operating load voltage range) | DC | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 12-24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \\ & (10.2 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | AC | - |  |
| Maximum load current |  | $1 \mathrm{~A} /$ point, $4 \mathrm{~A} /$ common line |  |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | 1 ms max. |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 1 ms max. |  |
| ON voltage |  | 0.5 V DC max. |  |
| Off-time leak current |  | 0.1 mA max. |  |
| Service life | Mechanical | - |  |
|  | Electrical | - |  |
| Surge protector ${ }^{\text {+1 }}$ |  | Active clamp circuit |  |
| Fuse ${ }^{*}$ |  | 6.3 A time-lag fuse(Built into the COM terminal and cannot be replaced.) |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 60 mA ( 5 V DC) |  |
| Output display ${ }^{*}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) |  |
| Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET ${ }^{* 4}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: <br> Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. |  |
|  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function <br> The status is always HOLD |  |
| External power supply |  | $12-24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC, 10 mA |  |
| External connection |  | 10-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |  |
| Weight |  | 130 g |  |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: Fuses in the output module are for the purpose of preventing abnormal heat generation or burnout of external wiring due to continuous flow of excess short-circuit current resulting from a short-circuited load.
They are not intended for protecting output elements in the module against possible damage. The fuses may fail to blow in failure modes other than short-circuited loads.
*3: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*4: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."

- Front View

F3YD08-6A


- Front View

- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## (19) F3YD08-7A Transistor Output Module

| Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3YD08-7A |
| Output type |  | Transistor contact (sink type) |
| Number of points |  | 8 |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |
| Rated load voltage (Operating load voltage range) | DC | $\begin{aligned} & 12-24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \\ & (10.2 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { ) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | AC | - - |
| Maximum load current |  | $2 \mathrm{~A} /$ point, $8 \mathrm{~A} /$ common line |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | 1 ms max. |
|  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ | 1 ms max . |
| ON voltage |  | 0.5 V DC max. |
| Off-time leak current |  | 0.1 mA max. |
| Service life | Mechanical | - |
|  | Electrical | - |
| Surge protector ${ }^{*}$ |  | Active clamp circuit |
| Fuse ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  | None |
| Dissipating current |  | 80 mA (5 V DC) |
| Output display ${ }^{*}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) |
| Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET*4 |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. |
|  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function <br> The status is always HOLD |
| External power supply |  | 12-24 V DC, 10 mA |
| External connection |  | 10-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |
| Weight |  | 130 g |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2 : The module does not contain any fuse but incorporates a short-circuit protector function. Note that the function protects against short-circuit only when the polarity of the external power supply is correct.
*3: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*4: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."

## WARNING

Make sure that the polarity of the external power supply is correct.
If incorrect polarity and shorted load occur at the same time, the output element will be damaged and smoking or scattering chips may occur.

## - Front View

F3YD08-7A


- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## (20) F3YD14-5A/F3YD14-5B Transistor Output Modules

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3YD14-5A | F3YD14-5B |
| Output type |  | Transistor contact (sink type) | Transistor contact (source type) |
| Number of points |  | 14 |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common, 6 points/common |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated load voltage (Operating load voltage range) | DC | $\begin{aligned} & 12-24 \vee \mathrm{DC} \\ & (10.2 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{VDC}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | AC | - |  |
| Maximum load current |  | 0.5A/point, 2A/common line |  |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | 1 ms max. |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 1 ms max . |  |
| ON voltage |  | 0.5 V DC max. |  |
| Off-time leak current |  | 0.1 mA max. |  |
| Service life | Mechanical | - |  |
|  | Electrical | - |  |
| Surge protector ${ }^{1}$ |  | Active clamp circuit |  |
| Fuse ${ }^{*}$ |  | 5 A time-lag fuse(Built into the COM terminal and cannot be replaced.) |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 120 mA (5 V DC) |  |
| Output display ${ }^{*}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) |  |
| Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET* ${ }^{* 4}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. |  |
|  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function <br> The status is always HOLD |  |
| External power supply |  | $12-24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC, 20 mA |  |
| External connection |  | 18-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |  |
| Weight |  | 160 g |  |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: Fuses in the output module are for the purpose of preventing abnormal heat generation or burnout of external wiring due to continuous flow of excess short-circuit current resulting from a short-circuited load.
They are not intended for protecting output elements in the module against possible damage. The fuses may fail to blow in failure modes other than short-circuited loads.
*3: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*4: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."

- Front View

- Front View

- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## (21) F3YC16-0N Relay Output Module

| Item |  |  | Specifications | Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output type |  |  | Relay contact | Service life | Mechanical | 20 million operations or more |
| Number of points |  |  | 16 |  | Electrical | 100,000 operations or more (rated load) |
| Common line type |  |  | 8 points/common | Surge protector** |  | None |
| Isolation method |  |  | Mechanical insulation | Fuse |  |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |  | None |
|  |  |  | Dissipating current | $380 \mathrm{~mA}(5 \mathrm{~V}$ DC) |
| Rated load voltage range (maximum load voltage) |  | DC |  | 5-24 V (125 V) | Output display ${ }^{*}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) |
|  |  | AC | 100-240 V (264 V) | Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET* ${ }^{3}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: |
| Maximum load current |  |  | $2 \mathrm{~A} /$ point, $8 \mathrm{~A} /$ common line (resistive load) |  |  | Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a |
| Maximum switching capacity |  |  | 530 VA/point, or 60 W/point (for resistive load) |  |  | module-by-module basis. |
| Minimum load voltage/current |  |  | 5 V DC, 10 mA |  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ |  | $10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. |  |  | No setting function The status is always HOLD |
|  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ |  | 10 ms max . | External pow | er supply | Not required |
| ON voltage |  |  | - | External con | nection | 18-point terminal block with M3.5 screws |
| Off-time leak current |  |  | - | Weight |  | 220 g |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."

DANGER

Don't connect DC load and AC load to single module together.
Don't connect loads from different AC sources to single module together.
In case of using these loads at once, connect to different relay output modules separately.

## CAUTION

The relays in the relay output modules are not of hermetically sealed type.
Dust or corrosive gases in the installation environment adversely affect the service life of the relays.
Relays that are switched on and off in an atmosphere containing silicone gases from silicone-based materials may suffer from poor electrical contact due to $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$ (silicon dioxide) formed and deposited on the surfaces of their contacts.
Risks of bad contact due to silicon gases are especially high under load conditions below 24 VDC and 500 mA . In such environments, we recommend the use of transistor output modules or other modules employing semiconductor elements instead.

- Front View



## - Internal Circuit Configuration



- External Connection Diagram

Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.


## (22) F3YD32-1A/F3YD32-1B Transistor Output Modules

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3YD32-1A | F3YD32-1B |
| Output type |  | Transistor contact (sink type) | Transistor contact (source type) |
| Number of points |  | 32 |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated load voltage range (Operating load voltage range) | DC | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 12-24 V DC } \\ & (10.2 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | AC |  | - |
| Maximum load current |  | $0.1 \mathrm{~A} /$ point, $0.5 \mathrm{~A} /$ common line |  |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | 1 ms max. |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 1 ms max. |  |
| ON voltage |  | 0.5 V DC max. |  |
| Off-time leak current |  | 0.1 mA max. |  |
| Service life | Mechanical | - |  |
|  | Electrical | - |  |
| Surge protector ${ }^{\text {+1 }}$ |  | Zener diode |  |
| Fuse |  | None |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 210 mA (5 V DC) |  |
| Output display ${ }^{*}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) |  |
| Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET ${ }^{* 3}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. ${ }^{* 4}$ |  |
|  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function <br> The status is always HOLD |  |
| External power supply |  | 12-24 V DC, 115 mA |  |
| External connection |  | One 40-pin connector |  |
| Weight |  | 100 g |  |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."
*4: When F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module is used, this setting can be specified in 16 -point units.

- Front View

- Front View

- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram

- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## (23) F3YD32-1H Transistor Output Module (for high speed output)

| Item |  |  | Specifications |  | tem | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output type |  |  | Transistor contact (sink type) | Service life | Mechanical | - |
|  |  |  | Electrical |  | - |
|  |  |  | Protection circuitry | Short-circuit | Controlled short-circuit current |
| Number of points |  |  |  | 32 |  |  |
| Common line type |  |  |  | 8 points/common | Overheat | Output shutdown |
| Isolation method |  |  | Photocoupler isolation | Surge protector* ${ }^{* 1}$ |  | Active clamp circuit |
| Withstanding voltage |  |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit | Fuse |  | None |
|  |  |  | Dissipating current | 165 mA (5 V DC) |
|  |  |  | Output display ${ }^{*}{ }^{2}$ | LED (Lit when output is on) |
|  |  |  | Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET* ${ }^{*}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is |
| Rated load <br> voltage <br> (operating load <br> voltage range) |  | DC |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { 12-24 V DC } \\ \text { (10.2-26.4 V DC) } \end{array}$ | used: <br> Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a module-by- |
|  |  | $A C$ |  |  | - | module basis ${ }^{* 4}$ |
| Maximum load current |  |  |  |  | 0.1 A/point, 0.5 A/common line | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function <br> The status is always HOLD |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON |  |  |  | 0.1 ms max . |  |
|  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ OFF |  |  |  | 0.1 ms max. |  |
| ON voltage |  |  | 0.5 V DC max. | External power supply |  | 12-24 V DC, 30 mA |
|  |  |  | External connection | One 40-pin connector |  |
| Off-time leak current |  |  |  | 0.1 mA max. | Weight |  | 110 g |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."
*4: When F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module is used, this setting can be specified in 16-point units.

## WARNING

Ensure that the polarity of the external power supply is correct. Otherwise, a short-circuit condition may damage an output element and cause smoldering and scattering of chips. Beware that wrongly connecting a connector wired for F3XD32 or F3XD64 to the module may disable the protectors and damage internal elements.

## CAUTION

Operation of the protection circuitry:

- If short-circuit occurs, the ON voltage increases and the short-circuit current is limited within the range 1-3 A .
- If the short-circuit condition is removed, normal operation resumes.
- If the short-circuit condition persists, the short-circuit current may cause the temperature of the output element to reach approx. $160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, triggering the overheat protector to shut down the output.
- If the temperature of the overheated output element then drops by about $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, normal operation resumes.
- The overheat protector will not be triggered if the module is operated normally within its specifications with no short-circuit condition.
- Both the short-circuit protector and overheat protector are designed to control outputs individually. Under some short-circuit conditions, however, the overheat protector may shut down not only its associated output but also other outputs.
- Short-circuit and overheat protectors are designed to protect the output element against short-term short-circuit. Never leave the module in prolonged short-circuit condition. Otherwise, the module enclosure may deteriorate or the PCB may be discolored.
- Front View

F3YD32-1R


- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module

## (24) F3YD32-1P/F3YD64-1P Transistor Output Modules (with shortcircuit protector)



## WARNING

Ensure that the polarity of the external power supply is correct. Otherwise, a short-circuit condition may damage an output element and cause smoldering and scattering of chips. Beware that wrongly connecting a connector wired for F3XD32 or F3XD64 to the module may disable the protectors and damage internal elements.

## CAUTION

Operation of the protection circuitry:

- If short-circuit occurs, the ON voltage increases and the short-circuit current is limited within the range 1-3 A.
- If the short-circuit condition is removed, normal operation resumes.
- If the short-circuit condition persists, the short-circuit current may cause the temperature of the output element to reach approx. $160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, triggering the overheat protector to shut down the output.
- If the temperature of the overheated output element then drops by about $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, normal operation resumes.
- The overheat protector will not be triggered if the module is operated normally within its specifications with no short-circuit condition.
- Both the short-circuit protector and overheat protector are designed to control outputs individually. Under some short-circuit conditions, however, the overheat protector may shut down not only its associated output but also other outputs.
- Short-circuit and overheat protectors are designed to protect the output element against short-term short-circuit. Never leave the module in prolonged short-circuit condition. Otherwise, the module enclosure may deteriorate or the PCB may be discolored.


## - Front View



- Internal Circuit Configuration


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- External Connection Diagram

F3YD32-1P


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## F3YD64-1P



## (25) F3YD32-1R/F3YD64-1R Transistor Output Modules (with shortcircuit protector)

| Item |  | F3YD32-1R | F3YD64-1R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output type |  | Transistor contact (source type) |  |
| Number of points |  | 32 | 64 |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated load (operating range) | voltage oad voltage | $\begin{aligned} & 12-24 \mathrm{~V} D C \\ & (10.2-26.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Maximum load current |  | $0.1 \mathrm{~A} /$ point, $0.5 \mathrm{~A} /$ common line | 0.1 A/point, 0.4 A/common line |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | 1 ms max. |  |
|  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ OFF | 1 ms max. |  |
| ON voltage |  | 0.5 V DC max. |  |
| Off-time leak current |  | 0.1 mA max. |  |
| Service life | Mechanical | - |  |
|  | Electrical | - |  |
| Protection circuitry | Shortcircuit | Controlled short-circuit current |  |
|  | Overheat | Output shutdown |  |
| Surge protector ${ }^{\text {¹ }}$ |  | None |  |
| Fuse |  | None |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 170 mA (5 V DC) | 275 mA (5 V DC) |
| Output display ${ }^{*}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) | LED (Lit when output is on for 32 outputs selectable by a switch) |
| Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET ${ }^{* 3}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: <br> Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis *4 |  |
|  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function <br> The status is always HOLD |  |
| External power supply |  | $12-24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC, 60 mA | 12-24 V DC, 110 mA |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { External connection } \\ \hline \text { Weight } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | One 40-pin connector |  |
|  |  | 110 g | 130 g |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."
*4: When F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module is used, this setting can be specified in 16-point units.

## WARNING

Ensure that the polarity of the external power supply is correct. Otherwise, a short-circuit condition may damage an output element and cause smoldering and scattering of chips. Beware that wrongly connecting a connector wired for F3XD32 or F3XD64 to the module may disable the protectors and damage internal elements.

## CAUTION

Operation of the protection circuitry:

- If short-circuit occurs, the ON voltage increases and the short-circuit current is limited within the range 1-3 A.
- If the short-circuit condition is removed, normal operation resumes.
- If the short-circuit condition persists, the short-circuit current may cause the temperature of the output element to reach approx. $160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, triggering the overheat protector to shut down the output.
- If the temperature of the overheated output element then drops by about $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, normal operation resumes.
- The overheat protector will not be triggered if the module is operated normally within its specifications with no short-circuit condition.
- Short-circuit protectors are designed to control outputs individually. On the other hand, the overheat protectors control outputs in pairs: OUT1 and OUT2, OUT3 and OUT4, ..., OUT63 and OUT64..Under some short-circuit conditions, however, the overheat protector may shut down not only its associated outputs but also other outputs.
- Short-circuit and overheat protectors are designed to protect the output elements of the module against short-term short-circuit conditions. Never leave the module in prolonged short-circuit condition. Otherwise, the module enclosure may deteriorate or the PCB may be discolored.
- Output loads must be driven by the external power supply only. Never try to use a power supply other than the external power supply to drive the output loads even if its output voltage is the same as that of the external power supply. Otherwise, the output elements may be damaged.


## - Front View



- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram

F3YD32-1R


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## - Front View



- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram

F3YD64-1R


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## (26) F3YD32-1T TTL Output Module

| Item |  |  | Specifications |  |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output type |  |  | Transistor contact (TTL output) | Fuse |  | None |
|  |  |  |  | Output voltage |  | 4.9 V min. (no load) |
| Number of points |  |  | 32 |  | Off time | 3.0 V min. (with 0.4 mA load) |
| Common line type |  |  | 8 points/common |  | On time | 0.4 V max. (over entire load range) |
| Isolation method |  |  | Photocoupler isolation | Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | 1 ms max . |
| Withstanding voltage |  |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ |  | 1 ms max. |
| Rated load voltage |  | DC |  |  | 5 V DC |  |  |
|  |  | AC | - | Dissipating | rent | 210 mA (5 V DC) |
| Operating load voltage range |  |  | 4.5 to 5.5 V DC | Output display ${ }^{*}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) |
| Output current | Off time |  | $0.4 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (source) | Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET*3 |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: Default: RESET Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis *4 |
|  | On time |  | $16 \mathrm{~mA} / \mathrm{point}$ (sink) |  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function The status is always HOLD |
| Maximum load current |  |  | $16 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point $128 \mathrm{~mA} /$ common line | External power supply |  | 5 V DC, 60 mA |
|  |  |  | External connection | One 40-pin connector |
| Surge protector ${ }^{*}$ |  |  |  | Zener diode | Weight |  | 110 g |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."
*4: When F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module is used, this setting can be specified in 16-point units.

## Front View

F3YD32-1T


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- Internal Circuit Configuration


FA020578.VSD

## - External Connection Diagram



Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## (27) F3YD64-1A Transistor Output Module

| Item |  |  | Specifications <br> Transistor contact (sink type) | Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output type |  |  |  | Service life | Mechanical | - |
|  |  |  | Electrical |  | - |
| Number of points |  |  |  | 64 | Surge protector ${ }^{\text {+1 }}$ |  | Zener diode |
| Common line type |  |  | 8 points/common | Fuse |  | None |
| Isolation method |  |  | Photocoupler isolation | Dissipating current |  | 275 mA (5 V DC) |
| Withstanding voltage |  |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit | Output display ${ }^{*}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) Status displayed for 32 points selected by a switch |
| Rated load voltage (Operating load voltage range) |  | DC <br> $A C$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ & (20.4 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC }) \end{aligned}$ | Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET ${ }^{* 3}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: Default: RESET Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. ${ }^{4}$ |
| Maximum load current |  |  | 0.1 A/point $0.4 \mathrm{~A} /$ common line |  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function The status is always HOLD |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON |  | 1 ms max. |  |  |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF |  | 1 ms max. | External pow | er supply | 24 V DC, 150 mA |
| ON voltage |  |  | 0.5 V DC max. | External con | nection | Two 40-pin connectors |
| Off-time leak current |  |  | 0.1 mA max. | Weight |  | 160 g |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."
*4: When F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module is used, this setting can be specified in 16-point units.

## CAUTION

## Differences between F3YD64-1F and F3YD64-1A

- For F3YD64-1F, the output status can be configured to HOLD or RESET in the event of a major sequence CPU module failure when the F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 CPU module is used. For other CPU modules, the output is always HOLD in the event of a major sequence CPU module failure.
- For F3YD64-1A, the output status is always HOLD in the event of a major sequence CPU module failure regardless of the CPU module used.

For more information, see Section A4.3.3 "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."

- Front View


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- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module

## (28) F3YD64-1F Transistor Output Module

| Item |  |  | Specifications |  | m | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output type |  |  | Transistor contact (sink type) | Service life | Mechanical | - |
|  |  |  | Electrical |  | - |
| Number of points |  |  |  | 64 | Surge protector ${ }^{*}$ |  | Zener diode |
| Common line type |  |  | 8 points/common | Fuse |  | None |
| Isolation method |  |  | Photocoupler isolation | Dissipating current |  | 275 mA (5 V DC) |
| Withstanding voltage |  |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit | Output display ${ }^{*}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) Status displayed for 32 points selected by a switch |
| Rated load voltage (Operating load voltage range) |  | DC | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ & (20.4 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC }) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET ${ }^{* 3}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: Default: RESET Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. ${ }^{* 4}$ |
|  |  | AC | - |  |  |  |
| Maximum load current |  |  | 0.1 A/point, $0.4 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{common}$ line |  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function The status is always HOLD |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ |  | 1 ms max . |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ |  | 1 ms max. | External power supply |  | 24 V DC, 150 mA |
| ON voltage |  |  | 0.5 V DC max. | External connection |  | Two 40-pin connectors |
| Off-time leak current |  |  | 0.1 mA max. | Weight |  | 160 g |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."
*4: When F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module is used, this setting can be specified in 16-point units.

## CAUTION

## Differences between F3YD64-1F and F3YD64-1A

- For F3YD64-1F, the output status can be configured to HOLD or RESET in the event of a major sequence CPU module failure when the F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 CPU module is used. For other CPU modules, the output is always HOLD in the event of a major sequence CPU module failure.
- For F3YD64-1A, the output status is always HOLD in the event of a major sequence CPU module failure regardless of the CPU module used.

For more information, see Section A4.3.3 "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."

## - Front View



- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram



## (29) F3YD64-1M Transistor Output Module

| Item |  |  | Specifications |  | m | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output type |  |  | Transistor contact (matrix scan) | Service life | Mechanical | - |
|  |  |  | Electrical |  | - |
| Number of points |  |  |  | 64 | Surge protector |  | Zener diode |
| Common line type |  |  | $8 \times 8$ matrix | Fuse |  | None |
| Isolation method |  |  | Photocoupler isolation | Dissipating current |  | 125 mA ( 5 V DC) |
| Withstanding voltage |  |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit | Output display ${ }^{* 1}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) Status displayed for 32 points selected by a switch |
| Rated load voltage (Operating load voltage range) |  | DC | $\begin{aligned} & 12-24 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ & (10.2 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | AC | $-$ | Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET*2 |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: Default: RESET Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. ${ }^{* 3}$ |
| Maximum load current |  |  | 0.1 A |  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function The status is always HOLD |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON |  | 16 ms max . |  |  |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF |  | 16 ms max. | External power supply |  | $12-24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC, 40 mA |
| ON voltage |  |  | 1.5 V DC max. | External connection |  | One 40-pin connector |
| Off-time leak current |  |  | 0.1 mA max. | Weight |  | 110 g |

*: The F3YD64-1M module is designed to drive an $8 \times 8$ matrix of LEDs and cannot be used for loads other than LEDs.
*: No resistor for limiting load current is included in the module. Add current-limiting resistors to the DATA1 to DATA8 lines before connecting the load to the module. Any LED display whose LED components are equipped with a current-limiting resistor cannot be used as the load.
*: Use the output terminals in units of 8-terminal groups classified as Y0001-Y0008, Y0009-Y0016, Y0017-Y0024, Y0025-Y0032, Y0033-Y0040, Y0041-Y0048, Y0049-Y0056 and Y0057-Y0064. If there are any output terminals in the same group to which no load is connected, connect a diode to that terminal. For the diode, select one that has the reverse voltage rating $(\mathrm{VR})$ of at least 30 V and an average rectified current rating (IO) of at least 0.3 A . There is no need to connect diodes to a group where no load is connected at all.
*1: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*2: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."
*3: When F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module is used, this setting can be specified in 16 -point units.

## - Front View

F3YD64-1M


- Internal Circuit Configuration

- External Connection Diagram



## (30) <br> F3WD64-3P/F3WD64-4P Input/Output Modules (with short-circuit protector)

- Input Block

| Item | F3WD64-3P | F3WD64-4P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input type | DC voltage |  |
| Number of points | 32 (terminal Nos. 01-32) |  |
| Common line type | 8 points/common |  |
| Isolation method | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated input voltage (operating voltage range) | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \\ & (20.4 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ & (10.2 \text { to } 13.2 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Rated input current | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (24 V DC) | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (12 V DC) |
| Input impedance | $5.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Operating voltage/current | 16.0 V DC min. 3.2 mA min . | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min . |
|  | 5.8 V DC max. 0.9 mA max . | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. |
| Response time | Input sampling time can be specified for 4 steps: Always $(0 \mu \mathrm{~s}), 62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250$ $\mu \mathrm{s}$, and 1 ms . |  |
|  | Input sampling time can be specified for 4 steps: Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250$ $\mu \mathrm{s}$, and 1 ms . |  |
| Interrupt | None |  |
| Withstanding voltage | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Input display *2 | Lit when input is on (Input or output status indication can be selected using a switch.) |  |
| Dissipating current | 170 mA (5V DC) (for input and output) |  |
| External connection | One 40-pin connector |  |
| Weight | 120 g (for input and output) |  |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously | 60\% | 100\% |

*1: These values are applicable when using the module with CPU module using F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module. If other CPU modules are used, the values for $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ and for $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ are 1.0 ms and 2.5 ms max. respectively. The actual response time is obtained by adding about $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for OFF $\rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ and about $300 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ OFF to the specified value. If input interrupt is to be used, set the input sampling time to $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or more.
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.

- Output Block

| Item |  | F3WD64-3P | F3WD64-4P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output type |  | Transistor contact (sink type) |  |
| Number of points |  | 32 (terminal Nos. 33-64) |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated load voltage (Operating load voltage range) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \\ & (20.4 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ & (10.2 \text { to } 13.2 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Maximum load current |  | 0.1A/point, 0.4A/common line |  |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | 1 ms max . |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 1 ms max . |  |
| ON voltage |  | 0.5 V DC max. |  |
| Off-time leak current |  | 0.1 mA max. |  |
| Protection circuitry | Short-circuit | Controlled short-circuit current |  |
|  | Overheat | Output shutdown |  |
| Surge protector ${ }^{3}$ |  | Active clamp |  |
| Fuse |  | None |  |
| Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET* ${ }^{*}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: <br> Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis ${ }^{* 5}$ |  |
|  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function <br> The status is always HOLD |  |
| External power supply |  | 24 V DC, 55 mA | 12 V DC, 55 mA |
| Output status display ${ }^{*} 6$ |  | Lit when output is on (Input or output status indication can be selected using a switch.) |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 170 mA (5V DC) (for input and output) |  |
| External connection |  | One 40-pin connector |  |
| Weight |  | 120 g (for input and output) |  |

*3: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*4: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."
*5: When F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module is used, this setting can be specified in 16-point units.
*6: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.

## WARNING

Make sure that the polarity of the external power supply is correct. If incorrect polarity and shorted load occur at the same time, the output element will be damaged and smoking or scattering chips may occur.
Never connect to these modules a connector wired for F3XD32 or F3XD64. Otherwise, the protector function would not work and the internal elements may be damaged.

## CAUTION

Operation of the protection circuitry:

- If short-circuit occurs, the ON voltage increases and the short-circuit current is limited within the range 1-3 A .
- Once the short-circuit condition disappears, output behavior is restored to normal.
- If the short-circuit condition continues, the temperature of the output element increases due to the short-circuit current. If the temperature reaches approx. $160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the overheat protector will be activated and will shut down the output.
- If the temperature drops by approx. $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ after the overheat protector had been activated, the output is restored.
- The overheat protector is not activated as long as there is no short-circuit condition and the module is operated normally within its specifications.
- Both the short-circuit protector and overheat protector are designed to control outputs individually. Under some short-circuit conditions, however, the overheat protector may shut down not only its associated output but also other outputs.
- Both the short-circuit protector and overheat protector are designed to protect the output elements of the module against short-term short-circuit conditions. Never leave the module in prolonged short-circuit condition. Otherwise, the module enclosure may deteriorate or the PCB may be discolored.
- Front View

- Internal Circuit Configuration



## - External Connection Diagram



Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.


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Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## (31) F3WD64-3F/F3WD64-4F Input/Output Modules

## - Input Block

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3WD64-3F | F3WD64-4F |
| Input type |  | DC voltage |  |
| Number of points |  | 32 (terminal Nos. $01-32$ ) |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24 V DC | 12 V DC |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC | 10.2 to 13.2 V DC |
| Rated input current |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4.1 \mathrm{~mA} / \mathrm{point} \\ & (24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 4.1 \mathrm{~mA} / \text { point } \\ (12 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Input impedance |  | 5.9 k ת | $2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 16.0 V DC min. 3.2 mA min. | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min. |
|  | OFF | 5.8 V DC max. 0.9 mA max. | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | Input sampling time can be specified for 4 steps: Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, and $1 \mathrm{~ms} .{ }^{1}$ |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | Input sampling time can be specified for 4 steps: Always ( $0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ), $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, and 1 ms . |  |
| Interrupt |  | None |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 200 mA (5 V DC) (for input and output) |  |
| Input display |  | LED (Lit when inputs are turned on) If the selector switch is set to IN, the input state is displayed. |  |
| External connection |  | One 40-pin connector |  |
| Weight |  | 160 g (for input and output) |  |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 60\% | 100\% |

*1: These values are applicable when using the module with CPU module using F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module. If other CPU modules are used, the values are the same as those for F3WD64- $\quad$ N modules. The actual response time is obtained by adding about $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ and about $300 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ for $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF}$ to the specified value.
If the input sampling time is set to a very small value, the modules become susceptible to noise. In such a case, implement countermeasures against noise as described in Section A3.4 "Noise Control Considerations" and Section A3.9 "CE Marking Compliance".
If input interrupt is to be used, set the input sampling time to $62.5 \mu$ s or more.

- Output Block

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3WD64-3F | F3WD64-4F |
| Output type |  | Transistor contact (sink type) |  |
| Number of points |  | 32 (terminal Nos. 33-64) |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated load voltage (Operating load voltage range) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \\ & (20.4 \text { to } 26.4 \mathrm{~V} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & (10.2 \text { to } 13.2 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Maximum load current |  | $0.1 \mathrm{~A} /$ point, $0.4 \mathrm{~A} /$ common line |  |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | 1 ms max. |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 1 ms max. |  |
| ON voltage |  | 0.5 V DC max. |  |
| Off-time leak current |  | 0.1 mA max. |  |
| Service life | Mechanical | - |  |
|  | Electrical | - |  |
| Surge protector ${ }^{*}$ |  | Zener diode |  |
| Fuse |  | None |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 200 mA (5 V DC) (for input and output) |  |
| Output display ${ }^{\text {² }}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) If the selector switch is set to OUT, the output state is displayed. |  |
| Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET ${ }^{* 3}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. ${ }^{* 4}$ |  |
|  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: No setting function The status is always HOLD |  |
| External power supply |  | 24 V DC, 60 mA | 12 V DC, 60 mA |
| External connection |  | Two 40-pin connectors |  |
| Weight |  | 160 g (for input and output) |  |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connec a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."
*4: When F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module is used, all points can be specified in 16-point units.

- Front View


F3WD64-4F


- Internal Circuit Configuration



## - External Connection Diagram

F3WD64-3F


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.


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## (32) F3WD64-3N/F3WD64-4N Input/output Modules

- Input Block

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3WD64-3N | F3WD64-4N |
| Input type |  | DC voltage |  |
| Number of points |  | 32 (terminal Nos. 01-32) |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24 V DC | 12 V DC |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC | 10.2 to 13.2 V DC |
| Rated input current |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4.1 \mathrm{~mA} / \text { point } \\ & (24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.1 \mathrm{~mA} / \text { point } \\ & (12 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Input impedance |  | 5.9 k ת | 2.9 k ת |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 16.0 V DC min. 3.2 mA min. | 8.0 V DC min. 2.6 mA min. |
|  | OFF | 5.8 V DC max. 0.9 mA max. | 3.4 V DC max. 1.0 mA max. |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | 1.0 ms max . |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 2.5 ms max. |  |
| Interrupt |  | None |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 200 mA (5 V DC) (for input and output) |  |
| Input display |  | LED (Lit when inputs are turned on) Input state is displayed when the display selector is set to "IN" |  |
| External connection |  | One 40-pin connector |  |
| Weight |  | 160 g (for input and output) |  |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 60\% | 100\% |

- Output Block

| Item |  | Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3WD64-3N | F3WD64-4N |
| Output type |  | Transistor contact (sink type) |  |
| Number of points |  | 32 (terminal Nos. 33-64) |  |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common |  |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |  |
| Rated load voltage (Operating load voltage range) |  | 24 V DC 12 V DC <br> $(20.4$ to 26.4 V DC$)$ $(10.2$ to 13.2 V DC) |  |
| Maximum load current |  | 0.1A/point, 0.4A/common line |  |
| Response time | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON | 1 ms max. |  |
|  | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF | 1 ms max . |  |
| ON voltage |  | 0.5 V DC max. |  |
| Off-time leak current |  | 0.1 mA max. |  |
| Service life | Mechanical | - |  |
|  | Electrical | - |  |
| Surge protector ${ }^{*}$ |  | Zener diode |  |
| Fuse |  | None |  |
| Dissipating current |  | 200 mA (5 V DC) (for input and output) |  |
| Output display ${ }^{\text {² }}$ |  | LED (Lit when output is on) Output state is displayed when the display selector is set to "OUT" |  |
| Output status when the program stops HOLD/RESET ${ }^{* 3}$ |  | When a sequence CPU module is used: <br> Default: RESET <br> Can be set globally on a module-by-module basis. ${ }^{* 4}$ |  |
|  |  | When a BASIC CPU module is used: <br> No setting function <br> The status is always HOLD |  |
| External power supply |  | 24 V DC, 60 mA | 12 V DC, 60 mA |
| External connection |  | One 40-pin connector |  |
| Weight |  | 160 g (for input and output) |  |

*1: If an inductive load, such as a relay, is to be connected, a surge protector is also required on the load side. Connec a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range. For details, see Subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."
*4: When F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58, F3SP59, F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 or F3SP76 module is used, this setting can be specified in 16-point units.

- Front View


F3WD64-4N


- Internal Circuit Configuration



## - External Connection Diagram

F3WD64-3N


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module
F3WD64-4N


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.


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## A2.6 ROM Packs

ROM packs can be installed in sequence CPU modules and BASIC CPU modules and used to store programs or data.
You can write to a ROM pack from the programming tool. At CPU startup, programs and data are read from the ROM pack into the memory for execution.
Data written to a ROM pack includes program control information, programs, configuration data, various control tables, preset value tables for timers and counters, and comment management data.
When used with sequence CPU modules, a ROM pack can store 1024 words of data.
When used with sequence CPU modules F3SP22/28/38/53/58/59, a ROM pack can
store circuit comments, subcomments and tag name definition (includes I/O comments.)
You may not use ROM packs with F3SP66/67/71/76 sequence CPU modules (with network functions). You can use SD memory cards instead.

## Specifications

| Item |  | Specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | RK10-0N | RK30-0N | RK50-0N | RK33-0N | RK53-0N | RK73-0N | RK93-ON |
|  | When using <br> F3SP05-0P | 5 K steps** ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | 5 K steps | 5 K steps | 5K steps | 5K steps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | When using F3SP08-0P | 5 K steps ${ }^{* 1}$ | 10K steps | 10K steps | 10K steps | 10K steps | Not available | Not available |
|  | When using F3SP22-0S | Not available | Not available | Not available | 10K steps | Not available | 10 K steps ${ }^{*}{ }^{6}$ | Not available |
|  | When using F3SP21-0N | 5 K steps** ${ }^{\text {+1 }}$ | 10K steps | 10K steps | 10K steps | 10K steps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available |
|  | When using <br> F3SP25-2N | Not available | 20K steps | 20K steps | 20K steps | 20K steps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | When using F3SP35-5N | Not available | 20K steps ${ }^{*}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 100K } \\ & \text { steps }^{*} \end{aligned}$ | 20 K steps ${ }^{*}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { 100K } \\ \text { steps }^{4} \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | When using F3SP28-3N | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | 30K steps | Not available | 30K steps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | When using <br> F3SP38-6N | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | 56 K steps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | 120K steps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | When using F3SP53-4H | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | 56 K steps | Not available | 56K steps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | When using F3SP58-6H | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | 56K steps | Not available | 120K steps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { When using } \\ & \text { F3SP28-3S } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | 30 K steps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 30 K steps ${ }^{*}{ }^{6}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { When using } \\ & \text { F3SP38-6S } \end{aligned}$ | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | 56K steps | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 120K steps | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { steps }^{7} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | When using F3SP53-4S | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Not available | 56K steps | Not available | 56 K steps ${ }^{*}$ | Not available |
|  | When using F3SP58-6S | Not available | Not available | Not available | 56K steps | Not available | 120K steps | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { steps }^{7} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | When using F3SP59-7S | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | 56K steps | Not available | 120K steps | $\begin{array}{r} 254 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { steps }^{77} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | When using F3SP71-4N | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | When using F3SP76-7N | Not available | Not available | Not available | Not available | Not available | Not available | Not available |
|  | When using F3SP71-4S | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Not} \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { When using } \\ & \text { F3SP76-7S } \end{aligned}$ | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | When using F3BP20-0N | Not available | $120 \mathrm{~K}$ | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { When using } \\ & \text { F3BP30-ON } \end{aligned}$ | Not available | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 510 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { bytes }^{5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 510 \mathrm{~K} \\ \text { bytes }^{5} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { available } \end{gathered}$ |

*1: Up to 400 lines of circuit comments and subcomments in total (not applicable to F3SP66 and F3SP67).
*2: Can store up to 2048 points of timers and counters in total.
Can store up to 128 program blocks.
*3: $\quad$ Can store programs of up to 80 K steps if the number of program blocks is 33 or more.
*4: Can store up to 120 K bytes of user programs and common area data in total.
*5: Can store up to 510 K bytes of user programs and common area data in total.
*6: Can store up to 120 K steps of programs and tag name definition data in total.
*7: Can store up to 360 K steps of programs and tag name definition data in total.

## - Maximum Writing Operations and Weight

|  | RK10 | RK30 | RK50 | RK33 | RK53 | RK73 | RK93 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. writing operations | 10,000 times | 100,000 times |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## - Installing a ROM Pack

Remove the side cover of the CPU module and attach the ROM pack to the internal connector.


- External Dimensions
(1) RK10, RK30, RK50

(2) RK33, RK53, RK73, RK93


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## A2.7 Cables

## CAUTION

Be sure to hold the cable's connector when connecting or disconnecting the cable. The cable may break if you pull it forcibly while holding any part other than the connector or if you apply stress to the cable joint when the cable is bent at an angle of almost $90^{\circ}$ from the connector.


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## (1) Cables for Programming Tool

The programming tool cable is used to connect CPU modules, such as sequence CPU modules, to external equipment such as a personal computer or a display unit.
Connect the cable to the connector labeled PROGRAMMER on the CPU module's front.
TIP
This cable cannot be used with the F3SP66-4S, F3SP67-6S, F3SP71 or F3SP76 sequence CPU module.

- KM11-2T/KM11-3T/KM11-4T (for DOS/V (IBM PC/AT Compatibles))
External View
Internal Connection

FA020702.VSD

| Model | Length $\mathrm{L}(\mathbf{m})$ | Tolerance +e <br> $(\mathbf{c m})$ | Tolerance $\mathbf{f}$ <br> $(\mathbf{c m})$ | Maximum number of <br> insertions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 20 | 0 |  | Equipment <br> end |
| KM11-2T | 3 | CPU module <br> end |  |  |  |
| KM11-3T | 5 | 20 | 0 | 500 times | 1000 times |
| KM11-4T | 10 | 30 | 30 |  |  |

## - KM13-1S (USB-serial Converter)

| Ferrite core |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Item | Description |
| Input/output signal level | RS232C compliant |
| Connection interface | USB (Universal Serial Bus) 1.1 compliant |
| Number of I/O ports | 1 port |
| Size | $85 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L}) \times 28 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 11 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H})$. For cable length, see the figure above. |
| Weight | 128 g |
| Communications protocol | Asynchronous communication |
| Transmission speed | $\begin{aligned} & 300,600,1200,2400,4800,9600,19200,38400,57600, \\ & 115200,230400 \mathrm{bps}^{* 1} \end{aligned}$ |
| Transmission distance | 15 m max. |
| Power supply voltage | +5 V DC (supplied by USB bus) |
| Current consumption | Average 30 mA at 5 V ( 50 mA max. at 5 V ) |
| Communications parameters | 7 or 8 bits; 1 start bit; $1,1.5$ or 2 stop bits; Odd, even, or no parity |
| LED display | PWR: Power LED (lit when 5 V is available from USB bus) <br> TXD: LED for data transmission (from PC to device) <br> RXD: LED for data receiving (from device to PC) |
| Operating temperature/ humidity ranges | 0 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 10$ to $90 \%$ (non-condensing) |
| Storage temperature/ humidity ranges | -20 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 10$ to $90 \%$ ((non-condensing) |
| Maximum number of insertions | 1000 insertions for USB side, 1000 insertions for CPU side |

*1 The actual maximum achievable transmission speed depends on the specifications of the PC.

## (2) CPU Port/D-sub 9-pin Adapter Cable

The CPU Port/D-sub 9-pin adapter cable is used to adapt the programming tool connector to a standard D -sub 9 -pin female connector. An additional cable is required, however, for connecting a display unit.

## - KM10-0C



## (3) Cables for Connector Terminal Blocks

Connector terminal block cables connects connector terminal block TA50-■N, TA60-0N to I/O modules of connector specifications.

- KM55-005, KM55-010, KM55-015, KM55-020, KM55-025, KM55-030


| Mode | Length L | Tolerance +e |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | $(\mathrm{m})$ | $(\mathrm{cm})$ |
| KM55-005 | 0.5 | 5 |
| KM55-010 | 1 |  |
| KM55-015 | 1.5 | 10 |
| KM55-020 | 2 |  |
| KM55-025 | 2.5 |  |
| KM55-030 | 3 | FA20706.VSD |

## Connection Diagram



Note: The terminal arrangement of the terminal block is the same as that of the connector on a module.

## (4) Fiber-Optic Cord

KM60 fiber-optic cord is used for wiring inside the panel enclosure on Fiber-optic FA link H modules, Fiber-optic FA-bus modules and Fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 modules.

- KM60


| Length $\mathrm{L}(\mathbf{m})$ | Tolerance +e $(\mathbf{m})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{L} \leqq 3$ | 0.20 |

Note: There are 2 types of fiber-optic cords (KM60) with optical connectors of different shapes but the cable type cannot be specified by the customer.

Fiber-optic Cable for Connections inside Panel
(with bonding and polishing treatment on optical connector)

| Model | Suffix <br> Code | Style <br> Code | Option <br> Code | Description | Max. <br> Transmission <br> Loss (dB) | Compatible <br> Modules |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - S06 | - | - | Cable length 0.6 m | 2.60 | F3LR01, |
|  | -001 | - | - | Cable length 1 m | 2.60 | F3LR02, |
|  | -003 | - | - | Cable length 3 m | 2.60 | F3LP12 |

## CAUTION

Handle the fiber-optic cord very carefully since it may break readily if bent or tied like regular electrical cables. The cable is more likely to break at a point near the optical connector. For details on its installation, see the relevant instruction manual.

## (5) Fiber-optic Cables

KM61, KM62, KM65, KM67 and KM69 fiber-optic cables are designed for use on Fiberoptic FA link H modules, Fiber-optic FA-bus modules and Fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 modules. KM61 and KM65 are used for indoor wiring whilst KM62 and KM67 are used for outdoor wiring. KM69 is used for wiring which is required flame-retardant characteristic.

- KM61, KM62, KM67, KM69


| Length L (m) | Tolerance +e (m) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $10<\mathrm{L} \leqq 30$ | 0.50 |
| $30<\mathrm{L}$ | $\mathrm{L} \times 0.03(3 \%)$ |

Note: Fiber-optic cable (KM61, KM62, KM67) is available in two types of " $A$ " and " $B$ " with optical connectors of different shapes, but customers cannot specify the connector type when placing an order. Fiber-optic cable (KM69) is supplying a type " $B$ " constantly.

- KM65


| Length $\mathrm{L}(\mathbf{m})$ | Tolerance $\mathbf{+ e} \mathbf{( m )}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{L} \leqq 15$ | 0.20 |
| $5<\mathrm{L} \leqq 15$ | 0.30 |
| $15<\mathrm{L} \leqq 30$ | 0.50 |

Fiber-optic Cable for Indoor Use with Tension Members
(with bonding and polishing treatment on optical connector)

| Model | Suffix <br> Code | Style <br> Code | Option Code | Description | Max. <br> Transmission Loss (dB) | Compatible Module |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KM61 | -010 | - | - | Cable length: 10 m | 1.10 | F3LR01, F3LR02, and F3LP12 |
|  | -100 | - | - | Cable length: 100 m , a pulling eye on one end | 1.10 |  |
|  | -150 | - | - | Cable length: 150 m , a pulling eye on one end | 1.54 |  |
|  | -200 | - | - | Cable length: 200 m , a pulling eye on one end | 1.95 |  |

Note: For information on pulling eyes, see the fiber-optic lead-in cable laying pulling-eye assembly diagram in this manual.
Note: Use the KM62 cable in wet environments (but not submerged environments).
Fiber-optic Cable for Indoor Use with Tension Members
(with crimping and cutting treatment on optical connector)

| Model | Suffix <br> Code | Style Code | Option Code | Description | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max. } \\ \text { Transmission } \\ \text { Loss (dB) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Compatible Module |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KM65 | -001 | - | - | Cable length: 1 m | 2.00 | F3LR01 <br> (Max. 200 m ) |
|  | -002 | - | - | Cable length: 2 m | 2.00 |  |
|  | -003 | - | - | Cable length: 3 m | 2.00 |  |
|  | -004 | - | - | Cable length: 4 m | 2.00 |  |
|  | -005 | - | - | Cable length: 5 m | 2.00 |  |
|  | -007 | - | - | Cable length: 7 m | 2.00 | F3LR02 <br> (Max. 200 m ) |
|  | -010 | - | - | Cable length: 10 m | 2.00 |  |
|  | -012 | - | - | Cable length: 12 m | 2.00 | F3LP12 <br> (Max. 1000m) |
|  | -015 | - | - | Cable length: 15 m | 2.00 |  |
|  | -020 | - | - | Cable length: 20 m | 2.00 |  |
|  | -025 | - | - | Cable length: 25 m | 2.00 |  |
|  | -030 | - | - | Cable length: 30 m | 2.00 |  |

Note: Use the KM62 cable in wet environments (but not submerged environments).
Note: KM65 cables are not supplied with pulling eyes. If pulling eye is required, use the KM61 or KM62 cables.
Fiber-optic Cable for Outdoor Use with Tension Members
(with bonding and polishing treatment on optical connector)

| Model | Suffix Code | Style Code | Option Code | Description | Max. Transmission Loss (dB) | Compatible Module |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KM62 | -100 | - | - | Cable length: 100 m , a pulling eye on one end | 1.10 | F3LR01 <br> (Max. 200 m ) |
|  | -200 | - | - | Cable length: 200 m , a pulling eye on one end | 1.95 |  |
|  | -300 | - | - | Cable length: 300 m , a pulling eye on one end | 2.72 |  |
|  | -400 | - | - | Cable length: 400 m , a pulling eye on one end | 3.43 |  |
|  | -500 | - | - | Cable length: 500 m , a pulling eye on one end | 4.10 | F3LR02 <br> (Max. 200 m ) |
|  | -600 | - | - | Cable length: 600 m , a pulling eye on one end | 4.73 |  |
|  | -700 | - | - | Cable length: 700 m , a pulling eye on one end | 5.33 | F3LP12 <br> (Max. 1000m) |
|  | -800 | - | - | Cable length: 800 m , a pulling eye on one end | 5.91 |  |
|  | -900 | - | - | Cable length: 900 m , a pulling eye on one end | 6.46 |  |
|  | -L01 | - | - | Cable length: 1000 m , a pulling eye on one end | 7.00 |  |
| KM67 | -300 | - | - | Cable length: 300 m , a pulling eye on one end | 3.34 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F3LR02 } \\ & (200 \text { to } 500 \mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | -400 | - | - | Cable length: 400 m , a pulling eye on one end | 4.15 |  |
|  | -500 | - | - | Cable length: 500 m , a pulling eye on one end | 4.90 |  |
| KM69 | -010 | - | - | Cable length: 10m, frame-retardant cable (equivalent of VW-1) | 1.10 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { F3LR01 } \\ & \text { F3LR02 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

When leading the cable in, connect the pulling eye to a pull rope through an anti-twist fitting, such as one shown below attached to the head of the pulling eye.


## CAUTION

- Use the specified fiber-optic cables to avoid problems, malfunctions or underperformance.
- KM6ロ cables cannot be used in submerged environments. Contact Yokogawa sales office for assistance.


## CAUTION

Handle the fiber-optic cable very carefully since it may break readily if bent or tied like regular electrical cables. The cable is more likely to break at a point near the optical connector. For details on its installation, see the relevant instruction manual.

## CAUTION

- Before laying cables, customers should check the cables (immediately after delivery) for any defect. In principle, the provided warranty does not cover functional defects (e.g., cable discontinuity) discovered after installation.
- Fiber-optic cables KM61, KM62, KM65, KM67, and KM69 are made-to-order products. Hence, replacement of a defective cable may require a week for KM65 cables, a month for KM61, KM62, and KM67 cables, and two months for KM69 cables.


## (6) Monitor Cables (for F3SP08-2x, -3x, and $-5 x$ )

These cables are used to connect to the sequence CPU modules F3SP08-2x, $-3 x$, and $-5 x$ only. They are connected to the programming port labeled PROGRAMMER of the CPU module to provide for higher-level link (personal computer link) service.
They cannot be used to provide connection for the FA-M3 programming tool WideField3.

- KM21-2A (D-sub 25-pin)



## - KM21-2B (D-sub 9-pin)



| Model | Length L1 (m) | Tolerance <br> +L2 (cm) | Tolerance <br> -L3 (cm) | Maximum number of <br> insertions/removals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KM21-2A | 3 | 15 | 0 | External <br> equipment | CPU module |
| KM21-2B | 3 | 15 | 0 | 00 times | 1000 times |

## (7) Monitor Cables (for F3SP66-4S and F3SP67-6S)

These cables are used to connect sequence CPU modules (F3SP66-4S and F3SP676 ) to a personal computer or a display unit for higher-level link (personal computer link) service.
Connect the cable to the connector labeled SIO on the front of the F3SP66-4S or F3SP67-6S sequence CPU module.

## - KM21-2T (D-sub 9-pin)

External View


Internal Connection


- KM21-2N (D-sub 25-pin)


## External View



To external equipment 25-pin female D-sub

## Internal Connection

To external equipment To CPU module
Signal name Pin No. Pin No. Signal name


FA020712.VSD

| Model | Length $\mathbf{L}(\mathbf{m})$ | Tolerance $\mathbf{+ e}$ <br> $(\mathbf{c m})$ | Tolerance -f <br> $(\mathbf{c m})$ | Maximum number of <br> insertions/removals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 20 | 0 | External <br> equipment | CPU module |
| KM21-2T | 3 | 20 | 0 | times | 1000 times |
| KM21-2N | 3 | 20 |  |  |  |

## TIP

The KM21-2N and KM21-2T monitor cables are dedicated for higher-level link service (personal computer link functions) only, and cannot be used for connection to the FA-M3 programming tool WideField3.

## (8) SIO port/D-sub 9-pin Adaptor Cable (for F3SP66-4S and F3SP67-6S)

## - KM10-0S

The SIO port/D-sub 9-pin adapter cable adapts the SIO connector to the standard D-sub 9-pin female connector. An additional cable is necessary however to connect such equipment as a display unit.

## External View



| Model | Length $L(\mathbf{m})$ | Tolerance +e <br> $(\mathbf{c m})$ | Tolerance -f <br> $(\mathbf{c m})$ | Maximum number of <br> insertions/removals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 5 | 0 | 500 times | 1000 times |
| External |  |  |  |  |  |

TIP
The monitor cables and the SIO port of the F3SP66-4S and F3SP67-6S sequence CPU modules are dedicated for higher-level link service (personal computer link function) only, and cannot be used for connection to the FA-M3 programming tool WideField3.

## A2.8 Terminal Block Unit and Connector Terminal Block

(1) TA40-0N

The TA40-0N terminal block unit is installed and used on I/O modules of connector specifications.

## - Features

- Allows 1:1 conversion of the connector of the I/O module to European type screw terminal.
- Using the European type terminal block eliminates the need for soldering, using crimp-on terminals or terminating I/O cables.
- Does not require a cable for connecting the terminal block unit to the I/O module since it is directly installed to the I/O module.
- Can be secured to the I/O module using screws.
- With a slim connector size, it can be installed even adjacent to 64-point I/O modules.
- Suitable for applications requiring permanent mounting, as well as applications where the system is temporarily wired for testing and debugging.

- Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of I/O <br> points | 40 |
| Rated voltage | 5 to 24 V DC |
| Operating <br> voltage range | 4.5 to 26.4 V DC |
| Maximum <br> current | $0.5 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{DC/point}$ |
| Compatible <br> cable | AWG28 to 23 <br> $\left(0.08\right.$ to $0.26 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) |
| Terminal block <br> screw | Slotted M2-size screw |
| Mounting screw | Slotted M2.6-size screw |
| Color | Black |
| Weight | 50 g |

Note: The TA40-0N terminal block unit cannot be used with F3YP04,F3YP08,F3YP14,F3YP18,F3YP22, F3YP24,F3YP28,F3NC32 and F3NC34 modules.

## - Operating Environment <br> Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Surrounding air <br> temperature range | Operating :0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Storage $:-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Surrounding <br> humidity range | Operating $: 10$ to $90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (non-condensing) |
| Surrounding <br> atmosphere | Storage $: 10$ to $90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (non-condensing) <br> gase be free of corrosive gases, flammable |

- Internal Connection

Screw Terminal Side Connector Side


Screw Terminal Side Connector Side


FA020803.VSD

- The terminal arrangement of the screw terminal is the same as that of the connector on a module.


## - External Dimensions

Unit: mm


## WARNING

The correct tightening torque of the terminal block screws is $0.22 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (1.9 lbf.in). Use a screwdriver of the correct size; otherwise the screw head may be damaged.

## (2) TA50-0N/TA50-1N/TA50-2N

TA50-0N, TA50-1N and TA50-2N connector terminal blocks are designed for use with I/O modules of connector specifications.

## - Features

- Allows 1:1 expansion of the connector of the I/O module to screw terminal.
- Connects to an I/O module using a dedicated connector terminal block KM55-0xx cable, thus saving wiring.
- Can be mounted using either a DIN rail or screws.



## - Specifications

| Item | Specifications |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TA50-0N | TA50-1N | TA50-2N |
| Number of I/O points | 40 |  |  |
| Rated voltage | 5 to 24 V DC |  |  |
| Operating voltage range | 4.5 to 26.4 V DC |  |  |
| Maximum current | 0.5A DC/point |  |  |
| Compatibl e cable | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & \text { maximum } \end{aligned}$ | $1.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ maximum |  |
| Terminal block screw | M3.5 | M3 |  |
| Compatible terminal | Crimp-on terminal with a diameter of up 8 mm | Crimp-on terminal with a diameter of up 5.8 mm |  |
| Connector | HIF3BA-40PA-2.54DSA (71) (compliant to MIL standard) |  |  |
| Mounting | 35 mm wide DIN rail or screws |  |  |
| Mounting screw (When screwmounted) | M4-size screws (2 places) |  |  |
| Color | Black | Gray |  |
| Weight | 300 g | 175 g | 162 g |

This connector terminal block cannot be used on F3YP04,
F3YP08, F3YP14, F3YP18, F3NC32 and F3NC34.
You need to separately procure the KM55-0xx cable for connecting the module and the connector terminal block as it is not supplied with the connector terminal block.

## Terminal Arrangement (TA50-0N)



- Terminal Arrangement (TA50-1N/TA50-2N)


FA020808.VSD

Note: The terminal arrangement of the terminal block is the same as that of the connector on a module.

## -Operating Environment Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Surrounding air <br> temperature range | Operating :0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Storage $:-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Surrounding <br> humidity range | Operating : 10 to $90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (non-condensing) |
| Surrounding <br> atmosphere | Storage $: 10$ to $90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (non-condensing) <br> gust be free of corrosive gases, flammable |

## - External Dimensions

TA50-0N


TA50-1N


Note: With a terminal cover
Mounting dimension


TA50-2N


The correct tightening torque of the terminal block screws is $0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $7.1 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}$ ). Use a screwdriver of the correct size; otherwise the screw head may be damaged.

## (3) TA60-0N

The TA60-ON connector terminal block is designed for use with I/O modules of connector specifications.

## - Features

- Allows 1:1 expansion of the connector of the I/O module to European type screw terminal.
- Using the European type terminal block eliminates the need for installing soldered and crimp-on terminals and end processing of I/O cables.
- Compact design saves space.
- Connects to an I/O module using a dedicated connector terminal block KM55-0xx cable, thus saving wire.
- Can be mounted using either a DIN rail or screws.



## - Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of I/O points | 40 |
| Rated voltage | 5 to 24 V DC |
| Operating voltage range | 4.5 to 26.4 V DC |
| Maximum current | $0.5 A$ DC/point |
| Compatible cable | AWG28 to 23 (0.08 to $\left.0.26 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ |
| Connector | M2 (European Terminal type) |
| Connector | HIF3BA-40PA- 2.54DSA (Conforming to MIL standard) |
| Mounting | 35 m wide DIN rail or screws |
| Mounting screw (When screw- <br> mounted) | M4 screws (2 places) |
| Color | Gray |
| Weight | 80 g |

- This connector terminal block cannot be used on F3YP04,F3YP08,F3YP14,F3YP18,F3YP22,F3YP24,F3YP28, F3NC32 and F3NC34.
- You need to separately procure the KM55-0xx cable for connecting the module and the connector terminal block as it is not supplied with the connector terminal block.


## Operating Environment Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Surrounding air <br> temperature range | Operating :0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Storage $:-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Surrounding <br> humidity range | Operating : 10 to $90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (non-condensing) |
| Surrounding <br> atmosphere | Storage $: 10$ to $90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (non-condensing) <br> guse be free of corrosive gases, flammable <br> gaseavy dust. |

## - Internal Connection



Note: The terminal arrangement of the screw terminal is the same as that of the connector on a module

- External Dimensions


Mounting dimension


## WARNING

The correct tightening torque of the terminal block screws is $0.22 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( 1.9 lbf .in). Use a screwdriver of the correct size; otherwise the screw head may be damaged.

## A2.9 Module Current Consumption Tables

Design your system making sure that the total sum of current consumed by modules with a 5 V supply does not exceed the capacity of the internal 5 V source of the power supply module. If necessary, separately procure an external power supply, which meets the specifications.

## Base Modules

| Module Description | Model | Max. Current <br> at 5 V Supply <br> (mA) | Power Supply <br> from External Sources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) |  |
|  | F3BU04-0N | 50 | - | - |
|  | F3BU06-0N | 50 | - | - |
|  | F3BU05-0D | 50 | - | - |
|  | F3BU09-0N | 50 | - | - |
|  | F3BU13-0N | 50 | - | - |

## Power Supply Modules

| Module Description | Model | Capacity of <br> Internal 5 V <br> Source (mA) | Supply Current to External <br> Devices (mA) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply module | F3PU10-0N <br> F3PU10-0S | 2000 | None |
|  | F3PU16-0N | 2000 | None |
|  | F3PU20-0N <br> F3PU20-0S | 4300 | None |
|  | F3PU26-0N | 4300 | None |
|  | F3PU30-0N <br> F3PU30-0S | 6000 | None |
|  | F3PU36-0N <br> F3PU36-0S | 6000 | None |

## CPU Modules

| Module Description | Model | Max. Current at 5 V Supply (mA) | Power Supply from External Sources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) |
| Sequence CPU module | F3SP21-0N | 350 | - | - |
|  | F3SP22-0S | 450 | - | - |
|  | F3SP25-2N | 420 | - | - |
|  | F3SP35-5N | 560 | - | - |
|  | F3SP28-3N | 450 | - | - |
|  | F3SP38-6N | 450 | - | - |
|  | F3SP53-4H | 890 | - | - |
|  | F3SP58-6H | 890 | - | - |
|  | F3SP28-3S | 450 | - | - |
|  | F3SP38-6S | 450 | - | - |
|  | F3SP53-4S | 890 | - | - |
|  | F3SP58-6S | 890 | - | - |
|  | F3SP59-7S | 890 | - | - |
|  | F3SP66-4S | 850 | - | - |
|  | F3SP67-6S | 850 | - | - |
|  | F3SP71-4N | 460 | - | - |
|  | F3SP76-7N | 460 | - | - |
|  | F3SP71-4S | 460 | - | - |


| Module Description | Model | Max. Current <br> at 5 V Supply <br> (mA) | Power Supply <br> from External Sources |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) |  |
| Sequence CPU module | F3SP76-7S | 460 | - | - |
|  | F3FP36-3N | 560 | - | - |
| BASIC CPU module | F3BP20-ON | 200 | - | - |
|  | F3BP30-ON | 200 | - | - |

## Memory Card Module

| Module Description | Model | Max. Current <br> at 5 V Supply <br> (mA) | Power Supply <br> from External Sources |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) |  |
| Memory card module | F3EM01-0N | 300 | - | - |

## I/O Modules

| Module Description | Model | Max. Current at 5 V Supply (mA) | Power Supply from External Sources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) |
| High-speed input module | F3XH04-3N | 30 | - | - |
| AC input module | F3XA08-1N | 40 | - | - |
|  | F3XA08-2N | 40 | - | - |
|  | F3XA16-1N | 65 | - | - |
| DC input module | F3XD08-6F | 40 | - | - |
|  | F3XD16-3F | 65 | - | - |
|  | F3XD16-4F | 65 | - | - |
|  | F3XD16-3H | 65 | - | - |
|  | F3XD32-3F | 75 | - | - |
|  | F3XD32-4F | 75 | - | - |
|  | F3XD32-5F | 75 | - | - |
|  | F3XD64-3F | 100 | - | - |
|  | F3XD64-4F | 100 | - | - |
|  | F3XD08-6N | 40 | - | - |
|  | F3XD16-3N | 65 | - | - |
|  | F3XD16-4N | 65 | - | - |
|  | F3XD32-3N | 75 | - | - |
|  | F3XD32-4N | 75 | - | - |
|  | F3XD32-5N | 75 | - | - |
|  | F3XD64-3N | 100 | - | - |
|  | F3XD64-4N | 100 | - | - |
|  | F3XD64-6M | 110 | 12 to 24 | 70 |
| No-voltage contact input module | F3XC08-0N | 75 | - | - |
|  | F3XC08-0C | 75 | - | - |
| Triac output module | F3YA08-2N | 130 | - | - |
| Relay output module | F3YC08-0C | 205 | - | - |
|  | F3YC08-0N | 205 | - | - |
|  | F3YC16-0N | 380 | - | - |
| Transistor output module | F3YD04-7N | 85 | - | - |
|  | F3YD08-6A | 60 | 12 to 24 | 10 |
|  | F3YD08-6B | 60 | 12 to 24 | 10 |
|  | F3YD08-7A | 80 | 12 to 24 | 10 |
|  | F3YD14-5A | 120 | 12 to 24 | 20 |
|  | F3YD14-5B | 120 | 12 to 24 | 20 |
|  | F3YD32-1A | 210 | 12 to 24 | 115 |
|  | F3YD32-1B | 210 | 12 to 24 | 115 |
|  | F3YD32-1H | 165 | 12 to 24 | 30 |
|  | F3YD32-1P | 160 | 12 to 24 | 55 |
|  | F3YD32-1R | 170 | 12 to 24 | 60 |
|  | F3YD32-1T | 210 | 5 | 60 |
|  | F3YD64-1F | 275 | 24 | 150 |
|  | F3YD64-1A | 275 | 24 | 150 |
|  | F3YD64-1M | 125 | 12 to 24 | 40 |
|  | F3YD64-1P | 275 | 12 to 24 | 95 |
|  | F3YD64-1R | 275 | 12 to 24 | 110 |


| Module Description | Model | Max. Current at 5 V Supply (mA) | Power Supply from External Sources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) |
| I/O module | F3WD64-3F | 200 | 24 | 60 |
|  | F3WD64-4F | 200 | 12 | 60 |
|  | F3WD64-3N | 200 | 24 | 60 |
|  | F3WD64-4N | 200 | 12 | 60 |
|  | F3WD64-3P | 170 | 24 | 55 |
|  | F3WD64-4P | 170 | 12 | 55 |

## ■ Analog I/O and Temperature Modules

| Module Description | Model | Max. Current at 5 V Supply (mA) | Power Supply from External Sources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) |
| Analog input module | F3AD04-0N | 210 | - | - |
|  | F3AD04-0R | 210 | - | - |
|  | F3AD04-0V | 210 | - | - |
|  | F3AD08-1N | 210 | - | - |
|  | F3AD08-1R | 210 | - | - |
|  | F3AD08-4R | 210 | - | - |
|  | F3AD08-5R | 210 | - | - |
|  | F3AD08-6R | 210 | - | - |
|  | F3AD08-1V | 210 | - | - |
|  | F3AD08-4V | 210 | - | - |
| Analog output module | F3DA02-0N | 100 | 24 | 150 |
|  | F3DA04-1N | 100 | 24 | 180 |
|  | F3DA08-5N | 100 | 24 | 100 |
|  | F3DA04-6R | 60 | 24 | 200 |
|  | F3DA08-5R | 60 | 24 | 200 |
| High-speed data acquisition module | F3HA08-0N | 450 | - | - |
| Temperature control/monitoring module | F3CT04-0N | 250 | 24 | 200 |
|  | F3CT04-1N | 250 | 24 | 200 |
|  | F3CR04-0N | 250 | 24 | 200 |
|  | F3CR04-1N | 250 | 24 | 200 |
| PID control module | F3CV04-1N | 250 | 24 | 200 |
| Temperature control and PID module | F3CU04-0N | 460 | 24 | 10 |
|  | F3CU04-0S | 460 | 24 | 10 |
|  | F3CU04-1N | 470 | 24 | 250 |
|  | F3CU04-1S | 470 | 24 | 250 |
| Temperature monitoring module | F3CX04-0N | 440 | - | - |

## Communication Modules

| Module Description | Model | Max. Current at 5 V Supply (mA) | Power Supply from External Sources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) |
| ASi Master module | F3LA01-0N | 330 | 30 | 2,000 / 200* |
| PROFIBUS-DP Interface module | F3LB01-0N | 610 | - | - |
| Personal computer link module | F3LC11-1F | 320 | - | - |
|  | F3LC11-1N | 100 | - | - |
|  | F3LC11-2F | 350 | - | - |
|  | F3LC11-2N | 170 | - | - |
|  | F3LC12-1F | 350 | - | - |
| UT link module | F3LC51-2N | 290 | - | - |
| DeviceNet interface module | F3LD01-0N | 200 | 11 to 25 | 40 |
| Ethernet interface module | F3LE01-0T | 500 | - | - |
|  | F3LE01-5T | 330 | 12 | 500 |
|  | F3LE11-0T | 500 | - | - |
|  | F3LE12-0T | 500 | - | - |
| YHLS master module | F3LH02-0N | 440 | - | - |
|  | F3LH01-1N | 360 | - | - |
|  | F3LH02-1N | 480 | - | - |
| FL-net (OPCN-2) interface module | F3LX02-1N | 460 | 12 | 500 |


| Module Description | Model | Max. Current <br> at 5 V Supply | Power Supply from <br> External Sources |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NX interface module | F3NX01-0N | 330 | 12 | 500 |
| NX interface module | F3NX01-1N | 500 | - | - |
| RS-232-C communication module | F3RS22-0N | 350 | - | - |
| RS-422-A communication module | F3RS41-0N | 350 | - | - |
| Ladder communication module | F3RZ81-0F | 320 | - | - |
|  | F3RZ81-0N | 100 | - | - |
|  | F3RZ82-0F | 350 | - | - |
|  | F3RZ91-0F | 350 | - | - |
|  | F3RZ91-0N | 210 | - | - |

*: The maximum current which can be supplied to communication line through F3LA01-0N is 2000mA. (Include current consumption of F3LA01-0N, 200mA.)

## FA Link and Fiber-optic FA-bus Modules

| Module Description | Max. Current <br> at 5 V Supply <br> (mA) | Power Supply from <br> External Sources |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) |  |
| Fiber-optic FA link H module | F3LP12-0N | 495 | - | - |
| Fiber-optic FA-bus module | F3LR01-0N | 220 | - | - |
| Fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 module | F3LR02-0N | 460 | - | - |
| FA-bus type 2 module | F3LR02-1W | 320 | - | - |

## Counter and Positioning Modules

| Module Description | Model | Max. Current at 5 V Supply (mA) | Power Supply from External Sources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) |
| High-speed counter module | F3XP01-0H | 100 | - | - |
|  | F3XP02-0H | 150 | - | - |
| Pulse input module | F3XS04-3N | 230 | - | - |
|  | F3XS04-4N | 230 | - | - |
| Positioning module (advanced model with pulse output) | F3NC11-0N | 180 | 5 | 200 |
|  | F3NC12-0N | 180 | 5 | 200 |
| Positioning module (with pulse output) | F3NC32-0N | 450 | 24 | 80 |
|  | F3NC34-0N | 540 | 24 | 120 |
| Positioning module (with analog voltage output) | F3NC51-0N | 390 | 24 | 10 |
|  | F3NC52-0N | 400 | 24 | 10 |
| Positioning module (for torque control) | F3NC61-0N | 580 | 24 | 10 |
| Positioning module (with MECHATROLINK-II Interface) | F3NC96-0N | 570 | - | - |
| Positioning module (with MECHATROLINK-III Interface) | F3NC97-0N | 530 | - | - |
| Positioning module (with multi-channel pulse output) | F3YP04-0N | 300 | 5 | 350 |
|  | F3YP08-0N | 350 | 5 | 700 |
|  | F3YP14-0N | 320 | 5 | 350 |
|  | F3YP18-0N | 380 | 5 | 700 |
|  | F3YP22-0P | 210 | 24 | 70* |
|  | F3YP24-0P | 240 | 24 | 110* |
|  | F3YP28-0P | 280 | 24 | 200* |

*: Sum of current for the pulse output and the counter contact output.

## A2.10 External Power Supply

Use an external power supply that meets the following requirements.

| Item | Specifications |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Output Voltage | 24 V DC <br> 12 V DC | 5 V DC |
| Ripple | 240 mV p-p max. | 100 mV p-p max. |
| Noise | 360 mV p-p max. | 150 mV p-p max. |
| Overcurrent <br> protection | Should be included |  |

If the product is used as a UL-approved product, the external power supply must be provided from a limited voltage/current circuit ${ }^{+1}$ or class 2 power supply ${ }^{2}$.
*1 A limited voltage/current circuit is a UL508-approved isolated power supply which is limited to 30 VAC or 42.4 V peak in output voltage and to 8 A in output current.
*2 A class 2 power supply is a UL1310-approved power supply which is tested and proved by UL that its output voltage is 30 VDC max. and its output current is 8 A max.

## A2.11 External Dimensions

- External View of the FA-M3 Controller (when F3BU06-0N Base Module is used)


Unit : mm

*: To obtain the depth including the base module, add 5.6 mm to the depth of the installed module. When mounting on the DIN rail, add another 6.5 mm .

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## - Base Modules

The external dimensions of a base module vary depending on the number of slots the module provides, as shown below.

Unit: mm

| Model | Number of <br> Slots | Number of <br> I/OSIots | Full <br> Width <br> (W1) | Mounting <br> Width <br> (W2) | Mounting <br> Width <br> (W3) | Mounting <br> Width <br> (W4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F3BU04-0N | 4 | 3 | 147 | 138 | - | - |
| F3BU06-0N | 6 | 5 | 205 | 196 | - | - |
| F3BU05-0D | 5 | 4 | 205 | 196 | - | - |
| F3BU09-0N | 9 | 8 | 322 | 313 | 138 | - |
| F3BU13-0N | 13 | 12 | 439 | 430 | 196 | - |
| F3BU16-0N | 16 | 15 | 527 | 517 | 138 | 313 |



## - Power Supply Modules

F3PU01, F3PU10, F3PU16


F3PU20, F3PU26


F3PU30, F3PU36


## - I/O Modules

Unit: mm

F3XH04, F3XA08, F3XC08-0N, F3XD08


F3XD16-0C, F3XD16


F3XA16


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F3XD32


F3XD64-6M


F3YA08, F3YD04
F3YC08-0N, F3YD08


F3XD64-3N, F3XD64-4N, F3XD64-3F, F3XD64-4F


F3YD14, F3YC08-0C, F3YC16



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F3YD32


F3YD64-1M


## A3. Installation and Wiring

## A3.1 Environmental Conditions for Installation within a Panel Enclosure

Refer to the following considerations when designing the interior of the panel enclosure to ensure operability, maintainability, and environmental durability.
Figure A3.1 shows a typical example of a layout within a panel enclosure.

## Temperature Considerations

- Provide good ventilation to prevent heat from being trapped inside the panel enclosure. If two or more FA-M3 controller units are installed vertically within the same panel enclosure, provide a clearance of at least 8 cm between them.
- Ensure that the upper and lower vents near the FA-M3 controller are not blocked either by wiring or otherwise.
- Avoid mounting the controller directly above any equipment that generate large amounts of heat.
- If there will be times where the temperature inside the panel enclosure reaches $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or higher, use a fan or an air conditioner for cooling. Consider providing a safety mechanism such as a temperature sensor inside the panel enclosure to raise an alarm upon failure of the fan or air conditioner as such failures may adversely affect the system. Conversely, if temperature is likely to fall below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ during morning startup, include a small heater, lamp, or other heat source to preheat the panel enclosure.
Figure A3.2 shows examples of cooling systems.


## Humidity Considerations

Condensation may occur due to sudden temperature changes resulting from the turning on and off of an air conditioner. If condensation occurs on any of the circuit boards, the instrument may malfunction due to shorted internal circuitry. If there is a risk of condensation, either keep the power turned on at all times, or use a space heater or other alternative means to keep the controller constantly preheated.

## Vibration and Shock Considerations

- As a countermeasure to keep shock or vibration below the specified limit, place the panel enclosure as far away as possible from any source of vibration or shock, or place the panel enclosure on vibration-proof rubber.
- As a countermeasure to keep mechanical shock from electromagnetic switches mounted inside the panel enclosure below the specified limits, install such devices on vibration-proof rubber.


## CAUTION

Be wary of any vibration and shock to the hard disk module.
Any mechanical vibration or shock occurring during transportation of equipment or facilities into which the FA-M3 has been assembled must also be within the specifications limits. The specification range for vibration and shock is especially stringent for the hard disk module, as compared to other modules. When transporting, use the same packaging in which the product was originally shipped.

## Atmospheric Considerations

In a dusty location, either hermetically seal the panel enclosure, or purge the panel enclosure with clean air ensuring the interior of the panel enclosure is pressurized slightly higher than its surroundings to prevent the intrusion of outside dust.


Figure A3.1 Example of a Panel Enclosure Layout


Figure A3.2 Methods for Cooling the Panel Enclosure

## A3.2 Methods for Mounting the FA-M3 within a Panel Enclosure

## A3.2.1 Mounting Positions

The FA-M3 module is designed with natural air cooling heat design considerations. Install the FA-M3, orientated so that the LED display is at the top and the air outlets are at the top and bottom.

*1: Leave a space in order to attaching/detaching the modules.
*2: When there is the connector wiring from the bottom of the module, see subsection A3.2.5, "Mounting Depth and Space".
Figure A3.3 Mounting posture and position

## A3.2.2 Mounting Dimensions

## Screw Mounting



| Base Module Model | Full Width <br> W1 | Mounting Width |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | W2 | W3 | W4 |
| F3BU04-0N | 147 | 138 | - | - |
| F3BU06-0N | 205 | 196 | - | - |
| F3BU05-0D | 205 | 196 | - | - |
| F3BU09-0N | 322 | 313 | 138 | - |
| F3BU13-ON | 439 | 430 | 196 | - |
| F3BU16-ON | 527 | 517.3 | 138 | 313 |

Note: The FA-M3 does not come with the screws for mounting base modules.
Each base module requires the following number of mounting screws.
F3BU04, F3BU06, F3BU05, F3BU09 and F3BU13: Four
F3BU16: Six
The specifications of the mounting screws are as follows:
M4-size binding-head screw, 12 to 15 mm long (or 14 to 15 mm long, if fitted with a washer)

## DIN Rail Mounting



## A3.2.3 Mounting on and Removing from a DIN Rail

When mounting the FA-M3 on a DIN rail, attach a rail mount kit to the back of the controller. For the rail mount kit, purchase either Model T9031AP (for F3BU04, F3BU06 and F3BU05 base modules) or Model T9031AQ (for F3BU09 and F3BU13 base modules) separately. Note that F3BU16-0N, F3BU09-2N and F3BU13-2N are not designed for mounting on a DIN rail.

## Installing a Rail Mount Kit

A rail mount kit comprises two component parts that are used in combination.
(A)

(B)


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The number of components needed is shown below.
(A) $\times 1$ and $(B) \times 2$ (for F3BU04, F3BU06 and F3BU05 base modules)
(A) $X 2$ and $(B) \times 4$ (for F3BU09 and F3BU13 base modules)

## - Mounting location (Rear of the controller)



## - Mounting procedure



## Mounting on the DIN Rail

Mount a base module on the DIN rail as follows.

## CAUTION

- Ensure that the base module is securely attached to the DIN rail.
- Do not use the DIN rail to install the FA-M3 system in an environment where it would be subjected to excessive vibration, impact or mechanical load as it may fall off the DIN rail.
- Secure both ends of the base module so that it would not slide along the base module.


Viewed from the side of the FA-M3

(2) Push in the other side

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## Removing from the DIN Rail



## Removing the Rail Mount Kit



Viewed from the side of the FA-M3


## A3.2.4 Attaching/Detaching the Module

## Attaching the Module

Figure A3.4 shows how to attach the module to the base module. First hook the anchor slot at the bottom of the module to be attached onto the anchor pin on the bottom of the base module. Push the top of the module toward the base module until the anchor/release button (yellow button) clicks into place.

## CAUTION

Always switch off the power before attaching or detaching the module.


Figure A3.4 Attaching/Detaching the Module

## CAUTION

Do not bend the connector on the rear of the module by force during the above operation. If the module is pushed with improper force, the connector may bend causing an error.

## Detaching the Module

To remove the module from the base module, reverse the above operation.
Press the anchor/release button (yellow button) on the top of this module to unlock it and tilt the module away from the base module.

## Attaching the Module in Intense Vibration Environments

If the module is used in intense vibration environments, fasten the module with a screw. Use screws of type listed in the table below.
Insert these screws into the screw holes on top of the module and tighten them with a Phillips screwdriver.

| Required Screw |
| :---: |
| Binding head machine screw M4 of 12 to 15 mm long <br> (washer screw of 14-15 mm long) |



Figure A3.5 Securing Module Using Screws


## CAUTION

Do not apply excessive load on the module.
Be particularly aware that a downward load of 5 kg or more applied on the connector head (at a position 55 mm from the front side of the module) may cause the module to fall off from the base module.


## A3.2.5 Mounting Depth and Space

- The depth of the installed module and the base module together is approximately 90 mm . An additional length should be allowed for cable bending however, if any cable with connectors is attached to the controller.


| Module | $\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{mm})$ | $\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal block type | 80 min.$$ | - |
| Connector type |  | 83.2 |

Figure A3.6 Mounting Depth

- In the case of fiber-optic FA-bus, fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 and fiber-optic FA link H modules, the mounting depth should allow for the bending radius of their fiber-optic cords or cables.


Figure A3.7 Mounting Depth for Modules with Fiber-optic Cords or Cables
When you lay the fiber-optic cord or cable yourself, follow the instructions given below.

1. The product comes with an instruction manual. The person in charge of wiring should first read the manual thoroughly, and then lay the cord or cable as instructed.
2. Upon delivery, be sure to test the performance of the product by sending light beams through it. The performance of optical fiber can be easily tested by sending sunlight or flashlight beams from one end of the cord or cable and confirming their arrival at the other end.

Test the performance of the product before installation.

## CAUTION

- Before laying cables, customers should check the cables (immediately after delivery) for any defect. In principle, the provided warranty does not cover functional defects (e.g., cable discontinuity) discovered after installation.
- Fiber-optic cables KM61, KM62, KM65, KM67, and KM69 are made-to-order products. Hence, replacement of a defective cable may require a week for KM65 cables, a month for KM61, KM62, and KM67 cables, and two months for KM69 cables.
- In the case of Positioning module(with multi-channel pulse output) F3YP22-0P, F3YP24-0P, F3YP28-0P, this module requires space for the wiring of the connector for counters.


|  | $D(\mathrm{~mm})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Min. space | 100 min. | FA030214.VSD

Figuer A3.8 Mounting Space for Positioning module(with multi-channel pulse output)

## A3.3 System Design Considerations

This section contains the considerations you should take into account when designing a system that incorporates the FA-M3.

## A3.3.1 Power Line Wiring and Emergency-stop Circuit

The power lines can roughly be divided into three groups: one for motive-power equipment, one for control equipment except for the FA-M3 and one for the FA-M3 itself. The power line for the FA-M3 is further divided into one for the power supply module and one for I/O units. All these power lines must be equipped with separate circuit breakers or switches and wired separately.
Use the FAIL OUTPUT terminal on the power supply module of the FA-M3 in combination with your external relay circuit to configure an emergency-stop circuit. The adoption of this strategy is essential to prevent erroneous operation of the entire system or any possible failure or malfunction in the FA-M3.


The FAIL OUTPUT terminal comes in two types: one that turns on if the FA-M3 fails and one that turns off if the FA-M3 fails. Normally, a system should be designed so that the terminal turns off if the FA-M3 fails.

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Figure A3.9 Circuit Diagram of Power Lines and Example of Emergency-stop Circuit

## WARNING

If there is a risk that the system could cause injury or death of personnel, be sure to take appropriate security measures, such as power shutdown to the motive-power circuit in the case of an emergency, as shown in Figure A3.9.

## A3.3.2 Grounding Lines

When considering the grounding system in your panel enclosure, take into account the following:

- To increase noise immunity, connect the signal ground (the GND terminal for the 5 V output of the power supply module) to the metal chassis of the base module. This defines the signal ground as the point of reference potential. To stabilize the reference potential, directly fix the base module onto a grounded metal plate installed inside the panel enclosure. It is advisable that you use a plated metal material with excellent conductivity as the metal plate.
- For grounding lines connecting to the FG terminal and LG terminal of the power supply module, use thick wiring of at least $2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$. Connect to the Protective earth (Comply with the regulation of each country.), and route the line through the shortest path possible.
For compliance to CE Marking, use braided wires for the system configured with this module for low impedance even at high frequency.
- It is anticipated that a system failure due to stray current or for other reasons may occur, though this is very rare, if both the base module and other equipment are directly fixed onto the metal plate inside the panel enclosure. In such situations, electrically isolate the base module or the other equipment from the metal plate. When isolating the base module or other equipment from the plate, connect the grounding lines of the base module and the other equipment separately to their respective grounding points. Depending on the cause of system failure, such measures as disconnecting the SHIELD terminal of each I/O module may be required.


Figure A3.10 Grounding System Diagram

## A3.3.3 Relay Circuits

The input/output points of the FA-M3 are normally connected directly to external devices. Relays, however, should be placed between the input/output points of the controller and the external devices in the following cases:

- The controller is far away from the external devices and is susceptible to noise interferences in the field.
- The controller is to be connected to devices that will generate high-voltage noise.
- There is a need to clarify the relationship between other control lines with regards to the responsibility of handling respective signals.
- A manually operated circuit needs to be included as a backup against failure of the I/O equipment.


Figure A3.11 Example of Use of Relay

## A3.3.4 Protection against Output Short-circuit

If any of the loads connected to the output terminals of the FA-M3 are short-circuited, an excess short-circuit current flows and there is the possibility that the external wiring will burn or there will be a generation of abnormal heat. It is therefore common practice to install fuses in the output circuits to ensure safety in the case of short-circuited loads and minimize damage to the FA-M3. Use of external fuses is recommended, especially for output modules that do not have built-in fuses or short-circuit protectors.
Figure A3.12 is an example of an FA-M3 that is equipped with output short-circuit protection fuses. Note that these fuses are not intended to protect internal output elements against possible damage. In addition, these fuses may fail to blow in failure modes other than short-circuited loads.


Figure A3.12 Example of Use of Output Short-circuit Protection Fuses

## A3.3.5 Interlocking

An interlock circuit is required when you handle particular outputs, such as those for the forward and reverse rotation of a motor that must not turn on at the same time. In such a case, installing an external interlock circuit allows one of the "b" contacts of the two relay coils to cut off the other when energized. Figure A3.13 shows an example of an interlock circuit.


FA030305.VSD
Figure A3.13 Example of an Interlock Circuit

## A3.3.6 Measures against Power Failure

The power supply block of the FA-M3 incorporates a built-in power sequence circuit which prevents the system from malfunctioning when a momentary power failure or voltage reduction occurs. This system has two modes of detecting power failures; one is the standard mode and the other is the immediate detection mode. There are restrictions on the use of the immediate detection mode, as summarized in the table given below, according to the type of power supply module or CPU module used. The default (factory setting) mode is the standard mode.

| Mode | Available Power Supply <br> Module | Available CPU Module |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard | All types | All types |
|  | F3PU10-ON | F3SP2x-xx |
|  | F3PU10-0S | F3SP3x-xx |
|  | F3PU16-0N | F3SP5x-xx |
|  | F3PU20-0N | F3SP6x-xx |
| Immediate detection* | F3PU20-0S | F3SP7x-xx |
|  | F3PU26-0N | F3FP36-3N |
|  | F3PU30-0N | F3BP20-0N |
|  | F3PU30-0S | F3BP30-0N |
|  | F3PU36-0N |  |

[^0]
## Standard Mode (common to all power supply modules)

- Momentary Power Failure Detection
- System operation continues without interruption even if the power fails momentarily for no longer than 20 ms (undetected momentary power failure).
- If a power failure longer than 20 ms occurs, the controller may or may not recognize a momentary power failure condition because an uncertainty is involved. When the controller detects a momentary power failure, it suspends program execution while retaining the current state of its outputs. It also records the date and time at which the momentary power failure occurred into the error log file in the CPU. When power is restored, the controller resumes the execution of the program.


## - Power Failure Detection

When the CPU operating voltage ( +5 V ) falls below $95 \%$ of the rated voltage, the controller stops operation, turns off its outputs, and then turn on the FAIL contact. (Refer to Section A2.3 for details on how the FAIL contact works).

## - Automatic Recovery

The controller resumes normal operation automatically when the power recovers from a momentary power failure condition and the CPU operating voltage ( +5 V ) rises above $95 \%$ of the rated voltage. The controller restarts in the reset restart mode after a power failure is detected.

- Power on/off Sequences


Figure A3.14 Detection of Abnormal Supply Voltage Levels in Standard Mode

## Immediate Detection Mode

(when F3PU10-0N, F3PU10-0S, F3PU20-0N, F3PU20-0S, F3PU30-0N or F3PU30-0S is used)

## - Momentary Power Failure Detection

- System operation continues without interruption even if the power fails momentarily for no longer than 10 ms (undetected momentary power failure).
- If a power failure longer than 10 ms and less than 25 ms occurs, the controller may or may not recognize a momentary power failure condition because an uncertainty is involved. When the controller detects a momentary power failure, it holds or resets its outputs (in accordance with the output set at stop), it suspends program execution, and then it turns on the FAIL contact. (Refer to Section A2.3 of this manual for details on how the FAIL contact works). It also records the date and time at which the momentary power failure occurred into the error log file in the CPU. The controller restarts in the reset restart mode after a momentary power failure is detected.
- The controller always detects any momentary power loss conditions that are longer than 25 ms .


## - Power Failure Detection

The entire functionality of the controller is disabled when the CPU operating voltage ( +5 V ) falls below $95 \%$ of the rated voltage.

## - Automatic Recovery

The controller resumes normal operation automatically when the power recovers from a momentary power failure condition and the CPU operating voltage ( +5 V ) rises above $95 \%$ of the rated voltage. The controller restarts in the reset restart mode following the detection of a power failure condition.

## - Power on/off sequences



Figure A3.15 Detection of Abnormal Supply Voltage Levels in Immediate Detection Mode (for F3PU10, F3PU20 and F3PU30)

## Immediate Detection Mode

(when F3PU16-0N, F3PU26-0N, F3PU36-0N or F3PU36-0S is used)

## - Momentary Power Failure Detection

- System operation continues without interruption even if the power fails momentarily for no longer than 2 ms (undetected momentary power failure).
- If a power failure longer than 2 ms and less than 10 ms occurs, the controller may or may not recognize a momentary power failure condition because an uncertainty is involved. When the controller detects a momentary power failure, it holds or resets its outputs (in accordance with the output set at stop), it suspends program execution, and then it turns on the FAIL contact. (Refer to Section A2.3 of this manual for details on how the FAIL contact works). It also records the date and time at which the momentary power failure occurred into the error log file in the CPU. The controller restarts in the reset restart mode after a momentary power failure is detected.
- The controller always detects any momentary power loss conditions that are longer than 10 ms .


## - Power Failure Detection

The entire functionality of the controller is disabled when the CPU operating voltage (+5V) falls below $95 \%$ of the rated voltage.

## - Automatic Recovery

The controller resumes normal operation automatically when the power recovers from a momentary power failure condition and the CPU operating voltage ( +5 V ) rises above $95 \%$ of the rated voltage. The controller restarts in the reset restart mode following the detection of a power failure condition.

- Power on/off sequences


Figure A3.16 Detection of Abnormal Supply Voltage Levels in Immediate Detection Mode (for F3PU16, F3PU26 and F3PU36)

## A3.4 Noise Control Considerations

## ■ Separating Cables from Motive-power Lines

Route motive-power lines so that they are no closer than 20 cm to the FA-M3 and all signal lines connected to the FA-M3. If this is not feasible, route the motive-power lines through a grounded metal conduit.


FA030401.VSD
Figure A3.17 Example of Separating Cables from Motive-power Lines

## ■ Protecting Power Supply Module against Noise

- Form the power line into a twisted pair and route it through the shortest distance possible.
- The power supply module of the FA-M3 contains a noise filter and therefore has a noise immunity level sufficient for noise levels anticipated in general applications. If the module is to be used in an exceptionally noisy environment however, an additional noise filter or a noise cutoff transformer should be located between the power source and the module.

Power inlet terminals


Figure A3.18 Example of Power Supply Circuit Noise Control

## - Protecting Special Modules against Noise

- Analog and communication modules are designed to handle low-level or high-speed signals. Place the lines of these signals at a distance of more than 10 cm away from other I/O signal lines and route them through separate cable ducts.
- It is especially difficult to distinguish analog signals and noise and this will cause errors when an analog signal overlapped by noise is converted into a digital signal. As a precaution, lay the analog signal cables away from noise sources such that noise overlapping will not happen and insert a filter (such as a filter circuit, a filter or software calculation filter) to attenuate noise.
- Always use specified cables only and be especially careful about the way they are routed for grounding and interconnection. For further details, see the instruction manual of each module.


## Protecting I/O Signals against Noise

- Segregate the AC I/O signal lines from DC I/O signal lines when routing them. If this is not feasible, use collectively shielded lines for each group of these signal lines.
- Segregate signal lines carrying larger current from other signal lines when routing them. If this is not feasible, use shielded lines for signal lines carrying large current.
- If any inductive load is to be connected to an input or output terminal of the FA-M3, install a surge protector or a diode near the load. For further details, see "Inductive Load Countermeasures," in subsection A3.6.4, "Connecting Input Devices" or "Inductive Load Countermeasures," in subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting Output Devices."


## CAUTION

Install a protective device, such as a surge arrester, when the FA-M3 is to be used in a district with a high frequency of thunder.

## A3.5 Wiring the Power Supply Module <br> A3.5.1 Re-checking Specifications

## WARNING

- Re-check the I/O specifications for the power supply module. Specifically, note that connecting an AC power supply to a power supply module requiring DC input and connecting a $200-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC power supply to a power supply module requiring $100-$ 120 V AC input will lead to machine failure.
- To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.
- Make sure that the ' + ' , ' - ' and FG terminals of a DC input power supply module and the $\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{N}$ and FG terminals of an AC input power supply module are connected correctly.


## A3.5.2 Wiring Materials

(1)

Wire

| Method of External <br> Connection | Compatible Conductor Size | Temperature <br> Rating | Material |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal block | AWG22 to $14\left(0.33\right.$ to $\left.2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ | $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ min | Copper |

Use AWG14 ( $2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) for ground cabling.
(2) Terminal Screws and Crimp-on Terminals

The F3PUDD-OS power supply modules use M4-screw terminal blocks, unlike F3PUDI-ON power supply modules, which use M3.5-screw terminal blocks. The following crimp-on terminals are recommended for connecting to the power supply modules:


Figure A3.19 Crimp-on Terminals

| Vendor | Model | Compatible Conductor | Compatible Modules and Crimping Torque |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | F3PUxx-0N | F3PUxx-0S |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { AWG22 to } 18 \\ \left(0.33 \text { to } 0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \\ \text { (Copper wire) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \\ (7.1 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ | Cannot be used |
| Nippon Tanshi Co., Ltd. | RAV1.25-3.5 |  |  |  |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M4 |  |  |  |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V2-M4 | AWG16 to 14 ( 1.3 to $2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) (Copper wire) |  | (10.6 Ibf.in) |

## CAUTION

When crimping terminals, be sure only to use the tool specified by each terminal manufacturer.

## A3.5.3 Power Supply Wiring

## ■ AC Power Supply Module

| Model | Supply Voltage | Allowable Range of Supply Voltage Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F3PU10-0N |  |  |
| F3PU10-0S |  |  |
| F3PU20-0N | $100-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC |  |
| F3PU20-0S |  |  |
| F3PU30-0N |  |  |
| F3PU30-0S |  |  |



Wire other AC power supply modules in a similar manner.

Figure A3.20 Wiring the AC Power Supply Module


DANGER
To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.

## DC Power Supply Module

| Model | Supply Voltage | Allowable Range of Supply Voltage Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F3PU16-0N |  |  |
| F3PU26-0N | 24 V DC | 15.6 to 31.2 V DC |
| F3PU36-0N |  |  |
| F3PU36-0S |  |  |



Wire other DC power supply modules in a similar manner.

FA030502.VSD
Figure A3.21 Wiring the DC Power Supply Module


DANGER
To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.

## A3.5.4 Grounding Procedure



Figure A3.22 Ground Wiring

AC power supply module is required protective earth. DC power supply module is required protective earth or functional earth.
When building a system compliant to CE Marking, connect LG terminal to FG terminal and ground these terminals with braided or other wires that ensure low impedance even at high frequencies.

## CAUTION

LG terminal has a half potential of the input power supply voltage when LG terminal isn't connected to FG terminal.

## A3.6 Wiring I/O Modules

## A3.6.1 Re-checking Specifications

## WARNING

- Re-check the I/O specifications for the input/output modules. Note that applying a voltage or current that exceeds the maximum permissible input voltage or current of an input module or a voltage or current that exceeds the maximum switching capacity of an output module will lead to machine failure, physical damage or fire hazard.
- To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.
- Make sure that the polarity of power terminals is correct.


## A3.6.2 Wiring Materials

(1)

| Method of External <br> Connection |  | Compatible Conductor Size | Temperature <br> Rating | Material |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Terminal block | Soldered | AWG22 to $14\left(0.33\right.$ to $\left.2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ |  |  |
|  | Crimp-on | AWG28 or less $\left(0.26 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right.$ or less $24\left(0.08\right.$ to $\left.0.20 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ | $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ min | Copper |
|  | Pressure-welded | AWG28 $\left(0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) ; 1.27 \mathrm{~mm}$ pitch <br> flat cable |  |  |

To ensure that a system incorporating this module conforms to the CE Marking, use shielded cables. By properly grounding the shield, noise emission and receipt will be reduced. For more information on shielded cables, see Section A3.9.1 "Cable Routing Considerations".
(2) Terminal Screws and Crimp-on Terminals

The I/O modules have an M3.5-screw terminal block each. The following crimp-on terminals are recommended for connecting to I/O modules:


Figure A3.23 Crimp-on Terminals

| Vendor | Model | Compatible Conductor | Crimping Torque |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Japan Solderless <br> Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M3 | AWG22 to 18 |  |
| Nippon Tanshi Co., Ltd. | RAV1.25-3.5 | (0.33 to $\left.0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ <br> (Copper wire) | $0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ <br> $(7.1 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in})$ |
| Japan Solderless <br> Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M4 | AWG16 to 14 <br> $\left(1.3\right.$ to $\left.2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ <br> $($ Copper wire) |  |
| Japan Solderless <br> Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V2-M4 |  |  |

## CAUTION

When crimping terminals, be sure only to use the tool specified by each terminal manufacturer.

## A3.6.3 Terminal Blocks and Connectors

(1) Terminal Block

The input/output modules for the FA-M3 use detachable terminal blocks. When removing the terminal block, loosen the mounting screws located on the top and bottom of the terminal block with a screwdriver as shown in the following figure.


FA030602.VSD
Figure A3.24 Installing and Removing a Terminal Block
(2) Connectors

Connectors are used to wire I/O modules to multiple I/O points. Compatible connector types include soldered, crimp-on and pressure-welded connectors. Separately procure connectors that suit your application purpose.

## Compatible Connectors

| Connection method | Compatible connector |
| :--- | :---: |
| Soldered type | FUJITSU LIMITED: |
|  | FCN-361J000-AU connector |
|  | FCN-360C040-B connector cover |
| Crimp-on type | FUJITSU LIMITED: |
|  | FCN-363J040 housing |
|  | FCN-363J-AU contact |
|  | FCN-360C040-B connector cover |
| Pressure-welded type | FUJITSU LIMITED: FCN-367J040-AU/FW |

## CAUTION

When using crimp-on or pressure-welded connectors, be sure only to use the tool specified by each connector manufacturer.

## Precautions when Wiring 40-Pin Soldered-type Connectors

When wiring signal lines to an A1451JD 40-pin soldered-type connector, be careful about the orientation of the connector and its pin numbering. The wiring of the input connector (for the input block of F3XDxx-xx and F3WDxx-xx modules) differs from the wiring of the output connector (for the output block of F3YDxx-xx and F3WDxx-xx modules).

## - Input Connector



Figure A3.25 40-pole Plug with Soldered Type for Input

## - Output Connector



Figure A3.26 40-pole Plug with Soldered Type for Output
(3) Wiring

Wire I/O modules so that they can be replaced if necessary. Route the cables so that they do not get in the way when viewing the I/O status on the display of an I/O module.

## A3.6.4 Connecting Input Devices

Refer to this subsection when selecting or connecting the FA-M3 to input devices.
(1) Examples of Connection to DC Input Devices


Figure A3.27 Examples of Connection to DC Input Devices
(2) Examples of Connection to AC Input Devices


Figure A3.28 Example of Connection to AC Input Devices
(3) Inductive Load Countermeasures

If an inductive load is to be connected to the input block, connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module input voltage will not exceed the specified operating voltage range.


- Surge protector

0.5 to $1 \Omega$ with respect to 1 V contact voltage

1 to $0.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, rated voltage or higher,
with respect to 1 A contact current

- Diode


Figure A3.29 Inductive Load Countermeasures for Input Modules

## (4) Leakage Current Considerations

There are cases in which a 2 -wire sensor (proximity switch, photoelectric switch, etc.) or a limit switch with an LED indicator may cause faulty input signal generation or illumination due to leakage current. There is no problem if the leakage current is smaller than the "off current" that is specified for the module. In situations in which it is likely that the leakage current exceeds the off current, however, add a bleeder resistance as shown in the figure below to lower the input impedance.


## A3.6.5 Connecting Output Devices

Observe the following precautions when connecting the FA-M3 to output devices.
If an inductive load is to be connected to the output block, connect a surge protector or a diode across the load nearby so that the module output terminal voltage will not exceed the specified operating load voltage range.
When connecting a diode, connect its cathode to the positive terminal of the power supply.


- Surge protector
 for 1 A contact current


## - Diode



Figure A3.30 Inductive Load Countermeasures for Output Modules

## Connection of external power supply

In the module with the output signal, connect the external power supply and the load power supply with the same switch; turn on-off the power supply at the same time.
When the external power supply and the load power supply are turned on or off separately, non-intended output may occur.

## Inrush Current Countermeasures

When connecting an incandescent lamp or other load that generates large inrush current, it is necessary to take special caution to prevent fatal damage to the output elements. Examples of ways to suppress inrush currents are illustrated below.
Examples

- Flowing dark current at one-third the rated value into the incandescent lamp

- Inserting a current-limiting resistor


Figure A3.31 Examples of Inrush Current Countermeasures

## A3.7 External Cable Routing Requirements

It is especially desirable that the requirements given in this section be satisfied in the routing of the controller's signal cables, power supply cables and power-motive cables of the devices.

## - Isolating Cables

When routing cables, segregate by at least 20 cm cables that may become noise sources such as power-motive cables and power supply cables from signal cables that are susceptible to noise, as shown in figures A3.32 and A3.33.
If that is not possible, separate the cables by putting a separator between them as shown in figure A3.34.


Figure A3.32 Segregation Using Cable Rack


FA030703E.VSD
Figure A3.34 Segregation Using Separator

## - Perpendicular Crossing of Cables

If the signal cables cross power-motive cables or power supply cables, lay them perpendicular to each other. If no shielded cable is used, it is recommended that a steel plate of at least 1.6 mm thick be placed between the two sets of cables at their intersection as shown by the dotted lines in Figure A3.35.


Figure A3.35 Perpendicular Crossing of Cable

## A3.8 Calculating Power Consumption

Although the maximum power consumption is shown in item (1) "Common Specifications" in Section A2.1, "Specifications," it actually differs depending on the number and types of modules installed. Calculate the power consumption according to the formulae shown below after reading Section A2.9, "Module Current Consumption Tables."

- When using an F3PU10, F3PU20 or F3PU30 power supply module

Power Consumption $(\mathrm{W})=\frac{5[\mathrm{~V}] \times \Sigma \text { (dissipating currents of individual modules) }[\mathrm{A}]}{\boldsymbol{\eta}}[\mathrm{W}]$
Power Consumption (VA) $=\frac{5[\mathrm{~V}] \times \Sigma \text { (dissipating currents of individual modules) }[\mathrm{A}]}{\eta \times \operatorname{COS} \varphi}[\mathrm{VA}]$
$\boldsymbol{\eta}$ : Efficiency (approx. 0.65)
$\operatorname{COS} \varphi$ : Power factor (approx.0.4 to 0.5)

## - When using an F3PU16, F3PU26 or F3PU36 power supply module



To estimate the temperature increase within the panel enclosure, you need to calculate the total power consumed within the panel enclosure. To do so, you need to add to the power consumption of the power supply module described above, the external power supplied to I/O modules of the FA-M3, as well as the power consumption of peripheral equipment installed within the panel enclosure.
Some examples for calculation of external power supplied to I/O modules of the FA-M3 are given below.

Example 1: Assume that all points of the F3XD32-3F are ON. Rated current input per point is 4.1 mA , so power consumption at the module is:

$$
4.1[\mathrm{~mA}] \times 24[\mathrm{~V}] \times 32[\text { points }]=3148.8[\mathrm{~mW}]=3.15[\mathrm{~W}]
$$

Example 2: Assume that 30 points of the F3YD64-1F are ON with a load current of 0.1 A. For this module, power loss at the output transistors must be considered. The ON voltage is 0.5 V max. and the load current per transistor is 0.1 A , so power loss at transistors is:
0.5 [ V$] \times 0.1$ [A] $\times 30$ [points] $=1.50$ [W]

The external power supply is $24 \mathrm{~V} / 150 \mathrm{~mA}$, so power consumption at external loads is:

$$
24[\mathrm{~V}] \times 150[\mathrm{~mA}]=3600[\mathrm{~mW}]=3.60[\mathrm{~W}]
$$

Example 3: Assume that the F3DA04-1N is used. The external power supply is $24 \mathrm{~V} / 180 \mathrm{~mA}$, so power consumption at external loads is:
$24[\mathrm{~V}] \times 180[\mathrm{~mA}]=4320[\mathrm{~mW}]=4.32[\mathrm{~W}]$

For power consumption of peripheral equipment installed within the panel enclosure, calculate and total the power consumptions of all pieces of the equipment.

## A3.9 CE Marking Conformance

## About CE Marking

CE Marking aims to integrate the safety regulations existing in countries within the EC community and ensure free circulation (movement) of products guaranteed to be safe. A manufacturer or importing agent is legally obligated to display a CE mark on a product circulated or marketed within the EC community showing conformity to the requirements of EC directives that are applicable to the product.
Each EC directive covers a certain range of equipment; the FA-M3 is required to conform to the EMC directive (2004/108/EC) and the Low Voltage directive (2006/95/EC).
Each directive describes only the essential requirements; an equipment manufacturer is required to test the conformance of equipment to directives applicable to the equipment before displaying the CE Mark on the equipment.

## Standards Structure

Figure A3.36 shows a conceptual diagram of the CE Marking standards structure.


Figure A3.36 Conceptual Diagram of Standards Structure

## A3.9.1 EMC Directive

## (1) Requirements of EMC Directive

The EMC directive applies to equipment that may emit electromagnetic disturbances or equipment that may be damaged by electromagnetic disturbances.
The EMC directive requires that the electromagnetic disturbances emitted by equipment to not exceed a tolerable level, and that equipment maintains a minimum level of immunity to electromagnetic disturbances. This section summarizes the considerations to ensure that the FA-M3 conforms to the EMC directive. However, the installation manufacturer needs to test and confirm the conformity to the EMC directive of the finished product incorporating the FA-M3.
(2) Applicable Standards of the EMC Directive The standards applicable to the FA-M3 are given in tables A3.1 and A3.2
Modules declaring conformity to the CE Mark satisfy the specified values and performance criteria displayed in the tables. For details on modules conforming to the CE Marking, see "List of Standard-Approved and Compliant FA-M3 Modules." (GS 34M06C11-21E)
From the safety viewpoint of the Low Voltage directive, it is necessary to install and use the equipment within a panel enclosure. The EMC directive conformance test is conducted with the equipment installed in a general panel enclosure. The panel enclosure used during the test has an emissive noise attenuation characteristic of 15 dB average and 25 dB maximum (from 30 to 1000 MHz ).

Table A3.1 Applicable Standards of EMC Directive (Emission)

|  | Applicable Standard | Test Name/ <br> Reference Standards | Test Description*3 | Specified Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EN 61326-1 <br> EN 61326-2-3*1 <br> EN55011 <br> Class A Group1 | Emissive electromagnetic noise <br> CISPR 16-1 <br> CISPR 16-2 <br> CISPR 11 | Measures the electric wave disturbance which the equipment emits to the external space | 30 to 230MHz: <br> $40 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ (QP*${ }^{*}, 10 \mathrm{~m}$ method) <br> 230 to 1000 MHz : <br> 47dB $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m}$ (QP,10m method) |
|  |  | Power supply terminal Noise <br> CISPR 16-1 <br> CISPR 16-2 <br> CISPR 11 | Measures the noise level which the equipment emits to a power supply line. | $\begin{aligned} & 0.15 \text { to } 0.5 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 79 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{QP}), 66 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}\left(\mathrm{AV}^{\prime 2}\right) \\ & 0.5 \text { to } 30 \mathrm{MHz}: \\ & 73 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} \text { (QP), } 60 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{AV}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | EN61000-3-2 | Power supply harmonic EN61000-3-2 | Measures the size of the harmonic current generated by the power supply of the equipment. | Class A Equipment: <br> Even <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ harmonic current: 1.08 A or less <br> $4^{\text {th }}$ harmonic current: 0.43 A or less <br> $6^{\text {th }}$ harmonic current: 0.30 A or less <br> Odd <br> 3rd harmonic current: 2.30A or less <br> $5^{\text {th }}$ harmonic current: 1.14A or less <br> $7^{\text {th }}$ harmonic current: 0.77 A or less <br> Values specified for up to the $40^{\text {th }}$ harmonic current (description omitted here) <br> The FA-M3 belongs to category A but its input is below 75 W and hence it lies outside the applicable scope of the standard. |
|  | EN61000-3-3 | Flicker | Measures the voltage | Short flicker index: Pst < 1 |
|  |  | EN61000-3-3 | fluctuation in the power supply system due to fluctuations in the current consumed by the equipment. | Long flicker index: Plt < 0.65 <br> Relative steady voltage fluctuation: $\mathrm{dc}<3.3 \%$ Maximum relative voltage fluctuation: $\mathrm{dmax}<4 \%$ Voltage fluctuation time: time where voltage fluctuations exceeds $3.3 \%$ should be less than 500 ms |
| *3: USB <br> used |  | -3 is applicable only to F3C -Peak AV: Average n the CPU module is exclud ual operation. | 4-0S and F3CU04-1S ue from the EMC test sin | it is intended for maintenance purposes and not |

Table A3.2 EMC Directive Applicable Standards (Immunity)

|  | Applicable Standard | Test Name/ Reference Standards | Test Description ${ }^{4}$ | Test Value <Performance Criterion ${ }^{\text {² }}$ > |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EN 61326-1EN 61326-2-3*1EN61000-6-2 | Static electricity discharge immunity <br> EN61000-4-2 <br> IEC61000-4-2 | Measures the immunity to static electricity discharge | Contact discharge $\pm 4 \mathrm{kV}$ (static electricity discharge to the panel enclosure where the FA-M3 system is installed) <br> <Performance criterion B> |
|  |  | Emissive electric field Immunity <br> EN61000-4-3 <br> IA1 <br> IEC61000-4-3 <br> IA1 | Measures the immunity when electric field noise is radiated | $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}: 80$ to 1000 MHz , 1.4 to 2 GHz $3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ : 2 to 4 GHz ( $80 \%$ AM modulated, 1 kHz ) <Performance criterion A> |
|  |  | High speed transient burst immunity <br> EN61000-4-4 <br> IEC61000-4-4 | Measures the immunity when burst noise overlaps the power supply line and signal lines | ```\pm2kV: power supply line \pm1kV: signal line (Tr/Th=5ns/50ns, repeat frequency of 5kHz, pulse width of 15ms and burst cycle of 300ms) <Performance criterion B>``` |
|  |  | Surge immunity <br> EN61000-4-5 <br> IEC61000-4-5 | Measures the immunity when surge voltages induced by transient phenomena (switching or lightning) overlaps the power supply line or signal lines. | Between the lines $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$ : power supply line <br> To the ground $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$ : power supply line, <br>  $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$ : signal line ${ }^{*} 3$ <br> (Tr/Th $=1.2 \mu \mathrm{~s} / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}(8 \mu \mathrm{~s} / 20 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ )  <br> <Performance criterion $\mathrm{B}>$  |
|  |  | Conductivity immunity | Measures the immunity when external electric field noise overlaps a power supply line or signal line. | $10 \mathrm{~V}: 0.15$ to 80 MHz ( $80 \%$ AM modulated, 1 kHz ) <Performance criterion A> |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EN61000-4-6 } \\ & \text { IEC61000-4-6 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Main power supply frequency magnetic immunity | Measures the immunity when magnetic field caused by power supply frequency is applied | $30 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m} \quad$ : except CRT $1 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m} \quad$ CRT $(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ <Performance criterion A> <br> This does not apply since currently, no element (component) which is sensitive to magnetic field is used in modules which carry a CE Marking conformance declaration. |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EN61000-4-8 } \\ & \text { IEC61000-4-8 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Power supply dip <br> /momentary failure <br> EN61000-4-11 <br> IEC61000-4-11 | Tests the operation when the voltage of a power supply dips or when a momentary power supply occurs | $30 \%$ dip, 25 cycle <Performance criterion C> $60 \%$ dip, 10 cycles <Performance criterion C> $100 \%$ dip, 1 cycle <Performance criterion B> $100 \%$ dip, 250 cycles <Performance criterion C> |
| *1: EN61326-2-3 is applicable only to F3CU04-0S and F3CU04-1S |  |  |  |  |
| *2: $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Th } \\ & \text { Pe } \\ & \text { Pe } \\ & \\ & \text { Pe } \\ & \\ & \text { Pe } \\ & \text { Th }\end{array}$ |  | The following criteria are used to determine conformity to a standard: <br> Performance criterion A: The equipment continues to operate according to specification. <br> Performance criterion B: There is a temporary drop in performance but the equipment continues to operate according to specification after the noise disappears. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Performance criterion C: There is a temporary failure which can be recovered by the self-recovery function or by operator intervention. |  |  |
|  |  | Performance criterion D: Non-rec | verable failure due to equ | ipment damage. |
|  |  | The conformance criteria of EN61326-2-3 are, however, applied to F3CU04-0S and F3CU04-1S. |  |  |
| *3: Co |  | Conforming to the standard, the 24 V DC line of YHLS Slave Units (TAH Series) is treated as a signal line. |  |  |
| $\text { *4: } \quad \text { us }$ |  | USB port on the CPU module is excluded from the EMC test since it is intended for maintenance purposes and not used in actual operation. |  |  |

## WARNING

This product is classified as Class A for use in industrial environments. If used in a residential environment, it may cause electromagnetic interference (EMI). In such situations, it is the user's responsibility to adopt the necessary measures against EMI.
(3) Installation Considerations

From the safety viewpoint of the Low Voltage directive, this equipment should be installed within a panel enclosure. Using a metallic panel enclosure achieves the shield effect from the EMC viewpoint. The EMC directive conformance test is conducted with the equipment installed within a general panel enclosure.
The panel enclosure used during the test has an emissive noise attenuation characteristic of 15 dB average and 25 dB maximum (from 30 to 1000 MHz ).
The considerations that should be observed when installing the FA-M3 are summarized below. Figure A3.37 illustrates this graphically.

- Use a metallic panel enclosure and metal plate to install the equipment.
- Ground the panel enclosure and metal plate using braided or other wires to ensure low impedance even at high frequencies.
- Use shielded cables for signal cables leading out of the panel enclosure.
- Secure the base module of this equipment directly onto the metal plate using screws.
- Short the FG terminal and the LG terminal of the power supply module of this equipment and connect it to the metal plate with the shortest wiring possible.
- When coating the metal plate of the panel enclosure, mask the following parts and expose the metallic surface to ensure electrical conductance.
- the bolts that mounts the FA-M3 to the panel enclosure
- The contact surface to the aluminum chassis of the base module
- The connection to the wiring to the FG and LG terminals of the power supply module.
- The location of the FG clamp for the shielded cable.
- Design the system so that the opening of the panel enclosure is as small as possible to minimize possible leakage of noise generated within the panel enclosure. It is recommended that the diameter of the opening for the cable should be less than 100 mm and that of the opening for ventilation should be less than 125 mm .


## TIP

Take the following corrective actions for problems encountered during the installation.

- In case of noise leakage from the opening for the cable, wrap the cables using shield covers, shield tubes, conduit pipes, etc. to prevent noise leakage.

| Item | Manufacturer | Product |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Shield cover | Nitto Industries, Inc. | SDF-03-04-35ES |
| Shield tube | Nippon Zipper Tubing, Inc. | OTFX series <br>  |
| MTFX series |  |  |
| SHX series |  |  |
| SHNX series |  |  |$|$

- In case of noise leakage from the ventilation hole, install an electromagnetic shield filter.

| Item | Manufacturer | Product |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Electromagnetic shield for the <br> ventilation hole | Nitto Industries, Inc. | RSLP series |

- In the case of noise leakage from the gap between the panel enclosure and the door, use electromagnetic shield gasket to fill the gap.

| Item | Manufacturer | Product |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Electromagnetic shield <br> gasket | Kitagawa Industries, Inc. | UC series |
|  | Nippon Zipper Tubing, Inc. | 65 TS series |

- Using a grounding strap to connect the metal plate and the door to the panel enclosure itself may achieve better grounding.

| Item | Manufacturer | Product |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Grounding strap | Kitagawa Industries, Inc. | FGM series |



Figure A3.37 Example of Installation Measures

## (4) Considerations on Cable Routing

Signal cables that are connected to the FA-M3 carry harmonic components. The signal cable acts like an antenna and emits these harmonic components as noise to the external space and at the same time receives the noise from the external space.
Therefore, it is necessary to use shielded signal cables.
The EMC conformance test of the FA-M3 is conducted using shielded cables and FG clamps.
The considerations that should be observed during cable routing are summarized below. Figure A3.38 illustrates this graphically.

- Of the signal cables connected to this equipment, those that lead out of the panel enclosure should be shielded. 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX cable sections that lead out of the panel enclosure (say, to connect to a HUB) should be shielded.

| Item | Manufacturer | Product |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shielded twisted cable | Fuji Cable Industries, Inc. | FKEV series |
| Shielded flat cable | Oki Cable, Inc. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { SFX-S (**)-7/0.127 } \\ & 3030-S V \text { series } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Daichi Electrical Materials, Inc. | FDS series |
| Shielded 10BASE-T cable Shielded 100BASE-TX cable | Allied Telsis, Inc. | Category V shielded cable |
|  | Sanwa Supply, Inc. | STP cable |
|  | Hitachi Cable, Inc. | HSTP5 4P (without connector) |

- Remove part of the shield on a shielded cable to expose the wire and ground it to the metal plate of the panel enclosure with an FG clamp. When connected to the metal plate in a pig-tail way using a drain wire, it cannot ensure low impedance against harmonic noise and cannot provide sufficient grounding effect (noise shield effect).

| Item | Manufacturer | Product |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FG clamp | Kitagawa Industries, Inc. | FGC series |

- Power supply cables of power supply modules (F3PU30-0S and F3PU36-0S) and YHLS Slave Units (TAH Series) should be fitted with ferrite cores to prevent interference emission.

| Item | Manufacturer | Product |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ferrite core | Kitagawa Industries, Inc. | RFC series |
|  | TDK, Inc. | ZCAT series |
|  | Tokin, Inc. | ESD-SR series |

## TIP

Adopt the following corrective actions if necessary when routing the cables.

- Make the wiring cable as short as possible. This minimizes noise emission from the cable and noise receipt on the cable.
- Fit a ferrite core around signal cables susceptible to noise to reduce the effect of the noise. Ferrite core should be fitted near the cable outlet of the panel enclosure.
- When routing cables that are susceptible to noise, isolate them from cables that are noise sources.


There are several ways to achieve isolation when routing the cables.

- Isolation by distance (Route cables at least 20 cm away from power-motive cables and at least 10 cm away from other cable groups).
- Place a grounded metal plate between the cables.
- Route each cable group through a grounded metal conduit or a shielded tube.
- When inserting a filter on a cable, make sure that wiring before and after the filter is sufficiently far apart. Otherwise, noise may transfer to other cable sections and reduce the effectiveness of the filter.
Pay special attention to the following areas:
- Noise filter inserted in the power supply cable
- Ferrite core fitted around signal cables
- Noise reduction circuits (surge protector circuit, arrestor circuit, etc.) inserted into signal cables
(5) Considerations for 24V DC Power Supply to YHLS Slave Units (TAH Series)
- Use a dedicated 24 V DC power supply for the TAH series. Avoid sharing power with other equipment.
- The power supply should incorporate an internal noise filter.
- A ferrite core should be fitted on the power cable.


Figure A3.38 Example of Routing Measures

## A3.9.2 Low Voltage Directive

(1) Requirements of Low Voltage Directive

The Low Voltage directive is applicable to equipment that operates with a rated voltage between 50 to 1000 V AC or between 75 to 1500 V DC. It requires equipment to be manufactured according to safety considerations and not pose risks of injury or death to personnel, livestock, or damage to property when used in applications for which they are designed.
This section summarizes the considerations to ensure that the FA-M3 conforms to the Low Voltage directive. The installation manufacturer needs to test and confirm the conformity to the Low Voltage directive of the finished product incorporating the FA-M3.

## (2) Applicable Standards of the Low Voltage Directive

 EN61010-1Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use
Part 1: General Requirements

EN 61010-2-030
Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use
Part 2-030: Particular requirements for testing and measuring circuits

The Low Voltage directive is not applicable to modules that operate with a rated voltage of less than 50 V AC or less than 75 V DC. Modules that bear the CE declaration of conformity and fall within the scope of the Low Voltage directive satisfy the requirements of the above standards.
EN 61010-2-030 should be applicable to measuring circuits of measurement equipment, and is applied only to analog input circuits of FA-M3 series.
The analog input terminals of the FA-M3 have no measurement categories. Therefore it can't use for measurement on Mains Circuit.
For details on modules that conform to the CE Marking, see "UL-approved, CE marking, C-Tick mark and KC mark - compliant Modules" (GS 34M06C11-21E)
(3) Installation Considerations

- Use the FA-M3 in an Overvoltage Category II environment. Overvoltage categories are divided into 4 categories depending on the rate of attenuation of surge voltages induced by lightning.
Figure A3.39 shows a conceptual diagram for the overvoltage categories.


Figure A3.39 Concept of Overvoltage Categories

- Use the FA-M3 in an environment of pollution degree 2 or lower with no condensation.

The term pollution degree represents the degree of pollution with foreign matter, solid, liquid or gaseous, that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity in the operating environment of the equipment.
The EN61010-1 applies to equipment that is used in environment of pollution degree 1 or pollution degree 2; the FA-M3 is designed for use in an environment of pollution degree 2 with no condensation.
The definitions for the pollution degree levels are given below.
Pollution degree 1:
No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence.
Pollution degree 2:
Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, temporary conductivity caused by condensation is to be expected.
Pollution degree 3:
Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, nonconductive pollution occurs that becomes conductive due to condensation that is to be expected.

## Pollution degree 4:

The pollution generates persistent conductivity.

- Install the FA-M3 in a metallic panel enclosure.
- Use a metallic panel enclosure which complies with the requirement of EN61010-1.
- Ground the panel enclosure and the metal plate.
- Connect the FG and LG terminal of the power supply module to the metal plate with the shortest route possible.
- As a measure to protect against electric shock, design the door of the panel enclosure such that it can only be opened using a key or special tool, and thus only accessible to authorized personnel with adequate electrical knowledge such as system designers or maintenance personnel.
- When the cable is drawn out of metallic panel enclosure, use a flame-retardant cable of VW-1 class or more.
- Install an external switch or circuit breaker.

As the power supply module of the FA-M3 does not have a built-in power supply switch, design the system with an external switch or circuit breaker which:

- Is compliant with EN60947,
- Can disconnect all current-carrying conductors.
- Is labeled as the power supply switch for the FA-M3 with its ON and OFF positions clearly marked.
- Is installed near the FA-M3, within reach of an operator,
- Is not obstructed by nearby objects such that its operation is hindered, and
- does not disconnect the grounding wire from the FA-M3.
- Use the following external power supply unit to DC power supply modules and I/O modules.
- Output circuit is insulated by double or reinforced insulation from hazardous voltage.
- Overcurrent protection device is installed. If not, attach a fuse or a circuit breaker outside.
(4)Precautions in the withstand voltage test

WARNING
Figure A3.40 shows the insulation block diagram of FA-M3.

- FA-M3 provides protection against electric shock from each hazardous voltage by both basic insulation and protective earth.
- Apply the appropriate test voltage to the equipment incorporating the FA-M3 by referring to Fig.A3.40. Don't apply the excessive test voltage. It causes the trouble.
- In the FA-M3 module which doesn't handle hazardous voltage, the insulations between input-output terminals and internal circuits are functional insulations or non-insulations. In terms of safety standards, all of these insulations are treated as non-insulation. Therefore, in the withstand voltage test, don't apply the test voltage between these blocks.

*1: Protective earth for the AC power supply.
Functional earth for the DC power supply.
*2: L/N is for the AC power supply.
$(+) /(-)$ is for the DC power supply.
*3: The numerical values show the withstanding voltages.
Figure A3.40 Insulation block diagram of FA-M3
(5) Precautions about analog input terminal


## DANGER

Don't use analog input terminals of the FA-M3 for measurement on Mains Circuit, since it has no measurement category.
Maximum transient overvoltage that can be applied to the analog input terminal is $1,000 \mathrm{~V}$.

## Test Runs and Troubleshooting

## A4.1 Test Run Procedure

Figure A4.1 shows the test run flowchart.

$\downarrow$
Supply voltage measurement
$\downarrow$
Power-on test
$\downarrow$
External wiring check
$\downarrow$
Safety circuit check
$\downarrow$

operation
$\downarrow$
Automatic operation

... Check the construction of the control panel and the FA-M3 installation. Check the installation of the individual modules.
... Check cables to ensure that all cables are properly routed and connected to meet the wiring specifications.

The FA-M3 is a delicate electronic device. Special care must be taken ... to avoid damage to the device when checking the insulation of the machine or facility that uses this device.
... Before turning on the power, measure the supply voltage to ensure that it conforms to the given specifications.

Before turning on the power, take all possible measures to minimize ... any damage that might result from faulty wiring. Then, turn the power on and check for problems.

There are two ways to check the external wiring: by using a multimeter
... to examine the cables one at a time, or by actually turning the power on and looking for problems. The latter method may be hazardous for safety reasons and, therefore, require adequate care.

Start the test by checking the operation of safety circuits such as
... emergency-stop circuits and protective circuits which are actuated when the device gets into trouble.

Test each operating mode by stepping through the machine or facility ... with push buttons.

Run each of specific blocks of the machine or facility in the automatic
... mode or run a standalone test on the machine or facility in the
... automatic mode. Then, proceed to full automatic operation of the entire system.
.. Test to make sure that safety circuits actuates and reset normally when anomalies occur in the machine or facility.

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Figure A4.1 Test Run Flowchart

## A4.2 Test Run Precautions

## Attaching and Detaching Connectors and Modules

Be sure to turn off the power before connecting or disconnecting connectors or modules. Removing or replacing connectors or modules with the power on may result in permanent damage to the device.

## Precautions in Modifying Programs

Make a backup copy of programs after modifying them as they may be altered during a test run.

## A4.3 Self-diagnostic Functions <br> A4.3.1 CPU Module Operation at Power-on

Figure A4.2 shows the flowchart of CPU module operation at power-on time.


Figure A4.2 CPU Module Operation Flowchart (for CPU modules other than F3SP66-4S, F3SP67-6S, F3SP71-4N/4S and F3SP76-7N/7S)


Figure A4.3 CPU Module Operation Flowchart (for F3SP66-4S, F3SP67-6S, F3SP71-4N/4S and F3SP76-7N/7S)

## A4.3.2 Fault Identification

The FA-M3 provides means to quickly identify system faults as illustrated in the following figure. This fault identification system is easy to understand because it is hierarchically structured to facilitate fault analysis by checking for faults at each level.


Figure A4.4 Means of Fault Identification

## A4.3.3 Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module

The FA-M3 indicates the presence or absence of failures by the LEDs in the upper section of the CPU module, classifying them into major, moderate and minor failures. Tables A4.1 to A4.3 summarize the failure severity levels and the status of the output module in each case.
See the Fiber-optic FA-bus Module and Fiber-optic FA-bus Type 2 Module, FA-bus Type 2 Module (IM 34M06H45-01E) for details on how the FAIL-signal contact output and output module work if a failure arises in a transmission line, such as a fiber-optic cable, in an application where a fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 module is in use.

Table A4.1 Failure Severity Levels and Status of Output Module
(when the CPU module is F3SP21/25/35 or F3FP36)


Table A4.2 Failure Severity Levels and Status of Output Module (when the CPU module is F3SP22/28/38/53/58/59/66/67/71/76)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Severity Level} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
LED \\
Indication
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Effect} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Probable Cause} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Status of FAIL-signal Contact Output} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Status of Output Module} \\
\hline \& \& \& \& Between FAIL1 and COM \& Between FAIL2 and COM \& Output modules other than F3YD64-1A, F3YD64-1M, F3WD64-xN \& F3YD64-1A, F3YD64-1M, F3WD64-xN, Yxxxxx \({ }^{* 3}\) \\
\hline Major \& Green RDY lamp is off. \& Core hardware is disabled. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
- CPU error \\
- Memory crash
\end{tabular} \& Shorted \& Open \& Default: RESET Can be set on a 16-point basis. \& Setting ignored The status is always HOLD \\
\hline Moderate \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Red ERR \\
lamp is lit.
\end{tabular} \& The user program cannot be started or run any further. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
- Program error \\
- I/O comparison error \({ }^{* 1}\) \\
- I/O module error \({ }^{1}\) \\
- Memory error \\
- SPU error \\
- Instruction error \({ }^{*}\) \\
- Scan timeout \({ }^{\text {1 }}\) \\
- Startup error \\
- Invalid instruction found \\
- Number of I/O points exceeded \\
- ROM pack error \\
- Subroutine error \({ }^{*}\) \\
- Interrupt error \({ }^{* 1}\) \\
- Subunit communication error \({ }^{2}\) \\
- Sensor CB scan timeout \({ }^{* 1}\)
\end{tabular} \& Shorted \& Open \& Default: RESET Can be set on a 16-point basis. \& Default: RESET Can be set on a 16-point basis. \\
\hline Minor \& Yellow ALM lamp is lit. \& The program can still run In spite of a minor failure detected. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
- Momentary power failure \({ }^{*}\) \\
- Inter-CPU communication error \\
- Subunit transmitter switching has occurred \\
- FA link error
\end{tabular} \& Open \& Shorted \& Operation continues. \& Operation continues. \\
\hline \& \(* 1\)
\(*\)
\(*\)
*2:

$*$ \& \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{| The severity level of this error item can be set using the Error-time Action field under Operation Control of the Configuration. Setting the field to "Stop" indicates a moderate failure whilst setting it to "Run" indicates a minor failure. The default value is "Stop" (moderate failure). |
| :--- |
| The severity level of this error item can be set using the Error-time Action field under Operation Control of the Configuration. Setting the field to "Stop" indicates a moderate failure whilst setting it to "Run" indicates a minor failure. The default value is "Run" (minor failure). |
| Output relays (Yxxxxx) of the advanced modules. |
| When supply voltage abnormality is detected, output modules behave differently depending on whether the standard mode or immediate detection mode is selected. Behaviors during momentary power failure in each mode are as follows: |} <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

|  | Status of FAIL-signal Contact Output |  | Status of Output Module |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage <br> Abnormality <br> Detection mode | Between FAIL1 and | Between FAIL2 and | Output modules <br> other than | F3YD64-1A, |
|  | COM | COM | F3YD64-1A, | F3YD64-1M, |
|  |  |  | F3YD64-1M, | F3WD64-xN, |
|  |  | F3WD64-xN | Yxxxx *3 |  |

## CAUTION

- If you want to reset the contacts of an output module in the event of a major or moderate sequence CPU module failure, do the following: Use an output module with 32 or less points and set the Output When Stopped field under "Input/Output Setup" of the Configuration to "RESET". (For F3SP22/28/38/53/58/59/66/67/71/76 modules, F3YD64-1F, F3YD64-1P, F3YD64-1R, F3WD64-xF and F3WD64-xP modules can also be used.)
- If you want to hold the contacts of an output module in the case of a major or moderate sequence CPU module failure, set the Output When Stopped field under "Input/Output Setup" of the Configuration to "HOLD". The behavior is independent of the type of CPU module or output module.

Table A4.3 Failure Severity Levels and LED Indications
(when the CPU module is F3BP20 or F3BP30)

| Severity Level | LED Indication | Effect | Probable Cause | Status of FAIL-signal Contact Output |  | Status of Output Module |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Between FAIL1 and COM | Between <br> FAIL2 <br> and COM | Output modules other than F3YD64-1A, F3YD64-1M, F3WD64-xN | F3YD64-1A, F3YD64-1M, F3WD64-xN, Yxxxxx ${ }^{*}$ |
| Major | Green RDY lamp if off. | Key hardware is disabled. | - CPU error <br> - Memory crash | Shorted | Open | Default: HOLD Can be set on a 8-point basis. (in a CONTROL statement) | Cannot be set The status is always HOLD |
| Moderate | Red ERR lamp is lit. | The user program cannot be started or run any further. | - Program error <br> - I/O module error ${ }^{* 1}$ <br> - BASIC error stop (no ON ERROR) <br> - Startup error <br> - Invalid instruction found <br> - Number of I/O points exceeded <br> - ROM pack error <br> - Subroutine error ${ }^{* 1}$ <br> - Interrupt error ${ }^{* 1}$ <br> - Subunit communication error | Open | Shorted | Cannot be set The status is always HOLD | Cannot be set The status is always HOLD |
| Minor | Yellow ALM ${ }^{* 1}$ lamp is lit. | The program can still run In spite of a minor failure detected. | - Momentary power failure ${ }^{* 3}$ <br> - l/O module error (during interrupt processing) | Open | Shorted | Operation continues | Operation continues |
| *1: The yellow ALM LED is also lit when the FA-M3 is in Debug mode. <br> *2: Output relays ( $\mathrm{Y} x \mathrm{xxxx}$ ) of the advanced modules. <br> *3: When supply voltage abnormality is detected, output modules behave differently depending on whether the standard mode or immediate detection mode is selected. Behaviors during momentary power failure in each mode are as follows: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Supply Voltage Abnormality Detection mode | Status of FAIL-signal Contact Output |  | Status of Output Module |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Between FAIL1 and COM | Between FAIL2 and COM | Output modules other than F3YD64-1A, F3YD64-1M, F3WD64-xN | F3YD64-1A, F3YD64-1M, F3WD64-xN, Yxxxxx ${ }^{2}$ |
| Standard mode | Open | Shorted | Hold | Hold |
| Immediate detection mode | Shorted | Open | Reset | Hold |

## A4.4 Troubleshooting Procedure

If an error condition occurs, take note of the current situation and symptom, then troubleshoot the problem according to the flowchart shown in Figure A4.5 considering the relationship with the other devices and the reproducibility of the error condition.


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Figure A4.5 Troubleshooting Flowchart

## A4.5 CPU Module Reset and Memory Clearance

## (1) For the F3SP66, F3SP67, F3SP71 and F3SP76

## - Reset

- Using the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3: Select [Online]-[Extended Functions]-[Reset Start] from the menu bar. For details, refer to the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3 (IM 34M06Q16-पロE). The operations can also be carried out using the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField2 for F3SP66-4S and F3SP676S.
- Using the smart access function: Execute the Press \& Hold operation (with MODE switch value $=0,1,2$ or 3 ) of the rotary switch function, or execute a Reset CPU command of the card batch file function.
For details, refer to the Sequence CPU - Functions (for F3SP66-4S, F3SP67-6S) (IM 34M06P14-01E) or the Sequence CPU Instruction Manual - Functions (for F3SP71-4N/4S, F3SP76-7N/7S) (IM 34M06P15-01E).
- Using the FTP function (for F3SP66/F3SP67, F3SP71-4S and F3SP76-7S only): Execute the Reset CPU command of the virtual directory function. For details, refer to the Sequence CPU - Network Functions (for F3SP66-4S, F3SP67-6S) (IM 34M06P14-02E) or the Sequence CPU Instruction Manual - Functions (for F3SP71-4N/4S, F3SP76-7N/7S) (IM 34M06P15-01E). F3SP714 N and F3SP76-7N do not support the virtual directory function.


## - Memory clearance

Select [Online]-[Extended Functions]-[Clear Devices] from the menu bar of the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3.
For details, refer to the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3 (IM 34M06Q16-पםE).
The operations can also be carried out using the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField2 for F3SP66-4S and F3SP67-6S.

## - Restoring factory settings

Execute the Press \& Hold operation (with MODE switch value $=\mathrm{C}$ ) of the rotary switch function.
For details, refer to the Sequence CPU - Functions (for F3SP66-4S, F3SP67-6S) (IM 34M06P14-01E) or the Sequence CPU Instruction Manual - Functions (for F3SP71-4N/4S, F3SP76-7N/7S) (IM 34M06P15-01E).

## TIP

- Restoring the factory settings when the rotary switch function is disabled by
using function removal (for F3SP66/67/71/76)

The Press \& Hold operation cannot be used to restore the factory settings when the rotary switch function is disabled by using function removal.
If this situation happens, follow the instructions given below.

Set the rotary switch (MODE switch) to C, install a sequence CPU module in the 5th or higher slot, and turn on the power. After making sure the RDY lamp comes on, turn off the power. This restores the factory settings.

Executing the above-mentioned procedure without setting the rotary switch (MODE switch) to C clears information other than the project and CPU properties information stored in the internal ROM.

## (2) For the F3SP22, F3SP28, F3SP38, F3SP53, F3SP58 and F3SP59

Select [Online]-[Extended Functions] from the menu bar of the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField, WideField2 or WideField3.
For details, refer to the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField (IM 34M06Q14-01E), the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField2 (IM 34M06Q15-01E) or the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3 (IM 34M06Q16-ロロE). F3SP22-0S supports only the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3.

## (3) For the F3SP21, F3SP25 and F3SP35

Use the Operation Setup menu of the Ladder Diagram Support Program M3.
For details, refer to the Ladder Diagram Support Program M3 (IM 34M06Q13-01E).
The operations can also be carried out using the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField, WideField2 or WideField3 for F3SP21-0N, F3SP25-2N, and F3SP35-5N modules.

## (4) For the F3BP20-0N and F3BP30-0N BASIC CPU

- User area : Initialization using the NEW command.
- Common area : Initialization using the INIT COM statement.
- Own CPU shared register area : Initialization using the INICOMM3 library.

For details on the above-mentioned command, statement and library, refer to the BASIC CPU Modules and YMBASIC/FA Programming Language (IM 34M06Q22-01E).

TIP
Methods of memory clearance when the FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3 is not available (for F3SP21/22/25/28/35/38/53/58/59 only)
If you mistakenly configure the baud rate of the CPU port to 19200 bps when running the Ladder Diagram Support Program M3 on an earlier version of the PC98 series of personal computers that does not support that baud rate, the communication link is disabled and the program becomes no longer usable.

If this situation happens, follow the instructions given below.
Install a sequence CPU module in the 5th or higher slot and turn on the power. After making sure the RDY lamp has gone out momentarily and then comes on again, turn off the power. This clears the CPU memory completely, and restores the module to its factory setting.

## A5. Maintenance and Inspection <br> A5.1 Replacing Modules

## Spare Modules

Always have spare modules on hand for immediate countermeasures against failures in the FA-M3.

## Procedure for Replacing a Module

Be sure to turn off the power before replacing any module. When replacing a module, do not change the type and location of the module.


Figure A5.1 Module Replacement Procedure

## Note the module replacement

Perform the following checks before replacing a module when there is an error:

- Check whether the load conforms to the specifications.
- Check whether the surge protector, if any, is functioning normally.
- Check for cabling errors such as wrong polarity orientation of a diode.


## CAUTION

The FA-M3 will fail again after replacing any module when there is a problem with the external wiring, no surge protector is installed or a diode is connected in the reverse polarity. Be sure to solve problems with the external equipment before replacing the module.

## A5.2 Routine Inspection

Routine inspection comprises the minimum level of checks used to determine whether any fault might occur in the day's operation. Observing these procedures properly will enable you to maintain stable FA-M3 operation.

| Category | Check item | Criterion |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply | Are the voltage fluctuations within the specified limits when measured at the power supply terminals? | Limits | F3PU10-0N <br> F3PU10-0S <br> F3PU20-0N <br> F3PU20-0S <br> F3PU30-0N <br> F3PU30-0S | 85 to 264 V AC |
|  |  |  | F3PU16-0N <br> F3PU26-0N <br> F3PU36-0N <br> F3PU36-0S | 15.6 to 31.2 V DC |
| Input/output power supply | Are the voltage fluctuations within the specified limits when measured at the I/O terminal block. | As per the specifications for the individual input/output module. |  |  |
| Environment | Is the ambient temperature (inside the panel enclosure) normal? | 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
|  | Is the ambient humidity (inside the panel enclosure) normal? | 10 to $90 \%$ RH (non-condensing) |  |  |
|  | Is there any accumulation of dust? | Must be free of dust. |  |  |
| Mounting state | Is each module secured? | Must be secured firmly. |  |  |
|  | Are all cable connectors fully fitted and secured in place? | Must be secured firmly. |  |  |
|  | Are there any loose external cable screws? | Must be secured firmly. |  |  |
|  | Are there any cuts or nicks in the external cables? | Must be free of visible flaws. |  |  |

## Tools Required for Inspection

- Philips and flat-blade screwdrivers
- Multi-meter or digital voltmeter
- Thermometer
- Humidity gauge


## Appendix A1 System-wide Restrictions on Module Installation

Restrictions on module installation include a limitation on the number of modules that can be installed in the system as a whole, in addition to a limitation on the number of respective CPU and I/O modules that can be installed. This appendix explains how to check whether or not your system complies with system-wide restrictions on module installation.

## Appendix A1.1 Checking Compliance with Restrictions on Module Installation

List the CPU and I/O modules you will use and follow the procedure shown in Appendix Figure A1.1 to check whether or not your system complies with each restriction. System operation is not guaranteed unless your system satisfies all of these restrictions.


Appendix Figure A1.1 Flow of Procedure for Checking Restrictions on Module Installation

Refer to Appendix Tables A1.1 and A1.2 when checking each of the restrictions.
Appendix Table A1.1 Number of Slots Occupied and Number of I/O Points Supported by Each CPU Module

| Module Description | Model | Number of <br> Slots <br> Occupied | Number of <br> l/O Points <br> Supported |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | F3SP21-ON | 1 | 2048 |
|  | F3SP22-0S | 1 | 4096 |
|  | F3SP25-2N | 1 | 4096 |
|  | F3SP35-5N | 1 | 8192 |
|  | F3SP28-3N | 1 | 4096 |
|  | F3SP38-6N | 1 | 8192 |
|  | F3SP53-4H | 1 | 4096 |
|  | F3SP58-6H | 1 | 8192 |
|  | F3SP28-3S | 1 | 4096 |
|  | F3SP38-6S | 1 | 8192 |
|  | F3SP53-4S | 1 | 4096 |
|  | F3SP58-6S | 1 | 8192 |
|  | F3SP59-7S | 1 | 8192 |
|  | F3SP66-4S | 1 | 4096 |
|  | F3SP67-6S | 1 | 8192 |
|  | F3SP71-4N | 1 | 4096 |
|  | F3SP76-7N | 1 | 8192 |
|  | F3SP71-4S | 1 | 4096 |
|  | F3SP76-7S | 1 | 8192 |
|  | F3FP36-3N | 1 | 4096 |
| BASIC CPU module | F3BP20-0N | 1 | - |
|  | F3BP30-0N | 1 | - |

Appx．A1－3
Appendix Table A1．2 Number of Slots Occupied and Number of I／O Points Supported by Each I／O Module and its Function Specifications（1／2）

| Module Description | Model | Number of Slots ccupied | Number of $/ 0$ Points Supported | Size of Data Area | Size of Basic CPU＇s Work Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Memory card module | F3EM01－0N | 1 | 64 | 0 | \＄110 |
| Input module | F3XA08－7N | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3XA16－1N | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3XH04－3N | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3XC08－0口 | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3XD08－6口 | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3XD16－口ᄆ | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3XD32－口ᄆ | 1 | 32 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3XD64－प口 | 1 | 64 | 0 | \＄50 |
| Output module | F3YA08－2N | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3YC08－0N | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3YC16－0N | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3YD04－7N | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3YD08－口口 | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3YD14－5D | 1 | 16 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3YD32－1口 | 1 | 32 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3YD64－1ロ | 1 | 64 | 0 | \＄50 |
| I／O module | F3WD64－口口 | 1 | 64 | 0 | \＄50 |
| Analog input module | F3AD04－0］ | 1 | 0 | 2 | \＄110 |
|  | F3AD08－口口 | 1 | 0 | 2 | \＄110 |
| Analog output module | F3DA02－口口 | 1 | 0 | 2 | \＄110 |
|  | F3DA04－口ᄆ | 1 | 0 | 2 | \＄110 |
|  | F3DA08－口ᄆ | 1 | 0 | 2 | \＄110 |
| High－speed data acquisition module | F3HA08－0N | 1 | 64 | 8 | \＄110 |
| Temperature control／monitoring module | F3CT04－0N | 2 | 64 | 4 | \＄110 |
|  | F3CR04－1N | 2 | 64 | 4 | \＄110 |
| PID control module | F3CV04－1N | 2 | 64 | 4 | \＄110 |
| Temperature control and PID module | F3CU04－0口 | 1 | 64 | 2 | \＄110 |
|  | F3CU04－1D | 2 | 64 | 2 | \＄110 |
| Temperature monitoring module | F3CX04－0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \＄110 |
| ASi Master module | F3LA01－0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \＄110 |
| PROFIBUS－DP Interface module | F3LB01－0N | 1 | 64 | 4 | \＄110 |
| Personal computer link module | F3LC11－1F | 1 | 64 | 2 | \＄110 |
|  | F3LC11－1N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \＄110 |
|  | F3LC11－2口 | 1 | 64 | 2 | \＄110 |
|  | F3LC12－1F | 1 | 64 | 4 | \＄110 |
| Ethernet interface module | F3LE01－0T | 1 | 64 | 16 | \＄110 |
|  | F3LE01－5T | 1 | 64 | 16 | \＄110 |
|  | F3LE11－0T | 1 | 64 | 16 | \＄110 |
|  | F3LE12－0T | 1 | 64 | 16 | \＄110 |
| YHLS master module | F3LH02－0N | 1 | 64 | 4 | \＄110 |
|  | F3LH01－1N | 1 | 64 | 4 | \＄110 |
|  | F3LH02－1N | 1 | 64 | 4 | \＄110 |
| FL－net（OPCN－2）interface module | F3LX02－1N | 1 | 64 | 16 | \＄110 |
| NX interface module | F3NX01－口N | 1 | 64 | 16 | \＄110 |
| GP－IB communication module | F3GB01－0N | 1 | 64 | 8 | \＄110 |
| UT link module | F3LC51－2N | 1 | 64 | 8 | \＄110 |
| RS－232－C communication module | F3RS22－0N | 1 | 0 | 2 | \＄110 |
| RS－422－A communication module | F3RS41－0N | 1 | 0 | 2 | \＄110 |
| Ladder communication module | F3RZ81－0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | 0 |
|  | F3RZ81－0F | 1 | 64 | 4 | 0 |
|  | F3RZ82－0F | 1 | 64 | 4 | 0 |
|  | F3RZ91－0口 | 1 | 64 | 2 | 0 |
| DeviceNet interface module | F3LD01－0N | 1 | 64 | 4 | \＄110 |
| FA link H module | F3LP02－0N | 1 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| Fiber－optic FA link H module | F3LP12－0N | 1 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| Fiber－optic FA－bus module | F3LR01－0N | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fiber－optic FA－bus type 2 module | F3LR02－0N | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| FA－bus type 2 module | F3LR02－1W | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| High－speed counter module | F3XP01－0H | 1 | 64 | 0 | \＄50 |
|  | F3XP02－0H | 1 | 64 | 0 | \＄50 |
| Pulse input module | F3XS04－口N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \＄110 |

＊1：Input and output modules with 4， 8 and 14 points are all regarded as having 16 points．

Appendix Table A1.2 Number of Slots Occupied and Number of I/O Points Supported by Each I/O Module and its Function Specifications (2/2)

| Module Description | Model | Number of Slots Occupied | Number of I/O Points Supported ${ }^{*}$ | Size of Data Area | Size of Basic CPU's Work Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioning module (with multi-channel pulse output) | F3YP04-0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \$110 |
|  | F3YP08-0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \$110 |
|  | F3YP14-0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \$110 |
|  | F3YP18-0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \$110 |
|  | F3YP22-0P | 1 | 64 | 4 | \$110 |
|  | F3YP24-0P | 1 | 64 | 4 | \$110 |
|  | F3YP28-0P | 1 | 64 | 4 | \$110 |
| Positioning module (advanced model with pulse output) | F3NC11-0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \$110 |
|  | F3NC12-0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \$110 |
| Positioning module (with pulse output) | F3NC32-0N | 1 | 64 | 4 | \$110 |
|  | F3NC34-0N | 1 | 64 | 4 | \$110 |
| Positioning module (with analog voltage output) | F3NC51-0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \$110 |
|  | F3NC52-0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \$110 |
| Positioning module (for torque control) | F3NC61-0N | 1 | 64 | 2 | \$110 |
| Positioning module (with MECHATROLINK-II interface) | F3NC96-0N | 1 | 64 | 8 | \$110 |
| Positioning module (with MECHATROLINK-III interface) | F3NC97-0N | 1 | 64 | 8 | \$110 |

*1: Input and output modules with 4, 8 and 14 points are all regarded as having 16 points.

## Appendix A1.2 Restrictions due to the Number of Slots

Determine the total sum W of slots occupied by all modules excluding the power supply, fiber-optic FA-bus, fiber-optic FA-bus type 2, and FA-bus type 2 modules. Then check that the value of W complies with restrictions placed by the maximum number of slots.
The maximum number of slots varies depending on the types of CPU modules used and their combinations.

If F3SP21/22/25/28/35/38/53/58/59/66/67/71/76, F3FP36, F3BP20 and F3BP30 modules are used in combination, a maximum of 7 subunits can be added to the system.

- When F3SP21/22/25/28/35/38/53/58/59/66/67/71/76, F3FP36, F3BP20, and F3BP30, modules are used in combination, the maximum number of slots amounts to 120 . This number is only effective however, when 16 -slot base modules are used with both the main unit and each subunit, and the seven subunits are connected in a daisy-chain or loop topology through fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 and FA-bus type 2 modules.


## TIP

If subunits are divided into groups using fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 modules, the total number of slots may become smaller than the value noted above depending on the mode of such division. For more information on the calculation of the total sum, see the Fiber-optic FA-bus Module and Fiber-optic FAbus Type 2 Module, FA-bus Type 2 Module (IM 34M06H45-01E).

## Appendix A1.3 Restrictions due to the Size of Data Area

Determine the total size M of the data area provided by all I/O modules (i.e., modules excluding the power supply and CPU modules). Then check that the value of M complies with restrictions placed by the maximum size of data area. The total size of data area M varies depending on the order in which I/O modules are installed. Consider system configuration in advance, including the number of subunits, unit number and I/O modules' installation locations, according to your application needs.

## - Restrictions due to the size of data area are defined as

$\mathrm{M} \leq 112+32 \times(4-\mathrm{n})$, where $\mathrm{n}=$ the number of CPU modules.
The values 112 and 32 here are the limits due to the function specifications of the CPU modules.

## - Calculation Procedure

Sum up the sizes of data areas in sequence for all I/O modules, starting from slot 1 of the main unit up to slot 16 of the 7 th subunit to determine the total size M . If there is any I/O module with a data-area size of 4,8 or 16 , then round up the running total for the data area sizes to the nearest multiple of 4,8 or 16 before you add the size of that I/O module.

Example:
If the system is configured with the following modules, the total data area M is 56 .

(1) Calculation for an I/O Module with Data-area Size of 4

Round up the running total for the data-area sizes to the nearest multiple of 4 , and then add 4.
In this example, round up 6 to 8, and then add 4 to obtain 12.
(2) Calculation for an I/O Module with Data-area Size of 16

Round up the running total for the data-area sizes to the nearest multiple of 16 , and then add 16.
In this example, round up 12 to 16 , and then add 16 to obtain 32.
(3) Calculation for an I/O Module with Data-area Size of 8

Round up the running total for the data-area sizes to the nearest multiple of 8, and then add 8.
In this example, round up 34 to 40 , and then add 8 to obtain 48 .
TIP
The total size of data area $M$ varies depending on the order in which modules are installed. If the initial system configuration fails to comply with any given restriction, try changing the order in which modules are installed by serially installing I/O modules of the same data-area size, for example. This strategy may achieve compliance with the restriction.

## Example:

If the system is configured with the following modules, the total size of data area M is 56 .


The total size of data area reduces to 44 if you rearrange the I/O modules as shown below.


## Appendix A1.4 Restrictions due to Type of CPU Module

## Appendix A1.4.1 For Sequence CPU Module Type

Determine the total sum R of I/O points provided by I/O modules allocated to the sequence CPU module. Then check that the value of R complies with restrictions placed by the maximum number of I/O points. The I/O modules allocated to the CPU module refer to those that are actually installed and set to the Use option of the Configuration menu. If two or more CPU modules are installed, check each of them for compliance.

- When the CPU module is F3SP21
$R \leq 2048$
- When the CPU module is F3SP22/25/28/53/66/71 or F3FP36
$R \leq 4096$
- When the CPU module is F3SP35/38/58/59/67/76
$\mathrm{R} \leq 8192$


## SEE ALSO

For details on the allocation of I/O modules, see FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3 (IM 34M06Q16xxE), FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField2 (IM 34M06Q15-01E), FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField (IM 34M06Q14-01E) or Section 6.6, "Entering Configuration Items," in the Ladder Diagram Support Program M3 (IM 34M06Q13-01E).

## Appendix A1.4.2 For BASIC CPU Module Type

Determine the total sum D of work areas provided by I/O modules for the BASIC CPU module to which the I/O modules are allocated. Then check that the value of D complies with restrictions due to the size of the BASIC CPU's work area. The I/O modules allocated to the CPU module refer to those whose use is declared by the ASSIGN statement in the BASIC program. Be careful when determining the total sum D of the BASIC CPU's work area since the work areas are in hexadecimal.

## - When the CPU module is F3BP20 or F3BP30

## D $\leq \$ 2900$

The value $\$ 2900$ is limited by the function specifications of the CPU module.

## SEE ALSO

For details on the allocation of I/O modules, see Section B7.3, "Declaration of Use of I/O Modules" in the "BASIC CPU Modules and YM-BASIC/FA Programming Language" (IM 34M06Q22-01E).

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## FA-M3

Hardware Manual

## B1. System Configuration <br> B1.1 System Configuration

## Basic Configuration

The FA-M3 Value version (F3SC21-1N) consists of the following components.

- F3BU04-0N base module
- F3SP05-0P sequence CPU module with a power supply and memory
- F3WD64-3N I/O module

Should the FA-M3 Value version fail, it can be fixed by replacing the failed module only. Install the F3SP05-0P sequence CPU module in the leftmost slot of the F3BU04-0N base module and the F3WD64-3N I/O module in slot 2 . The remaining slots 3 and 4 are reserved for a variety of I/O modules available for use with the FA-M3 series.
A slot number consists of three digits of which the third digit is the unit number. The unit number 0 is allocated to the main unit.


Figure B1.1 Slot Numbering

## ■ Concept of Unit

## - Main Unit

A unit in which the F3SP05-0P sequence CPU module is installed is referred to as a main unit. Consequently, the F3SC21-1N itself serves as the main unit.

## - Subunit

Subunits are used to increase the number of I/O ports. A maximum of seven subunits can be added to the Value version of the FA-M3 system to deal with up to 2048 I/O points.

## - Increasing the Number of I/O Points Using Fiber-optic FA-bus Modules

You can install fiber-optic FA-bus or FA-bus type 2 modules in both main and subunits and connect them with fiber-optic cables. This enables the distributed arrangement of remote I/O points, increase in the number of I/O points, and control of I/O modules via high-speed, noise-immune communication. The fiber-optic FA-bus or FA-bus type 2 module may be installed in either slot 3 or slot 4 .

## TIP

- Example of increasing the number of I/O points using FA-bus type 2 modules

As with fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 modules, the number of I/O points can be increased using FA-bus type 2 modules.

FA-bus type 2 modules use shielded twisted-pair cables for the connection between subunits.

## CAUTION

- F3SP05-OP included in FA-M3 Value (F3SC21-1N) is not CE Marking compliant.
- For compliance to CE Marking of the final product, FA-M3 Value II (F3SC23-xx), which incorporates F3SP08-SP, must be used.


## B1.2 Restrictions on Module Installation

## B1.2.1 Restrictions on Module Location

In the case of the F3SC21-1N, install the F3SP05-0P in slot 1 and the F3WD64-3N in slot 2. The remaining slots 3 and 4 are reserved for a variety of I/O modules available for use with the FA-M3 series. No CPU module can be installed in slots 3 and 4. For restrictions on the installation of I/O modules, including subunits, refer to Section A1.2, "Restrictions on Module Installation," as they are equivalent to the restrictions specified for the F3SP21-0N module discussed in that section.

## B1.2.2 Restrictions due to Current Consumption

Make sure when designing your system that the total sum of current consumed by modules installed in slots 3 and 4 does not exceed the following calculated value. See section A2.9, "Module Current Consumption Tables".
Current-supply capacity of the F3SP05-0P module $=2000 \mathrm{~mA}$
Current consumption by the CPU of the F3SP05-0P module $=350 \mathrm{~mA}$
Current consumption of the F3BU04-0N module $=50 \mathrm{~mA}$
Current consumption of the F3WD64-3N module $=200 \mathrm{~mA}$
Consequently, the total amount of current available from slots 3 and 4 is
$2000-350-50-200=1400 \mathrm{~mA}$

## B1.3 Peripheral Tools Supporting the Program Development of FA-M3

You can conveniently create and debug your programs on your personal computer.

- FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3 or WideField2 - FA-M3 ToolBox

BASIC Programming Tool M3 for Windows


Figure B1.2 Support Tools

## B2. Specifications and Configuration

## B2.1 Specifications

## Common Specifications

| Item |  |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage range |  |  | 100 to 240 VAC, single phase $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Range of supply voltage change |  |  | 85 to $264 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 3 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Power consumption |  |  | 35 VA |
| Insulation resistance |  |  | $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. when tested between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal using a 500 VDC insulation resistance tester |
| Withstanding voltage |  |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal |
| FAIL-signal contact output |  |  | Located on the front terminal block of power supply module; contact ratings: 24 V DC, 0.3 A <br> (Equipped with both normally-open and normally-closed terminals) |
| Leakage current |  |  | 3.5 mA max. |
| Allowable momentary power failure time |  |  | 20 ms |
| Noise immunity |  |  | Tested using a noise simulator with a noise voltage of $1500 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$, pulse width of $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, rise time of 1 ns , and repetition frequency of 25 to 60 Hz . |
| Vibration resistance |  |  | Tested in compliance with JIS C0040 under the following conditions: <br> - Frequency ranges: $\quad 10$ to 57 Hz with an amplitude of 0.075 mm <br> 57 to 150 Hz with an acceleration of $9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}(1 \mathrm{G})$ <br> - Direction and sweep cycles: 10 times each in the $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions |
| Shock resistance |  |  | Tested in compliance with JIS C0041 under the following conditions: <br> - Direction and sweep cycles: 3 times each in the $X, Y$, and $Z$ directions with an acceleration of 147 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ <br> ( $98 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ with DIN-rail mounting) |
| Surrounding air temperature range |  |  | Operating : 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  | Storage : $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Surrounding humidity range |  |  | Operating : 10 to 90\% RH (non-condensing) |
|  |  |  | Storage : 10 to 90\% RH (non-condensing) |
| Surrounding atmosphere |  |  | Must be free of corrosive gases, flammable gases or heavy dust. |
| Grounding |  |  | Protective earth (Comply with the regulation of each country.) |
| Cooling method |  |  | Natural-air cooled |
| Mounting |  |  | Direct mounting with 4 M4-size set screws ${ }^{1}$ or $35-\mathrm{mm}$ wide DIN-rail mounting |
| Structure |  |  | Designed for mounting inside a panel enclosure |
| Altitude of installation |  |  | Max. of 2000 m above sea level |
| Compliance with safety and EMC standards *2 | UL |  | UL508 approved, File No.E188707 (Overvoltage Category*3 II, Pollution Degree ${ }^{* 4}$ 2) |
|  | CE | EMC <br> Directive | EN 61326-1 Class A, Table 2 (For use in industrial locations) <br> EN 61326-2-3+5 <br> EN 55011 Class A, Group 1 <br> EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3 compliance |
|  | C-Tick | EMC Framework | EN 55011 Class A, Group 1 compliance EN 61326-1 Class A, Table 2 (For use in industrial locations) compliance |
|  | KC | EMC <br> Regulations | Korea Electromagnetic Conformity Standard (한국 전자파적합성기준) compliance |
| Finish color |  |  | Light cobalt blue, equivalent to Munsell 6.2PB 4.6/8.8; lampblack, equivalent to Munsell 0.8 Y 2.5/0.4 |
| External dimensions |  |  | $147(\mathrm{~W}) \times 100(\mathrm{H}) \times 88.5(\mathrm{D})(\mathrm{mm})$ <br> For more information, see the dimensional figures in Section A2.11, "External Dimensions," for the case where an F3BU04-ON module is used |

*1: For details on the number of mounting screws, see subsection A3.2.2, "Mounting Dimensions".
*2: For details on conforming modules, see "UL-approved, CE marking, C-Tick mark and KC mark - compliant Modules" (GS 34M06C11-21E) general specification brochure.
*3: The term Overvoltage Category involves prescriptions on resistance to surge voltage reduction due to lightning and has four categories. Overvoltage Category II applies to systems with a rated voltage of 220/230/240 V and applies to electrical appliances, portable devices, etc.
*4: The term Pollution Degree represents the degree of pollution with foreign matter, solid, liquid or gaseous, that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity in the operating environment of the equipment. Pollution degree 2 refers to an environment where normally only non-conductive pollution occurs but occasionally temporary conductivity caused by condensation is to be expected.
*5: EN61326-2-3 is applicable only to F3CU04-0S and F3CU04-1S.

## Model and Specification Code

| Model | Basic <br> Specification Code | Style <br> Code | Specification <br> Code Suffix | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| F3SC21 | -1 N | $\ldots . .$. | $\ldots . .$. | FA-M3 Value <br> (with base, power supply, sequence CPU, DI/O (F3WD64-3N) modules <br> installed) |

Note: F3SC21-1N is no longer available.

## B2.2 System Configuration

## B2.2.1 Components

The FA-M3 Value version (F3SC21-1N) consists of the following components.

- F3BU04-0N base module
- F3SP05-0P sequence CPU module with a power supply and memory
- F3WD64-3N I/O module

For details on the specifications of the F3BU04-0N and F3WD64-3N modules and other components, see their respective relevant sections.

## B2.3 Sequence CPU Module

## B2.3.1 Overview

The F3SP05-0P sequence CPU module with a power supply and memory contains a power supply equivalent to the F3PU10-0N power supply module. This section explains the specifications of this built-in power supply block. Details on the sequence CPU block are explained in the "Sequence CPU - Functions (for F3SP21, F3SP25, F3SP35)" (IM 34M06P12-02E).

## B2.3.2 Power Supply Block of F3SP05-0P Module

## - Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Supply voltage range | 100 to 240 VAC, single phase $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Supply voltage fluctuation <br> range | 85 to $264 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 3 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Current consumption | 35 VA |
| Inrush current | $20 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{max}.\left(120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> $45 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{max}.\left(240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Fuse | 1 A time--lag fuses <br> (Built into the L and N terminals and cannot be replaced.) |
| Rated output voltage | 5 VDC |
| Rated output current | 2.0 A |
| Insulation resistance | $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. when tested between a group of external AC terminals and <br> the FG terminal using a 500 VDC insulation resistance tester |
| Withstanding voltage | 1500 VAC for one minute between a group of external AC terminals and <br> the FG terminal |
| Leakage current | 3.5 mA max. |
| Allowable momentary power <br> failure time | 20 ms |
| External dimensions | 58 (W) $\times 100$ (H) $\times 83.2$ (D) (mm) ${ }^{*}$ |
| Weight | $320 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{(including} \mathrm{the} \mathrm{sequence} \mathrm{CPU} \mathrm{block)}$ |

*: Including the sequence CPU block but excluding protrusions (see the dimensional figures for more information)

## Model and Specification Code

| Model | Basic <br> Specification <br> Code | Style Code | Specification <br> Code Suffix | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F3SP05 | $-0 P$ | $\ldots \ldots$ | $\ldots .$. | Sequence CPU Module <br> (with power supply and memory modules <br> installed) Memory 5K step |

Note: F3SP05-0P is no longer available.

## Components and Their Functions

Figure B2.1 shows the power supply block of the F3SP05-0P with its cover removed.


Figure B2.1 F3SP05-0P Sequence CPU Module

## - Terminal dimensions (all values in mm)



- Adaptable crimp-on terminal

| Vendor | Model | Compatible Conductor | Crimping Torque |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { AWG22 to } 18 \\ \left(0.33 \text { to } 0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \\ \text { (Copper wire) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \\ (7.1 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Nippon Tanshi Co., Ltd. | RAV1.25-3.5 |  |  |
| Japan Solderless <br> Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M4 |  |  |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V2-M4 | AWG16 to 14 $\left(1.3\right.$ to $\left.2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ $($ Copper wire $)$ |  |

## CAUTION

When crimping terminals, be sure only to use the tool specified by each terminal manufacturer.

DANGER
To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.

## CAUTION

LG terminal has a half potential of the input power supply voltage when LG terminal isn't connected to FG terminal.

## B2.3.3 External Dimensions



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## FA-M3 <br> Hardware Manual <br> Part C FA-M3 Value II (F3SC22-xx, F3SC23-xx)

IM 34M06C11-01E 23th Edition

## C1. System Configuration <br> C1.1 System Configuration

## Basic Configuration

The FA-M3 Value II (F3SC22-xx, F3SC23- xx) consists of the following components.
See Figure C1.1 for the available models with their respective module configurations.

- F3BU04-ON base module
- F3SP08-0P sequence CPU module with power supply (with M3.5 screws) and memory
- F3SP08-SP sequence CPU module with power supply (with M4 screws) and memory
- F3WD32-3F I/O module
- F3WD64-3F I/O module
- F3WD64-3P I/O module
- F3WD64-4P I/O module
- F3XD16-3F input module
- F3YD14-5A output module

Should the FA-M3 Value II fail, it can be fixed by replacing the failed module only. Install the F3SP08-xP sequence CPU module in the leftmost slot of the F3BU04-0N base module and the other I/O modules in slot 2 (or slots 2 and 3 ). The remaining slots 3 and 4 (or only slot 4) are reserved for a variety of I/O modules available for use with the FA-M3 series.
A slot number consists of three digits of which the third digit is the unit number. The unit number 0 is allocated to the main unit.




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Figure C1.1 Module Configuration and Slot Numbering

## ■ Concept of Unit

## - Main Unit

A unit in which the F3SP08-0P or F3SP08-SP sequence CPU module is installed is referred to as a main unit. Consequently, the F3SC22-xx or F3SC23-xx itself serves as the main unit.

## - Subunit

Subunits are used to increase the number of $I / O$ ports. A maximum of seven subunits can be added to the Value II of the FA-M3 system to deal with up to 2048 I/O points.

## Increasing the Number of I/O Points Using Fiber-optic FA-bus Modules

You can install fiber-optic FA-bus or FA-bus type 2 modules in both main and subunits and connect them with fiber-optic cables. This enables the distributed arrangement of remote I/O points, increase in the number of I/O points, and control of I/O modules via high-speed, noise-immune communication. The fiber-optic FA-bus or FA-bus type 2 module may be installed in either slot 3 or slot 4.

## TIP

- Example of increasing the number of I/O points using FA-bus type 2 modules

As with fiber-optic FA-bus type 2 modules, the number of I/O points can be increased using FA-bus type 2 modules.
FA-bus type 2 modules use shielded twisted-pair cables for the connection between subunits.

## C1.2 Restrictions on Module Installation

## C1.2.1 Restrictions on Module Location

Install the F3SP08-0P sequence CPU in slot 1 for the F3SC22-xx, and install the F3SP08-SP sequence CPU module in slot 1 for the F3SC23- xx. Install the other specified component modules in slot 2 (or slots 2 and 3). You may install FA-M3 I/O modules in the remaining slots. You may not install a CPU module in the remaining slots.
For restrictions on the installation of I/O modules, including subunits, refer to Section A1.2, "Restrictions on Module Installation," as they are equivalent to the restrictions specified for the F3SP21-0N module discussed in that section.

## C1.2.2 Restrictions due to Current Consumption

Make sure when designing your system that the total sum of current consumed by any modules installed in the remaining slots does not exceed the following calculated value. See section A2.9, "Module Current Consumption Tables".

## - Total Amount of Current Available from the Remaining Slots

| F3SC22-1F/F3SC23-1F | 1500 mA |
| :--- | :--- |
| F3SC22-2F/F3SC23-2F/F3SC23-2P/F3SC23-6P | 1400 mA |
| F3SC22-1A/F3SC23-1A | 1415 mA |


| Current-supply Capacity, Current Consumption of each Module |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| F3SP08-0P/F3SP08-SP | Current-supply Capacity of Power Supply Unit | 2000 mA |
| F3SP08-0P/F3SP08-SP | Current Consumption of CPU Unit | 350 mA |
| F3BU04-0N | Current Consumption | 50 mA |
| F3WD32-3F | Current Consumption | 100 mA |
| F3WD64-3F | Current Consumption | 200 mA |
| F3WD64-3P | Current Consumption | 170 mA |
| F3WD64-4P | Current Consumption | 170 mA |
| F3XD16-3F | Current Consumption | 65 mA |
| F3YD14-5A | Current Consumption | 120 mA |

Therefore, the total amount of current available from the remaining slots is the currentsupply capacity of the power supply unit ( 2000 mA ) less the current consumption of all pre-installed modules.

## C1.3 Peripheral Tools Supporting the Program Development of FA-M3

You can conveniently create and debug your programs on your personal computer.

- FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3 or WideField2
- FA-M3 ToolBox
- BASIC Programming Tool M3 for Windows


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Figure C1.2 Support Tools

## CAUTION

Before using F3SP08-SP, you should set the CPU type to F3SP08-0P on the Change CPU Type/Properties screen of the WideField3, WideField2 or ToolBox software.

# C2. Specifications and Configuration <br> C2.1 Specifications 

## Common Specifications

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Item} \& Specifications \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Supply voltage range} \& 100 to 240 VAC, single phase \(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Range of supply voltage change} \& 85 to \(264 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 3 \mathrm{~Hz}\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Power consumption} \& 35 VA \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Insulation resistance} \& \(5 \mathrm{M} \Omega\) min. when tested between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal using a 500 VDC insulation resistance tester \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Withstanding voltage} \& 1500 V AC for one minute between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{FAlL-signal contact output} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Located on the front terminal block of power supply module; contact ratings: 24 V DC, 0.3 A \\
(Equipped with both normally-open and normally-closed terminals)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Leakage current} \& 3.5 mA max. \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Allowable momentary power failure time} \& 20 ms \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Noise immunity} \& Tested using a noise simulator with a noise voltage of \(1500 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}\), pulse width of \(1 \mu \mathrm{~s}\), rise time of 1 ns , and repetition frequency of 25 to 60 Hz . \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Vibration resistance} \& Tested in compliance with JIS COO40 under the following conditions:
- Frequency ranges: \(\quad 10\) to 57 Hz with an amplitude of 0.075 mm

- Direction and sweep cycles: 10 times each in the $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions <br>

\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Shock resistance} \& | Tested in compliance with JIS C0041 under the following conditions: |
| :--- |
| - Direction and sweep cycles: 3 times each in the $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions with an acceleration of 147 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| ( $98 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ with DIN-rail mounting) | <br>

\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{Surrounding air temperature range}} \& Operating : 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br>
\hline \& \& \& Storage : $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{Surrounding humidity range}} \& Operating : 10 to 90\% RH (non-condensing) <br>
\hline \& \& \& Storage : 10 to 90\% RH (non-condensing) <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Surrounding atmosphere} \& Must be free of corrosive gases, flammable gases or heavy dust. <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Grounding} \& Protective earth (Comply with the regulation of each country.) <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Cooling method} \& Natural-air cooled <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Mounting} \& Direct mounting with 4 M4-size set screws*1 or 35-mm wide DIN-rail mounting <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Structure} \& Designed for mounting inside a panel enclosure <br>
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Altitude of installation} \& Max. of 2000 m above sea level <br>
\hline \multirow{5}{*}{Compliance with safety and EMC standards *2} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{UL} \& UL508 approved File No.E188707 (Overvoltage Category*3 II, Pollution Degree ${ }^{* 4}$ 2) <br>

\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{CE} \& | EMC |
| :--- |
| Directive | \& | EN 61326-1 Class A, Table 2 (For use in industrial locations) |
| :--- |
| EN 61326-2-3 ${ }^{+5}$ |
| EN 55011 Class A, Group 1 |
| EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3 compliance | <br>

\hline \& \& Low Voltage Directive \& EN 61010-1 compliance (only for F3SC23-xx) (Overvoltage Category ${ }^{* 3}$ II, Pollution Degree ${ }^{* 4} 2$ ) <br>

\hline \& C-Tick \& | EMC |
| :--- |
| Framework | \& | EN 55011 Class A, Group 1 compliance |
| :--- |
| EN 61326-1 Class A, Table 2 (For use in industrial locations) compliance | <br>


\hline \& KC \& | EMC |
| :--- |
| Regulations | \& Korea Electromagnetic Conformity Standard (한국 전자파적합성기준) compliance <br>

\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Finish color} \& Light cobalt blue, equivalent to Munsell 6.2PB 4.6/8.8; lampblack, equivalent to Munsell 0.8 Y 2.5/0.4 <br>

\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{External dimensions} \& | $147(\mathrm{~W}) \times 100(\mathrm{H}) \times 88.5(\mathrm{D})(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| :--- |
| For more information, see the dimensional figures in Section A2.11, "External Dimensions," for the case where an F3BU04-0N module is used | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

*1: For details on the number of mounting screws, see subsection A3.2.2, "Mounting Dimensions."
*2: For details on conforming modules, see "UL-approved, CE marking, C-Tick mark and KC mark - compliant Modules" (GS 34M06C11-21E) general specification brochure.
*3: The term Overvoltage Category involves prescriptions on resistance to surge voltage reduction due to lightning and has four categories. Overvoltage Category II applies to systems with a rated voltage of 220/230/240 V and applies to electrical appliances, portable devices, etc.
*4: The term Pollution Degree represents the degree of pollution with foreign matter, solid, liquid or gaseous, that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity in the operating environment of the equipment. Pollution degree 2 refers to an environment where normally only non-conductive pollution occurs but occasionally temporary conductivity caused by condensation is to be expected.
*5: EN61326-2-3 is applicable only to F3CU04-0S and F3CU04-1S.

## Model and Specification Code

| Model | Basic <br> Specification Code | Style <br> Code | Specification <br> Code Suffix | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| F3SC22 | -1 A | $\ldots \ldots$. | $\ldots \ldots$. | FA-M3 Value II <br> (with base, power supply (with M3.5 screws), sequence CPU, DI/O <br> (F3XD16-3F, F3YD14-5A modules installed) |
|  | $-1 F$ | $\ldots . .$. | $\ldots . .$. | FA-M3 Value II <br> (with base, power supply (with M3.5 screws), sequence CPU, DI/O <br> (F3WD32-3F) modules installed) |
|  | $-2 F$ | $\ldots \ldots$. | $\ldots \ldots$. | FA-M3 Value II <br> (with base, power supply (with M3.5 screws), sequence CPU, DI/O <br> (F3WD64-3F) modules installed) |

Note: F3SC22- $\square \square$ is no longer available.

| Model | Basic <br> Specification Code | Style <br> Code | Specification Code Suffix | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F3SC23 | -1A | ...... | ...... | FA-M3 Value II (with base, power supply (with M4 screws), sequence CPU, DI/O (F3XD16-3F and F3YD14-5A) modules installed) |
|  | -1F | ...... | ...... | FA-M3 Value II (with base, power supply (with M4 screws), sequence CPU, DI/O (F3WD32-3F) modules installed) |
|  | -2F | ..... | ...... | FA-M3 Value II (with base, power supply (with M4 screws), sequence CPU, DI/O (F3WD64-3F) modules installed) |
|  | -2P | ...... | ..... | FA-M3 Value II (with base, power supply (with M4 screws), sequence CPU, DI/O (F3WD64-3P) modules installed) |
|  | -6P | $\ldots$ | ..... | FA-M3 Value II (with base, power supply (with M4 screws), sequence CPU, DI/O (F3WD64-4P) modules installed) |

Note: F3SC23-2F is no longer available.

## C2.2 System Configuration

C2.2.1 Components
The FA-M3 Value II (F3SC22-xx, F3SC23- xx) consists of the following components. See Figure C1.1 for the available models with their respective module configurations.

- F3BU04-0N base module
- F3SP08-0P sequence CPU module with power supply (with M3.5 screws) and memory
- F3SP08-SP sequence CPU module with power supply (with M4 screws) and memory
- F3WD32-3F I/O module
- F3WD64-3F I/O module
- F3WD64-3P I/O module
- F3WD64-4P I/O module
- F3XD16-3F input module
- F3YD14-5A output module

For details on the specifications of the F3BU04-0N, F3WD64- xx, F3XD16-3F, F3YD14-5A modules and other components, see their respective relevant sections.
We describe here the F3SP08-0P, F3SP08-SP and F3WD32-3F modules, which are specific to the FA-M3 Value II (F3SC22- xx, F3SC23- xx).

## CAUTION

Before using F3SP08-SP, you should set the CPU type to F3SP08-0P on the Change CPU Type/Properties screen of the FA-M3 WideField3, WideField2 or ToolBox software.

## C2.3 Sequence CPU Module

## C2.3.1 Overview

The F3SP08-0P (or F3SP08-SP) sequence CPU module with a power supply and memory contains a power supply equivalent to the F3PU10-0N (or F3PU10-0S) power supply module. This section explains the specifications of this built-in power supply block. Details on the sequence CPU block are explained in the instruction manual "Sequence CPU - Functions (for F3SP21, F3SP25 and F3SP35)" (IM 34M06P12-02E).

## C2.3.2 Power Supply Block of F3SP08-0P and F3SP08-SP Module

## Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage range | 100 to 240 V AC, single phase $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Supply voltage fluctuation range | 85 to 264 V AC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 3 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Current consumption | 35 VA |
| Inrush current | 20 A max. (120V AC, $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) <br> 45 A max. (240V AC, $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Fuse | 1 A time-lag fuses (Built into the L and N terminals and cannot be replaced.) |
| Rated output voltage | 5 VDC |
| Rated output current | 2.0 A |
| Insulation resistance | $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. when tested between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal using a 500 VDC insulation resistance tester |
| Withstanding voltage | 1500 V AC for one minute between a group of external AC terminals and the FG terminal |
| Leakage current | 3.5 mA max. |
| Allowable momentary power failure time | 20 ms |
| External dimensions | $58(\mathrm{~W}) \times 100(\mathrm{H}) \times 83.2(\mathrm{D})(\mathrm{mm})^{*}$ |
| Weight | 320 g (including the sequence CPU block) |

*: Including the sequence CPU block but excluding protrusions (see the dimensional figures for more information)

## Model and Specification Code

| Model | Basic <br> Specificat <br> ion Code | Style Code | Specification <br> Code Suffix | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| F3SP08 | $-0 P$ | $\ldots .$. | $\ldots \ldots$ | Sequence CPU Module <br> (with power supply and memory modules <br> installed) <br> Memory: 10K step <br> Power supply terminal screw: M3.5 |$\quad$| -SP | $\ldots . .$. | $\ldots .$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sequence CPU Module <br> (with power supply and memory modules <br> installed) <br> Memory: 10K step <br> Power supply terminal screw: M4 |  |  |

Note: F3SP08-0P is no longer available.

Note: F3SP08-0P is no longer available.

## Components and Their Functions

Figure C2.1 shows the power supply block of the F3SP05-0P with its cover removed.


Figure C2.1 F3SP08-0P and F3SP08-SP Sequence CPU Module

- Terminal dimensions (all values in mm)

F3SP08-0P


F3SP08-SP


- Adaptable crimp-on terminal

| Vendor | Model | Compatible Conductor | Compatible Modules and Crimping Torque |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | F3SP08-0P | F3SP08-SP |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M3 | AWG22 to 18 ( 0.33 to $0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) (Copper wire) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \\ & (7.1 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}) \end{aligned}$ | May not be used |
| Nippon Tanshi Co., Ltd. | RAV1.25-3.5 |  |  |  |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V1.25-M4 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1.2 } \mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{~m} \\ (10.6 \mathrm{lbf} \cdot \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Japan Solderless Terminal Mfg Co., Ltd. | V2-M4 | AWG16 to 14 (1.3 to $2.1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) (Copper wire) |  |  |

## CAUTION

When crimping terminals, be sure only to use the tool specified by each terminal manufacturer.

## DANGER

To avoid electrical shock, turn off the power before wiring.

## CAUTION

LG terminal has a half potential of the input power supply voltage when LG terminal isn't connected to FG terminal.

## C2.3.3 External Dimensions

F3SP08-0P/ F3SP08-SP



## CAUTION

- F3SP08-0P and F3SP08-SP have exactly the same dimensions, internal circuitry and other characteristics, except that F3SP08-0P uses M3.5-screw terminals while F3SP08-SP uses M4-screw terminals.
- F3SP08-0P is not CE Marking compliant. F3SP08-SP is CE Marking compliant.
- For compliance to CE Marking of the final product, FA-M3 Value II (F3SC23-Dロ), which incorporates F3SP08-SP, must be used.


## C2.4 F3WD32-3F Input/Output Module

- Input Block

| Item |  | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | F3WD32-3F |
| Input type |  | DC voltage |
| Number of points |  | 16 |
| Common line type |  | 8 points/common |
| Isolation method |  | Photocoupler isolation |
| Withstanding voltage |  | 1500 V AC for one minute between the group of terminals for external connection and the internal circuit |
| Rated input voltage |  | 24 V DC |
| Operating voltage range |  | 20.4 to 26.4 V DC |
| Rated input current |  | $4.1 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point ( 24 V DC) |
| Input impedance |  | $5.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Operating voltage/current | ON | 16.0 V DC min 3.2 mA min |
|  | OFF | 5.8 V DC max $0.9 \mathrm{~mA} \max$ |
| Response time | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ | can be specified as 2 ms max. or 17 ms |
|  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ OFF | can be specified as 3.5 ms max. or 18.5 ms |
| Interrupt |  | None |
| Dissipating current |  | 100 mA (5V DC) (including the output block) |
| Input display |  | LED (Lit when inputs are turned on) |
| External connection |  | One 40-pin connector (shared with the output block) |
| Weight |  | 100 g (including the output block) |
| Maximum ratio of inputs turned on simultaneously |  | 100\% |

- Output Block

*1: A surge protector is also required on the load side if an inductive load such as a relay is to be connected. See subsection A3.6.5, "Connecting to Output Devices."
*2: The contact operation of the output block of the circuit and the LED display operate independently and thus may be inconsistent in the event of an error.
*3: For information on the module's behavior during a CPU failure, see subsection A4.3.3, "Indicating Problem Severity and Status of Output Module."


## - Front View

F3WD32-3F


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## ■ Input/Output Module

- Internal Circuit Configuration
- External Connection Diagram


Note: Viewed from the front side of the module.

## - Operating Environment

This module can be used with the following CPU modules.

- F3SP08-0P
- F3SP08-SP
- Model and Specification Code

| Model | Basic <br> Specification <br> Code | Style <br> Code | Specification <br> Code Suffix | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F3WD32 | $-3 F$ | $\cdots \cdots$ | $\ldots \ldots$ | 24 V DC Input/Output |

## - External Dimensions



Unit:mm


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## FA-M3

## Hardware Manual

## IM 34M06C11-01E 23th Edition

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Wire ......A2-14, A2-16, A2-18, A2-20, A3-22, A3-26

## Revision Information

Document Name: Hardware Manual
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| Edition | Date | Revised Item |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1st | Dec. 1992 | New publication |
| 2nd | Oct. 1992 | Addition of modules |
| 3rd | Nov. 1994 | Addition of modules |
| 4th | Sep.1999 | Addition of explanations on support of CE Mark; correction of typographical errors |
| 5th | July 2000 | Support of F3SP28, 38,53 and CPUs |
| 6th | May 2001 | Additional information and errata on additional modules and CE marking |
| 7th | Oct. 2001 | Addition of Part C FA-M3 Value II (F3CS22-ロロ). <br> Change in grounding standard to support revision of clause 10 of the Electrical <br> Equipment Technical Standard. <br> Partial amendment of EMC compliance specifications. <br> Change the vibration resistance and shock resistance standard specification to <br> support new specifications since JIS C0911 and C0912 has been abolished. <br> Correction of errors. |
| 8th | Apr. 2002 | Addition of modules |
| 9th | Oct. 2002 | Addition of modules. Correction of errors. |
| 10th | Apr. 2003 | Addition of KM65 fiber-optic cable. Correction of errors. |
| 11th | July 2003 | Addition of modules. Correction of errors. |
| 12th | Apr. 2004 | Addition of modules. Correction of errors. Addition of explanation on compliance <br> with EN61010.1: 2001. |
| 13th | Dec. 2004 | Addition of modules. Addition of corresponding descriptions to specifications. |
| 14th | Apr. 2005 | Addition of modules. |
| 15th | Nov. 2005 | Addition of modules. |
| 16th | May 2006 | Addition of modules. |
| 17th | Jun. 2007 | Addition of modules. |
| 18th | Jan. 2008 | Addition of modules. |
| 19th | Apr. 2009 | Additional information according to WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC). Addition of <br> modules. Incorporation of addendum contents. |
| 20th | Oct. 2009 | CE compliance. Incorporation of addendum contents. |
| 21st | Oct. 2010 | UL compliance. Terminology change. Incorporation of addendum contents. |
| 22th | Jan. 2012 | Addition of modules. Correction of errors. |
| 23th | Oct. 2013 | Ed.3, Addition of modules. |


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[^0]:    *: $\quad$ Select the immediate detection mode from the "CPU Configuration" menu. For more details, refer to "FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField" (IM 34M06Q14-01E), "FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField2" (IM 34M06Q15-01E) or "FA-M3 Programming Tool WideField3" (IM 34M06Q16-xx E). For details on the modes of detecting power failures supported by the F3BP20, F3BP30 BASIC CPU module, refer to the BASIC CPU Modules and YM-BASIC/FA Programming Language (IM 34M06Q22-01E).

